

# Discovery RT, Discovery CT590RT and Optima CT580

Pre-Installation

Operating Documentation



5366636-1EN

Revision 23

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## Effectivity:

The information in this manual applies to the following GE Healthcare CT Scanners:

- Discovery RT



- Discovery CT590RT / Optima CT580



The information in this manual does NOT apply to non-fixed (mobile) installations.

## Language Policy

### DOC0371395 - Global Language Procedure

ПРЕДУПРЕЖДЕНИЕ (BG)	Това ръководство е налично само на китайски (ZH-CN), английски, френски, немски, японски, корейски, полски, португалски (PT-BR), руски, испански и виетнамски. Ако доставчикът на услуги на даден клиент изисква език, който е различен от тези езици, отговорност на клиента е да предостави преводачески услуги.
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警告 (ZH-HK)	本手冊僅提供中文 (ZH-CN)、英文、法文、德文、義大利文、日文、韓文、波蘭文、葡萄牙文 (PT-BR)、俄文、西班牙文及越南文版本。如客戶的服務供應商需要這些語言以外的版本，則相關客戶有責任提供有關的翻譯服務。
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## Damage in Transportation

All packages should be closely examined at time of delivery. If damage is apparent, have notation "damage in shipment" written on all copies of the freight or express bill before delivery is accepted or "signed for" by a General Electric representative or a hospital receiving agent. Whether noted or concealed, damage MUST be reported to the carrier immediately upon discovery, or in any event, within 14 days after receipt, and the contents and containers held for inspection by the carrier. A transportation company will not pay a claim for damage if an inspection is not requested within this 14 day period.

To file a report:

- Call 1-800-548-3366 and use option 6.
- Fill out the GIQ workflow for any items missing, damaged, OBF/FOI for in process installs: [http://supportcentral.ge.com/ProcessMaps/form\\_new\\_request.asp?prod\\_id=268679&form\\_id=573167&node\\_id=1916016&map\\_id=&ref%20erence\\_id=&reference\\_type](http://supportcentral.ge.com/ProcessMaps/form_new_request.asp?prod_id=268679&form_id=573167&node_id=1916016&map_id=&ref%20erence_id=&reference_type)
- Contact your local service coordinator for more information on this process.

Rev. Nov. 10, 2017

## Certified Electrical Contractor Statement

All electrical installations that are preliminary to positioning of the equipment at the site prepared for the equipment shall be performed by licensed electrical contractors. In addition, electrical feeds into the Power Distribution Unit shall be performed by licensed electrical contractors. Other connections between pieces of electrical equipment, calibrations and testing shall be performed by qualified GE Medical personnel. The products involved (and the accompanying electrical installations) are highly sophisticated, and special engineering competence is required. In performing all electrical work on these products, GE will use its own specially trained field engineers. All of GE's electrical work on these products will comply with the requirements of the applicable electrical codes.

The purchaser of GE equipment shall only utilize qualified personnel (i.e., GE's field engineers, personnel of third-party service companies with equivalent training, or licensed electricians) to perform electrical servicing on the equipment.

## IMPORTANT ... X-Ray Protection

X-ray equipment if not properly used may cause injury. Accordingly, the instructions herein contained should be thoroughly read and understood by everyone who will use the equipment before you attempt to place this equipment in operation. The General Electric Company, Medical Systems Group, will be glad to assist and cooperate in placing this equipment in use.

Although this apparatus incorporates a high degree of protection against x-radiation other than the useful beam, no practical design of equipment can provide complete protection. Nor can any practical design compel the operator to take adequate precautions to prevent the possibility of any persons carelessly exposing themselves or others to radiation.

It is important that anyone having anything to do with x-radiation be properly trained and fully acquainted with the recommendations of the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements as published in NCRP Reports available from NCRP Publications, 7910 Woodmont Avenue, Room 1016, Bethesda, Maryland 20814, and of the International Commission on Radiation Protection, and take adequate steps to protect against injury.

The equipment is sold with the understanding that the General Electric Company, Medical Systems Group, its agents, and representatives have no responsibility for injury or damage which may result from improper use of the equipment.

Various protective materials and devices are available. It is urged that such materials or devices be used.

## Lithium Battery Cautionary Statements

### CAUTION



RISK OF EXPLOSION.

Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.

Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

### WARNING



DANGER D'EXPLOSION

Il y a danger d'explosion s'il y a remplacement incorrect de la batterie.

Remplacer uniquement avec une batterie du même type ou d'un type recommandé par le constructeur. Mettre au rebut les batteries usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

## Omissions & Errors

Customers, please contact your GE Sales or Service representatives.

GE personnel, please use the Healthcare PQR Process to report all omissions, errors, and defects in this publication.

## Revision History

Revision	Date	Reason for change
1	Oct 10, 2009	Initial release.
2	Dec 18, 2009	<b>Chapter 4:</b> Updated Figure 4-1 Regulatory Clearance Requirements and Figure 4-3 Minimum Service Clearances. <b>Chapter 5:</b> Updated Figure 5-1 Sample Room Layout, showing approximate EMI requirements.
3	Apr 13, 2010	Update the Manual's title due to 8 slice phase in.
4	Aug 23, 2010	<b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 2.0: Updated Total system heat consumption on Table 5-1.

5	Dec 02, 2010	<b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 2.2: Updated (average) power demand at maximum duty cycle to 30kVA per LSD feedback.
6	Jul 14, 2011	<b>Chapter 2:</b> Deleted minimum concrete floor thickness for High Capacity Table is 127 mm (5") note. <b>Chapter 3:</b> Deleted this chapter. <b>Chapter 5:</b> Updated Figure 5-2 Typical Floor Anchor, Table (High Capacity Table) Added Figure 5-10 NIO16 Console Center-of-Gravity. <b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 10.0: Added NIO16 Console Considerations. <b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 3.0: Added System Interconnect Diagram with NIO16 Console; Section 5.0: Added 2218570-4 BOM Fuse Kit.
7	Nov 09, 2011	<b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 3.0: Added Table 8-3 GE Supplied Cables (Standard Run) (2281840-14)- UL Information and Table 8-5 GE Supplied Cables (Optional, Long Run) (2281840-13)- UL Information, based on SPR HCSDM00107061.
8	Feb 23, 2012	<b>Chapter 1:</b> Section 4.0: Updated 4.1 General Scope for IEC3 requirements.
9	Nov 19, 2012	<b>Chapter 3:</b> Section 2.2.4: Added the Note for storage cabinet as option. <b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 3.3: Updated Table 8-7 for NIO console cables information.
10	Mar 15, 2013	Change table name from "GT650lbs to High capacity table" on whole manual according to RA requirements. <b>Chapter 3:</b> Section 4.2: Updated GT1700 and High capacity Table values; Section 7.0: Updated head and body scatter plot. <b>Chapter 4:</b> Section 2.0: Updated Table 4-1 cooling requirement. <b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 7.0: Updated door opening values per service feedback.
11	Jun 18, 2013	<b>Chapter 3:</b> Section 4.2.2 Updated table dimension on Figure 3-10 and 3-11. <b>Chapter 4:</b> Section 5.0: Added Section 5.0 for System Component Noise Levels per program requirement. <b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.0: Updated GT1700 Table weight to 453kg on Table 5-1 per Uehara's mail; Section 2.0: Updated GT1700 table dimension on Figure 5-5. <b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 8.0: Updated GT1700 Table weight to 453kg on Table 6-2 and Table 6-3 per Uehara's mail.
12	Sep 16, 2013	<b>Chapter 3:</b> Section 2.2.1 Added Gantry Service Clearance per global service requirement; Section 4.2.7 Added Smart Workspace Desk information. <b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.0 Added table (SWS) weight and size on Table 5-1. <b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 6.0 Corrected PDU information on Table 8-13.
13	Nov 04, 2013	<b>Chapter 7:</b> Section 3.0 Updated purchasable option transformer BCAT# on Table 7-2.
14	Oct 10, 2014	<b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.0 Updated Table Weight Table 5-1. <b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 1.0 Added rigging statement per global requirement. <b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 3.0 Added Long and Short Cable Kit for new power pan phase in.
15	Jun 02, 2015	<b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.1 Added new anchor (5487992-2) information on this section. <b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 4.2 Updated door opening value.
16	Aug 20, 2015	Add Product Name for Discovery RT. <b>Chapter 5:</b> Update anchor information according to DOC1687529.

17	Mar 02, 2017	<p><b>Chapter 1:</b> Section 3.0 Updated Pre-Installation Checklist according to DOC1809666_r2.</p> <p><b>Chapter 3:</b></p> <p>Section 1.0 Update Figure 3-1 Regulatory Clearance Requirement for gantry left side.</p> <p>Section 3.0 Add note for minimum room requirement.</p> <p>Section 4.0 Updated OC minimum clearances to wall from 6 in. to 4 in.</p> <p>Section 5.0 Update Floor Strength to delete 28 days requirement.</p> <p>Section 6.0 Added host computer rear ports figure for Z840.</p> <p><b>Chapter 4:</b> Section 5.0 Added Operator Console Noise level information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.0 Updated Table 5-1 System Floor Loading.</p> <p><b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 7.1 Updated Storage relative humidity according to SRS (DOC1019695_r10); Section 8.0 Updated system to temperatures or humidity outside of the following specifications according to SRS (DOC1019695_r10).</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b> Section 3.0 Updated NIO16 Console Cables.</p>
18	Aug 15, 2017	<p><b>Chapter 5:</b> Section 1.0 Updated OC and Table Net Weight.</p> <p><b>Chapter 6:</b> Section 2.0 Add subsystem packaging dimension.</p>
19	Dec 04, 2018	<p><b>Importation Precautions:</b> Update Damage In Transportation.</p> <p><b>Chapter 1:</b> Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r5.</p> <p><b>Chapter 3:</b></p> <p>Update Table dimensions according to floor template 5164728DDW.</p> <p>Add OpenOC16 dimensions according to console layout 5941604LYO.</p> <p>Update Z840 Host PC port label according to 5413413-3DDW.</p> <p><b>Chapter 5:</b></p> <p>Add OpenOC16 weight for floor loading.</p> <p>Add Anchor Edge Distance Definition.</p> <p>Add OpenOC16 Center-of-Gravity information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 6:</b></p> <p>Add OpenOC16 packaging dimension.</p> <p>Add OpenOC16 delivery considerations.</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b></p> <p>Add System Interconnect Diagram for OpenOC16 Console with Z840.</p> <p>Add OpenOC16 Console Cables.</p> <p>Add new A1 equipment information.</p>
20	Feb 13, 2019	<p><b>Chapter 1:</b> Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r6; Add EMC4.0 information..</p>

21	Nov 06, 2020	<p><b>Chapter 1:</b> Section 3: Update pre-installation list according to DOC1809666_r7.</p> <p><b>Chapter 2:</b> Add system installation-alignment tool (5824714).</p> <p><b>Chapter 3:</b></p> <p>Section 2: Update cabinet size and weight according to cabinet drawing 5112283PSP_r4.</p> <p>Section 3: Update typical control room size from 1702mm to 2736mm; Add long cable kit option information for Control Room Considerations; Add new section for Patient Environment.</p> <p>Section 4: Update system operational clearances.</p> <p>Section 6: Update Z840 PC port label (5413413-3DDW).</p> <p><b>Chapter 5:</b></p> <p>Section 1: Update table with 227kg (500lbs)/295kg (650lbs) from patient to load capacity.</p> <p>Section 2: Update Gantry wide and depth; Update Table Center of Gravity drawings to modify extender size; Update NGPDU and Console seismic information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 7:</b> Section 3: Update Feeder and Sub-feeder wire information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b> Add new 2PH UPS B7999ZB/E4502KZ.</p>
22	Mar 4, 2021	PIM format conversion from FrameMaker (fm) to Astoria (html).
23	Nov 26, 2021	<p><b>Chapter 3:</b> Update tiltbed truck to forklift.</p> <p><b>Chapter 4:</b> Separate Chapter 4 to Appendix.</p> <p><b>Chapter 7:</b> Add drawing of OpenOC with Z8G4 Dimension.</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b> Add drawing of OpenOC with Z8G4 Center-of-Gravity.</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b> Update figures for velocity and acceleration.</p> <p><b>Chapter 8:</b> Update Gantry and Table anchor information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 11:</b> Add RSvP information.</p> <p><b>Chapter 13:</b> Add OpenOC with Z8G4 cable connections.</p> <p><b>Chapter 14:</b> Update tiltbed truck to "NOT Approved".</p>

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# Contents

<b>Effectivity:</b> .....	<b>3</b>
<b>Language Policy</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>Damage in Transportation</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>Certified Electrical Contractor Statement</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>IMPORTANT ... X-Ray Protection</b> .....	<b>7</b>
<b>Lithium Battery Cautionary Statements</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Omissions &amp; Errors</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Revision History</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Chapter 1 Introduction</b> .....	<b>19</b>
1.1 Introduction.....	19
1.1.1 Using Pre-Installation Manual .....	19
1.1.2 Assigning a Site Project Coordinator .....	19
1.1.3 Customer Responsibility.....	19
1.1.4 Roles and Responsibilities.....	20
1.2 What is Pre-Installation? .....	21
1.3 What is Pre-Installation Work?.....	21
1.4 Pre-Installation Tools .....	22
1.5 Pre-Installation Checklist .....	22
<b>Chapter 2 Installation Types</b> .....	<b>27</b>
2.1 How to Determine the Best Installation Type for Your Site .....	27
2.2 Typical Installations .....	27
2.3 Construction Site Installations .....	27
2.3.1 Full Construction Site with Completed Radiology Area.....	28
2.3.2 Full Construction Site with Limited Delivery Access.....	28
2.4 Relocatable Building Installations .....	28
2.5 Upgrade Installations .....	29
2.6 Quick Installations .....	29
2.7 Two-Step (Temporary) Installations .....	30
<b>Chapter 3 System Siting Requirements</b> .....	<b>31</b>
3.1 System Siting Requirements.....	31
3.2 Customer System Siting Requirements .....	31
3.2.1 Regulatory Requirements.....	32
3.2.2 Electrical.....	32
3.2.3 Structural.....	32
3.2.3.1 Dust and Air Quality.....	33

3.2.3.2 Environmental Influences .....	33
3.2.3.3 Finished Floor Requirements .....	33
3.2.3.4 Finished Walls Requirements .....	34
3.2.4 Radiation Protection .....	34
3.2.5 Environmental .....	34
3.2.6 Options .....	34
3.2.7 Clearances .....	34
3.2.8 Network .....	34
3.2.9 Chemical Contamination .....	34
3.2.10 Delivery .....	35
3.3 Site Readiness .....	35
3.3.1 Pre-Installation Delivery Tasks .....	35
3.3.2 Site Review with Customer .....	35
<b>Chapter 4 Regulatory Requirements .....</b>	<b>37</b>
4.1 Regulatory Terms and Definitions .....	37
4.2 Regulatory Clearances .....	38
<b>Chapter 5 Service Clearance Requirements .....</b>	<b>39</b>
5.1 Service Clearance Requirements .....	39
5.2 Service Clearances for Single Service Engineer .....	40
5.2.1 Gantry Service Clearance .....	40
5.2.2 Cover Removal .....	41
5.2.3 Power Distribution Unit (PDU) .....	42
5.2.4 Console .....	42
5.2.5 Storage Cabinet .....	42
<b>Chapter 6 Room Sizes .....</b>	<b>43</b>
6.1 Room Dimensions .....	43
6.1.1 Suggested Room Size .....	43
6.1.2 Typical Room Size .....	43
6.1.3 Minimum Room Size .....	43
6.2 Suggested and Typical Room Layouts .....	44
6.3 Minimum Room Layouts .....	45
6.4 Control Room Considerations .....	48
6.4.1 Typical Console Considerations .....	48
6.4.2 Console Long Cable Option .....	48
6.5 Patient Environment .....	49
6.6 CT Simulation Laser Alignment Systems .....	49
<b>Chapter 7 System Component Dimensions .....</b>	<b>51</b>
7.1 Minimum Operating Clearances .....	51
7.1.1 Ceiling Pedestal Mount Installation .....	51
7.1.2 Injector Control Installation .....	51
7.1.3 System Operational Clearances .....	52

7.2 Component Dimensions .....	53
7.2.1 System Dimensions.....	53
7.2.2 Gantry and Table Dimensions .....	55
7.2.3 Power Distribution Unit Dimensions.....	57
7.2.4 Operator Console Dimensions.....	58
7.2.5 Workspace Table Dimensions .....	62
<b>Chapter 8 Structural and Mounting Requirements .....</b>	<b>65</b>
8.1 Importance of Meeting Structural Requirements.....	65
8.1.1 Levelness, Vibration, and Floor Loading.....	65
8.1.2 Seismic Loading .....	65
8.1.3 Anchoring.....	65
8.2 Ceiling Requirements .....	65
8.2.1 Regulatory Requirements.....	65
8.2.2 Ceiling Requirement for Boom-In-Room .....	66
8.2.2.1 Ceiling Mounted Devices.....	66
8.2.2.2 Pedestal Mounting Plate (Supplied by Customer) .....	66
8.2.2.3 Pedestal Height Requirement.....	69
8.2.2.4 Junction Box Mounting Plate .....	69
8.3 Minimum Floor Requirements.....	71
8.3.1 Floor Levelness Specification.....	71
8.3.1.1 Critical Specifications .....	71
8.3.1.2 Floor Levelness Guidelines .....	71
8.3.1.3 Measuring Floor Levelness.....	72
8.3.2 Scan Window .....	75
8.3.3 Floor Vibration Specification.....	75
8.3.3.1 Requirements.....	75
8.3.3.2 Sources of Floor Vibration .....	77
8.3.4 Floor Strength.....	77
8.4 Floor Loading and Component Weights .....	77
8.4.1 Floor Loading and Anchoring Guidelines.....	78
8.4.2 Anchor Edge Distance Definition .....	79
8.5 GE-Supplied Anchoring.....	80
8.5.1 Specifications of GE-supplied Anchors.....	80
8.5.2 Requirements for Using GE-supplied Anchors.....	80
8.6 Seismic Mounting.....	85
8.6.1 Overview .....	85
8.6.2 Center-of-Gravity Information.....	88
<b>Chapter 9 Environmental Requirements .....</b>	<b>97</b>
9.1 Temperature and Humidity Specifications .....	97
9.1.1 Temperature (Scan and Control Rooms).....	97
9.1.2 Humidity (Scan Room & Control Room).....	97
9.1.3 Other Guidelines .....	97
9.2 Cooling Requirements.....	98
9.3 Altitude .....	99

9.4	Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI).....	100
9.4.1	Gantry .....	100
9.4.2	Console / Computer Equipment.....	100
9.4.3	PDU.....	100
9.4.4	UPS .....	100
9.4.5	EMI Reduction.....	100
9.4.6	Equipment EMI "Envelopes" .....	101
9.5	Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) .....	102
9.5.1	General Scope.....	102
9.5.2	Electromagnetic Emission.....	102
9.5.3	Electromagnetic Immunity .....	104
9.5.4	Use Limitation .....	107
9.5.5	Installation Requirements and Environment Control.....	109
9.5.5.1	Environment of Intended Use.....	109
9.5.5.2	Cable Shielding and Grounding.....	110
9.5.5.3	Subsystem & Accessories Power Supply Distribution.....	110
9.5.5.4	Stacked Components & Equipment.....	110
9.5.5.5	Low Frequency Magnetic Field .....	110
9.5.5.6	Static Magnetic Field Limit.....	110
9.5.5.7	Electrostatic Discharge Environment & Recommendations.....	110
9.6	System Component Noise Levels .....	111
<b>Chapter 10 Radiation Protection Requirements .....</b>		<b>113</b>
10.1	Shielding Requirements.....	113
<b>Chapter 11 Network Requirements .....</b>		<b>117</b>
11.1	Network Connections .....	117
11.1.1	Network Type .....	117
11.1.2	Network Speed.....	117
11.1.3	Network Cable Routing.....	117
11.2	Customer Broadband Responsibilities .....	122
11.2.1	Contact GE to Find Zone Broadband Specialist .....	122
11.2.2	Provide GE with IT Contact Information for the Site.....	122
11.3	Digital Service and Connectivity Requirements .....	122
11.3.1	Background .....	122
11.3.2	InSite RSVP Connectivity Requirements .....	123
<b>Chapter 12 Power Requirements .....</b>		<b>125</b>
12.1	Introduction .....	125
12.2	System Input Power .....	125
12.2.1	Power Source Configuration.....	125
12.2.2	Rating.....	125
12.2.3	Regulation.....	126
12.2.4	Phase Imbalance.....	126
12.2.5	Sags, Surges and Transients .....	126
12.2.6	Grounding .....	126

12.2.7 Potential Equalization Conductor IEC 60601-1 Clause 18.e) (Edition 2 Scheme) / IEC 60601-1 Clause 8.6.7 (Edition 3 Scheme).....	126
12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System .....	127
12.3.1 Using a Dedicated Distribution Transformer (Recommended) .....	127
12.3.2 Using an Existing Distribution Transformer .....	127
12.3.3 System Power Requirements.....	127
<b>Chapter 13 Interconnection Data .....</b>	<b>129</b>
13.1 Introduction .....	129
13.2 Component Designators.....	129
13.3 Interconnect Runs, Wiring and Cables.....	130
13.3.1 GE Supplied (Standard Length).....	133
13.3.2 GE Supplied (Optional, Long Run) .....	137
13.3.3 GE Supplied Console Cables.....	141
13.3.4 GE Supplied (Cables of Options) .....	143
13.3.5 Contractor/Customer Supplied .....	145
13.4 Contractor Supplied Components .....	147
13.5 Fuse .....	147
13.6 UPS Interconnect.....	148
13.7 Typical Customer Supplied Wiring.....	150
13.7.1 Primary Power Disconnect.....	150
13.7.2 Scan Room Warning Light and Door Interlock.....	153
<b>Chapter 14 Delivery and Storage Requirements .....</b>	<b>155</b>
14.1 Delivery Types and System Lifting and Rigging Restriction .....	155
14.1.1 Loading Dock Deliveries .....	155
14.1.2 Ground (Non-Loading Dock) Deliveries .....	155
14.1.2.1 Liftgate Truck.....	155
14.1.2.2 Tiltbed Truck - NOT Approved .....	155
14.1.2.3 Forklift Truck.....	156
14.1.2.4 Rigging.....	156
14.2 Delivery to the Scan Suite .....	157
14.2.1 Packing Dimension .....	157
14.2.2 Lifting.....	157
14.2.2.1 Stairway Deliveries .....	157
14.2.3 Floor Protection.....	157
14.2.4 Un-loading and un-packing the System .....	157
14.3 Dollies.....	158
14.3.1 Installations within the United States .....	158
14.3.2 Zero Clearance Dollies .....	158
14.3.3 Tilting Table Dollies.....	158
14.3.4 Installations Outside of the United States.....	158
14.4 Gantry Delivery Considerations.....	158
14.4.1 Gantry Shipping State .....	158

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14.4.2 Door Openings .....	159
14.4.3 Elevator Requirements .....	159
14.5 Table Delivery Considerations .....	160
14.6 Console Delivery Considerations .....	160
14.7 Storage Requirements .....	161
14.7.1 Short-term Storage (Less than Six Months) .....	161
14.7.2 Construction-Site Storage .....	161
14.8 Extreme Temperature Delivery and Storage .....	162
<b>Chapter 15 Handling Requirements .....</b>	<b>163</b>
15.1 Transportation .....	163
15.2 Handling Requirements .....	163
15.2.1 Avoid Dropping .....	163
15.2.2 Avoid Shocks and Vibrations .....	163
15.2.3 Avoid Tipping .....	163
15.2.4 Inclines and Flat-bed Truck Removal .....	164
<b>Appendix A Regulatory Clearances for US .....</b>	<b>165</b>
A.1 Regulations .....	165
A.2 Clearance Requirements .....	165
A.3 Minimum Regulatory Workspace Clearances by Major Subsystem .....	166
A.4 How to Measure .....	170
A.5 NEC Conduit and Duct Fill Rate .....	171

# Chapter 1 Introduction

This document contains the physical and electrical data necessary for planning and preparing a site for system installation. The responsibility of arranging and paying for this work rests solely with the purchaser.

## 1.1 Introduction

### 1.1.1 Using Pre-Installation Manual

This manual is the official source of prerequisites to installing a General Electric (GE) Computed Tomography (CT) system. Topics covered are site planning, site preparation, and the system requirements. This manual is divided into requirements for the customer, the system, the environment and on-site construction. It also includes the importance of addressing the local and national regulatory requirements, which may be specific to your location.

A GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) will be available for specific questions or concerns. The PMI's primary responsibility is to assist the buyer with the siting requirements. This manual is a guide toward the actual installation of your GE CT system. Prior to any construction or installation, GE Headquarters Architectural Planning must approve the completeness of all preliminary concepts, site plans, and final working drawings.

*Pre-installation includes the procurement and installation of ALL requirements, materials, and services necessary for the installation and startup of a CT system.*

### 1.1.2 Assigning a Site Project Coordinator

It is the customers (purchaser) responsibility to assign a site project coordinator. The site project coordinator is the primary contact and liaison between with the construction planners, architects, contractors, and any other site administrative personnel for all site related functions; reporting to the purchaser.

The primary responsibility of the site project coordinator, working closely with GE, is to ensure the purchaser upholds all requirements outlined in this manual. To ensure a successful installation, it is recommended that the site project coordinator manage the entire project from pre-install to final startup, be familiar with all phases of pre-installation and installation of similar medical device construction projects. The site project coordinator should read and understand the contents of this manual and be familiar with the installation procedures.

### 1.1.3 Customer Responsibility

It is the responsibility of the customer to prepare the site in accordance with all the specifications provided in this manual and in conjunction with site-specific drawings and applicable regulations. Consideration should be taken for future expansion during the design phase of the site. It is essential to verify all aspects of the site configuration before construction has begun, as subsequent changes can be costly or impractical.

**Pre-Install Checklist** A detailed pre-installation checklist is provided in this manual. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure all requirements on the checklist are fulfilled and that the site conforms to all specifications and requirements detailed in this manual.

**Planning and Design Work** The customer will select the location of the site. All architectural, mechanical, and electrical drawings associated with the design and planning of the site are the responsibility of the customer. Any alterations or modifications to the drawings or to products not specifically included in the sales contract are the customer's responsibility. The customer shall provide the site project coordinator, a clean and safe work environment including proper lighting, and a level suitably supported structured floor. All floors, walls and ceiling should be in a finished state prior to installation, and all site-construction renovation completed.

**Regulatory Compliance** The customer shall be solely responsible for all regulatory compliance. All work shall comply with national, state and local regulatory and building codes for the location in which the installation occurs. This includes but is not limited to: permits, inspections, radiation licensing, fire control devices, earthquake regulations, international building codes.

**Electrical Requirements** The customer shall be solely responsible for providing all electrical material and service required as outlined and illustrated in this publication. This includes but is not limited to: Installation of all properly-sized junction boxes, outlets with covers, line safety switches, and fittings installed at the locations specified in the site design. Supplying electrical power of the required voltage, all necessary power supply cables and grounds, all necessary power cables and grounds to the PDU, and an Emergency-Off switch in the scan room.

## 1.1.4 Roles and Responsibilities

- **Customer** : Also known as Buyer or Purchaser or End User. This is the entity that has entered into contract with GE to buy the product.
- **GE Salesperson** : Responsible for completing the customer order process. They coordinate the completion of customer order as desired by the customer, for the customer. They are responsible for correcting incorrect orders. Changing orders, coordinating any replacement of damage in shipment items and for resolving missing in shipment issues.
- **GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI)** : Responsibilities include the overall project coordination and site planning of GE products; manages activities cross-functionally with sales, customer, customer contractors, and local field teams to ensure customer site is designed and prepared to accept and install product in the facility.
- **GE Field Engineer** : GE field personnel responsible for the actual assembly, installation, calibration of the product and verification of the proper operation and configuration of the GE product. This may include the physical movement of the system and its subcomponents from the point of delivery to the scan suite.
- **Zone Broadband Specialist** : GE personnel responsible for providing IT expertise and maintaining records of specific network IT connectivity parameters that are required to properly configure the products' connection to the broadband connection provided by the customer.
- **Network IT Personnel** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with or contracted by the customer. Responsible for providing IT expertise necessary to ensure successful network IT connectivity between the GE product and the facility.
- **Qualified Electrician** : Also known as Electrical Contractor. Qualified (Certified by a regulatory agency), In-House individual or entity contracted by the customer. Responsible for electrical connections between customer power source and up to and including the final connection to the GE product.
- **Architectural Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the construction parameters defined by regulatory agencies

and as defined by parameters in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.

- **Structural Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the structural parameters defined by regulatory agencies and as defined by the structural parameters provided in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.
- **HVAC Design Engineer** : Dedicated on site personnel affiliated with the customer or contracted by the customer to manage the details of the air conditioning and air handling parameters defined by regulatory agencies and as defined by parameters in the GE Pre-installation manual for the proper installation of the GE product.
- **Independent Contractor** : Person or entity who contracts to do work for another person according to his or her own processes and methods; the contractor is not subject to another's control except for what is specified in a mutually binding agreement for a specific job. Can be contracted by GE personnel or by the customer for a unique or special task as part of the GE product installation process.
- **Customer provided Project Coordinator** : Dedicated contact person that works with GE Project Manager (PM). Acts as the single point of contact for the customer. Coordinates with all persons or entities contracted by the customer for the successful installation of a GE product.
- **Rigger** : Person, persons or entity hired as an Independent Contractor to perform a specific task related to the movement of GE product from the point of delivery to the scan suit where it will be installed.

## 1.2 What is Pre-Installation?

Pre-installation is any site preparation required prior to the installation of the system. This manual states all pre-installation siting and regulatory requirements. The Pre-Installation Kit may not answer all of your questions, contact your GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for answers. Likewise, prior to any construction or approval, GE Headquarters Architectural Planning must review all CT site plans, preliminary concepts, and final working drawings. Contact your GE Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for complete information regarding your site-specific room layout.

## 1.3 What is Pre-Installation Work?

Pre-Installation work includes:

- Site renovation.
- Alterations or modifications to products not specifically included in the sales contract.
- Installation of electrical conduit, junction boxes, ducts, outlets, and line safety switches.
- Installation of AWG stranded copper interconnection wiring, conforming to the following requirements:
  - The electrical contractor shall ring out and tag all wires at both ends.
  - Wires shall be continuous and without splices.
  - Ground wires shall conform to product requirements.
  - Color-coded wires shall be used whenever possible, to enable easier identification.
- All work shall conform to IBC (International Building Code) and local building and safety codes.

**NOTE**

GE neither provides nor installs the wires, conduits, junction boxes, or ducts illustrated in this publication, unless specifically mentioned.

## 1.4 Pre-Installation Tools

A list of primary customer tools for successfully completing the pre-installation process for a system is described below.

### Customer Pre-Installation Task

- Regulatory and Service Clearance Information
- System Installation and Alignment Tool (P/N 5824714)  
Not included with system, and also available from your PMI/FE from GE tool warehouse. Use this to determine equipment layout and anchoring locations.
- Site Print  
Supplied by your PMI or sales rep. Must show actual room size, location of all equipment in the finished room, all service and operating clearances, and meet all regulatory requirements

### Pre-Installation Manual Guide

Table below shows the location of the information necessary for fulfilling each of the pre-installation requirements.

**Table 1-1 Locations of Site Requirement Information in this manual**

Installation Site Requirement Information	
<a href="#">Chapter 2 Installation Types on page 27</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 3 System Siting Requirements on page 31</a>
<a href="#">Chapter 4 Regulatory Requirements on page 37</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 5 Service Clearance Requirements on page 39</a>
<a href="#">Chapter 6 Room Sizes on page 43</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 8 Structural and Mounting Requirements on page 65</a>
<a href="#">Chapter 9 Environmental Requirements on page 97</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 10 Radiation Protection Requirements on page 113</a>
<a href="#">Chapter 11 Network Requirements on page 117</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 12 Power Requirements on page 125</a>
<a href="#">Chapter 14 Delivery and Storage Requirements on page 155</a>	<a href="#">Chapter 15 Handling Requirements on page 163</a>
Contractors must complete ALL WORK before the scheduled delivery date.	

## 1.5 Pre-Installation Checklist

**Table 1-2 Required Information for Site**

Global Site Readiness Checklist (DI)	
Customer Name:	PMI Name:
GON Number:	Field Service Name:
Equipment:	Country/City or City/State:
Site Visit Date for SRC:	SRC Status:

**Table 1-2 Required Information for Site** (Table continued)

<b>Global Site Readiness Checklist (DI)</b>		
<b>Site Ready Checks for Equipment Delivery to Storage</b>	<b>Requirements Met</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Sufficient & secured storage space is planned with the customer.		
Environmental requirements for storage place are met per GE requirements.		
All permits, plans and permissions received for rigging and/or delivery.		
Rooms that will contain equipment, including staging areas if applicable, are dust free. Precautions must be taken to prevent dust from entering rooms containing equipment.		
Delivery route from truck to installation space has been reviewed, all communications have occurred, arrangements made for special handling (if needed). Floors along delivery route will support weight of the equipment, reinforcements arranged if needed.		
All floors along delivery route will support weight of the equipment, temporary reinforcements arranged if needed.		
<b>Site Ready Checks at Installation</b>	<b>Requirements Met</b>	<b>Comments</b>
EHS Site Requirements Requirements verified at final Site Readiness Checklist completion (Moment in Time)		
Overall access route to the scan room free from obstruction / high hazards.		
Enough space to store tools, equipment, parts, install waste and the general area free from obstruction and trip hazards.		
Enough necessary facilities for the GE employees available.		
No 3rd parties working in the area that may affect the safety of the installation activity.		
Area free from any chemical, gas, dust, welding fume exposure and has painting been completed and dry.		
All emergency routes identified, signed and clear from obstruction.		
Accessible single source lockable panel that LOTO can be applied to for GE equipment installation (MDP and/or PDU).		
There are no other conditions or hazards that you have observed or have been made aware of by the customer or contractors on site.		
Required for Mechanical Install start		
Room dimensions, including ceiling height, for all Exam, Equipment/Technical & Control rooms meets GE specifications.		
Ceiling support structure, if indicated on the GE drawing, is in the correct location and at the correct height according to the Original Equipment Manufacturer specifications.		
Levelness and spacing has been measured, and is ready for the installation of any GE supplied components.		

**Table 1-2 Required Information for Site** (Table continued)

<b>Global Site Readiness Checklist (DI)</b>		
Overhead support Structure (unistrut) has been confirmed with customer/contractor to meet required GE provided criteria.		
Finished ceiling is installed. If applicable ceiling tiles installed per PMI discretion.		
Floor levelness/flatness is measured and within tolerance, and there are no visible defects per GEHC specifications.		
Entry door threshold meets PIM requirement.		
Floor Strength and thickness have been discussed with customer/contractor and they have confirmed GE requirements are met.		
Rooms that will contain equipment, including staging areas if applicable, are construction debris free. Precautions must be taken to prevent debris from entering rooms containing equipment.		
Cable ways (floor/wall/ceiling/Access Flooring) are available for installation of GE cables are of correct length and diameter.		
Cable ways routes per GE Final drawings and cable access openings areas installed at a time determined by GEHC PM. Surface floor duct can be installed at time of system installation.		
Adequate room illumination installed and working.		
Adequate delivery route from truck to final place of installation has been reviewed with all stakeholders, all communications/notifications have occurred.		
Arrangements have been made for special handling (rigging, elevator, fork lift, etc.) All floors along delivery route will support weight of the equipment, temporary reinforcements arranged if needed.		
Customer supplied countertops where GE equipment will be installed are in place.		
<b>Required for Calibration Start</b>		
HVAC systems Installed, and the site meets minimum environmental operational system requirements.		
System power & grounding (PDB/MDP) is available as per GE specifications.		
System power & grounding (PDB/MDP) is installed at point of final connection and ready to use. Lock Out Tag Out is available.		
PMI to confirm all feeder wires and breaker are size appropriately. EPO installed if needed.		
PMI to confirm with electrician all power and signal cables are well terminated ensuring there are no loose connections.		
System power and grounded audit has been scheduled to be completed during installation of equipment. (If Required) GEHC PM to confirmed if needed.		

**Table 1-2 Required Information for Site** (Table continued)

<b>Global Site Readiness Checklist (DI)</b>		
Network outlets installed.		
Computer network available and working.		
Hospital IT/connectivity contacts have been engaged and information has been added to Project management tool. (If Required)		
Lead doors and windows complete or scheduled to be installed. If applicable, radiation protection (shielding) finished & radioprotection regulatory approval for installation obtained.		
PMI Signature:		
Customer Signature:		
FS Signature: optional		

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## Chapter 2 Installation Types

### 2.1 How to Determine the Best Installation Type for Your Site

Discuss installation options with your PMI to determine which of the installation types listed below best fits your site and schedule.

- [2.2 Typical Installations on page 27](#)
- [2.3 Construction Site Installations on page 27](#)
- [2.4 Relocatable Building Installations on page 28](#)
- [2.5 Upgrade Installations on page 29](#)
- [2.6 Quick Installations on page 29](#)
- [2.7 Two-Step \(Temporary\) Installations on page 30](#)

### 2.2 Typical Installations

Typical installations occur at established sites with finished, dust-free, occupancy-ready scan suites. The rooms range from suggested to minimum room sizes, and have NO ongoing construction on-site. A typical installation allows customers flexibility for room upgrades and site improvements. Upgrades and improvements may require additional planning prior to system delivery, especially when involving:

- Seismic approval
- Floor structural improvements
- HVAC improvements
- Electrical improvements
- Review of scan room shielding requirements by a qualified radiological health physicist.

As with any installation, the final site design for a typical installation must meet all service and regulatory requirements detailed in this manual.

### 2.3 Construction Site Installations

A *construction installation* describes installation at sites without an occupancy permit, often with ongoing construction. In general, construction sites fail to meet the recommended specifications for delivery of the system. GE does not recommend construction installations, as they can result in delays, increased costs, and possible damage to the system. When construction-site delivery proves unavoidable, the installation falls into one of two categories.

- Full construction site with completed radiology area.
- Full constructions site with limited delivery access.

Review the following categories to determine which most closely matches the condition of the planned installation site.

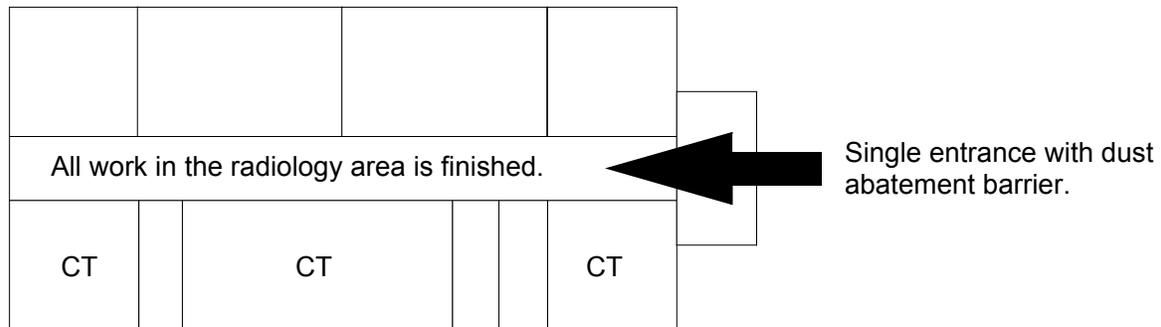
### 2.3.1 Full Construction Site with Completed Radiology Area

This type of site consists of a finished, dust-free, occupancy-ready radiology suite. While there is no remaining construction in or around the scan suite area, there may be ongoing construction in other areas. At the time of delivery such sites feature:

- Dust control measures deployed in the radiology suite area.
- Scan suite access limited to a single entrance (see [Figure 2-1 Full construction site with completed radiology area on page 28](#)).
- Radiology suite sealed off from the remaining construction area.
- Operational HVAC, with a positive air pressure within the radiology suite.

In addition the radiology suite at such a site REMAINS in a dust-free, occupancy-ready state after delivery and throughout the remaining construction phase.

**Figure 2-1 Full construction site with completed radiology area**



### 2.3.2 Full Construction Site with Limited Delivery Access

This type of site allows delivery during ongoing construction of the radiology suite area. At such sites, delivery occurs prior to site completion, but the product remains stored until a finished, dustfree, occupancy-ready radiology suite area is ready. This type of site requires the system scanner to be delivered in a sealed package with dollies. Delivery to the storage area may require a lift truck or riggers. Installation work begins only when the site reaches the completed, dust-free, occupancy-ready radiology suite requirement.

#### NOTE

If delivery requires vertical or horizontal lifting, the PMI adds the necessary identifier to the order.

## 2.4 Relocatable Building Installations

A re-locatable building is made in a factory and delivered to the site of its permanent location. Relocatable buildings qualify as fixed sites and must satisfy all of the requirements of a fixed site. The gantry and table must be mounted on a solid concrete floor. Any other floor type installations must be designed by the customer's structural engineer and meet all GE Healthcare's specifications listed in this manual.

Refer to the [Chapter 8 Structural and Mounting Requirements on page 65](#) of this manual for further information.

## 2.5 Upgrade Installations

Upgrade installations occur after the installation of another system. A change in the customer's needs requires the installation of additional equipment at the same site. For example, adding a PET system to an existing CT system.

To proceed with an upgrade installation, the customer's room size must be large enough to accommodate the new product without violating the regulatory and service requirements of the new product. When planning for an upgrade installation, siting requirements of the new equipment may exceed those of your existing system. Requirements needing additional consideration include:

- Floor thickness
- Room shielding
- Additional electrical capacity
- Increased cooling capacity
- Scan room shielding requirements

The final site design must include a room layout showing the equipment room with the recommended room size dimensions. All upgrade installations must meet all service and regulatory requirements detailed in the manual.

## 2.6 Quick Installations

Quick Installations involve sites requiring minimum room improvements. These installations typically consist of a weekend de-installation and room preparation completion, with a next business day delivery and installation.

### Requirements

A site must meet a number of requirements to qualify for a Quick Installation, including:

- Existing electrical disconnect device, wire size, and grounds must meet all requirements referenced in [3.2.2 Electrical on page 32](#)
- Existing structural specifications met, including floor thickness, and all requirements referenced in [3.2.3 Structural on page 32](#)
- Existing HVAC capacity and regulation must meet all requirements referenced in [3.2.5 Environmental on page 34](#)
- Existing CT suite must meet all regulatory and minimum size requirements referenced in [3.2.7 Clearances on page 34](#)
- Existing facility must accommodate delivery and meet all delivery requirements referenced in [3.2.10 Delivery on page 35](#)
- Existing facility must meet all scan room shielding requirements referenced in [3.2.4 Radiation Protection on page 34](#)

Consult your Project Manager of Installation (PMI) for information about any additional requirements.

### Restrictions

The following restrictions govern Quick Installations: check with your PMI regarding floor anchor re-use.

- Quick Installations require a new room print that accurately reflects the rooms targeted for upgrade.
- You **CANNOT** re-use existing floor anchors for a new CT system.
- New floor anchors must be a minimum of 102 mm (4 in) from any existing floor penetrations.
- Rooms not meeting the minimum requirements for the final product must undergo an upgrade/enlargement prior to the installation.

## 2.7 Two-Step (Temporary) Installations

The two-step installation is a temporary installation of one system in a site, with the intention of upgrading the site to another system in a near future date. The following restrictions apply to two-step installations:

- Must comply with ALL siting requirements necessary for the upgraded or final system. This includes the recommended room size and all electrical, structural, and HVAC requirements.
- All requirements referenced in [Chapter 3 System Siting Requirements on page 31](#) apply to these types of installations.
- The customer is responsible for verifying compliance with all requirements.
- Rooms not meeting minimum requirements for the final product must undergo sufficient upgrading/enlargement.

### NOTE

Temporary installations include all systems installed at a site for a period ranging from two weeks to six months.

## Chapter 3 System Siting Requirements

### 3.1 System Siting Requirements

The requirements listed in this manual apply to all fixed-site customer installations, including installation within re-locatable buildings. The following requirements represent the **MINIMUM** that a site must meet before beginning **ANY** new or replacement system installation. All parties should review these requirements to ensure that the site:

- Meets all Service requirements
- Meets all Regulatory requirements
- Meets all minimum structural, flooring, and vibration requirements
- Meets minimum HVAC requirements
- Meets minimum Electrical requirements
- Meets all network requirements
- Meets all radiation protection requirements
- Meets all operational clearances
- Includes all finished doors, floors, windows, ceilings, walls, and all plumbing and cabinets are installed ([3.2.3.3 Finished Floor Requirements on page 33](#) and [3.2.3.4 Finished Walls Requirements on page 34](#) may apply).
- Does not have ANY continuing construction in the scan room OR neighboring suite areas.
- Conforms to the final GE site print, which must be kept ON-SITE and must show all items intended for the finished room.

#### NOTE

Each site should receive a Quick Start Kit from the PMI. Use the Pre-Installation Checklist in this manual to confirm that the site meets all of the requirements listed above. GE recommends completing all work to meet these requirements PRIOR to starting installation.

### 3.2 Customer System Siting Requirements

This section provides a breakdown of the customer tasks crucial for ensuring proper site preparation, regardless of whether planning for a replacement system at an existing site, or designing a new scan room for a first time.

Installation cannot proceed until verification of site-readiness occurs. A site is ready **ONLY** when it meets ALL delivery, regulatory, system, network, radiation protection, and operational requirements, as well as, requirements for any options. The purchaser is responsible for completing all work necessary to install the system, and includes:

- Completion of all items in [3.2.3 Structural on page 32](#) (recommended before installation begins.)
- PMI verification that ALL items on the Pre-Installation Checklist are completed.
- Review and preparation of all site-ready items.

To ensure timely delivery and installation, GE recommends that the customer complete all necessary work and schedule a site-ready visit prior to the delivery date. To confirm that the site meets all requirements, you may need to employ these and other contractors:

- Structural Engineer and/or Architect
- HVAC Contractor
- Electrical Contractor
- Qualified Radiological Health Physicist
- Cleaning Services.

**NOTICE**

An improperly prepared site—one that is in a state of construction—can result in a delayed installation date and/or damage to the system.

### 3.2.1 Regulatory Requirements

Verify that the site conforms to all of the following:

- The room must meet all regulatory clearance requirements.
- The room must meet all minimum size requirements.
- The site print is on-site, reflects actual room size and layout, and has received final approval.
- No grounded walls are found in regulatory clearance areas.
- The room meets all local codes.

### 3.2.2 Electrical

- Install the correct size junction boxes with covers at locations shown in the installation plan.
- Install appropriate conduits and duct work for system cables. If the suite houses additional components, determine the necessary considerations and complete the connections.
- Install a power supply of correct voltage output and adequate kVA rating.
- Install local disconnects, including proper over-current protection. This includes the A1/MDP main disconnect with Lock-out and Tag-out (LOTO) installation.

### 3.2.3 Structural

- Install “steelwork” or other suitable support work for mounting equipment from walls or ceilings.
- Review structural requirements including:
  - floor vibration
  - floor levelness
  - floor thickness
  - any seismic considerations, if applicable.
- Complete all suite and room renovations and modifications prior to delivery.

### 3.2.3.1 Dust and Air Quality

Ensure that the scan suite area is free of all dust, and not subject to ANY ongoing construction, including the installation of cabinets, hanging doors, and ceiling tiles.



#### **CAUTION**

POTENTIAL EARLY SYSTEM FAILURE.

Fine dust can deposit on the internal electronic components in Gantry, DAS, Tube, Table, PDU, and Operator Console.

It results in potential damage to the electronic components and lead to an early system failure.

Before installing scanner systems, ensure that the scan suite area is free of all dust and not subject to any ongoing construction.

**TYPES OF DUST TO AVOID** Ensure that NO construction occurs in or immediately around the scan suite area that results in:

- concrete dust
- drywall dust
- ceiling tile dust
- wood sawdust or shavings
- dust tracked into the CT suite from adjoining rooms

Failure to take appropriate precautions to protect the system against these types of dust may result in DAMAGE to the system and early SYSTEM FAILURE.

### 3.2.3.2 Environmental Influences

CT systems are designed with commercial components that are sensitive to air contaminants like sulfide, chloride and nitrates. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to ensure that the levels of these contaminants are low (Class1). See IEC60654-4 for air quality guidelines.

### 3.2.3.3 Finished Floor Requirements

#### **NOTE**

If a customer does not have concrete floor for the system installation, then the required anchoring must be approved by customer's structural engineer. It is customer's responsibility to finish the flooring.

Installation requires a finish floor in the scan and control rooms. The floor surface in the scan room directly under the gantry and table must be level. The scan room must be level by 6 mm (1/4 in) over the table and gantry area to be acceptable. Shims should not be used to compensate for a floor that does not meet this requirement. Eight or more floor covering openings that are 102 mm (4 in) in diameter are made to ensure the table and gantry rest on a solid surface. These floor penetrations can be sealed if required. These requirements apply to all installation types.

#### **Finished Floor Exception 1**

For sites replacing their scan room floor covering after the table and gantry are installed, the floor can be clean-finished with dust free concrete. The finish floor in the scan room requires no dust-producing operations when applying final floor covering.

### ***Finished Floor Exception 2***

Facilities under new construction that have a finished radiology area with a single controlled-access and dust abatement barrier, can have a finished concrete floor in the scan room. The finished concrete floor in the scan room requires no dust-producing operations when applying final floor covering.

### **3.2.3.4 Finished Walls Requirements**

Finished walls inside the scan and control rooms must be painted at the time of installation. This requirement applies to all installation types. A finished walls exception is made for new construction and upgraded facilities. A primer coat of paint is acceptable for equipment installation. However, the final coat of paint must be applied using a brush of some type (roller, or bristle). The final coat of paint cannot be applied using a spray method.

## **3.2.4 Radiation Protection**

A qualified radiological health physicist should verify that the scan room's radiation shielding provides adequate radiation protection for the planned system. Refer Shielding Requirements for more details.

## **3.2.5 Environmental**

Review HVAC requirements, including system environmental controls and patient comfort needs. Make sure the site provides an HVAC system capable of maintaining the recommended temperature and humidity specifications at the time of installation.

## **3.2.6 Options**

- Confirm that all customer installation options are reviewed and final locations determined.
- All GE supplied installation options are reviewed and final locations determined.
- The laser camera should be on site at the time of system installation.

## **3.2.7 Clearances**

- Review operational clearances to verify whether daily use items fit (e.g. beds, carts).
- Consider clearances for emergency medical equipment.
- Ensure that all storage cabinets and sinks appear on the site print in their proper locations.
- Confirm that adequate space exists in the scan suite for delivery and installation of all replacement parts following installation of the system.

## **3.2.8 Network**

Ensure that network communication is in place and active.

## **3.2.9 Chemical Contamination**

Never install wet film processors in the same room as the scanner, as this may result in possible contamination of scanner components. Chemicals utilized by such processors can contribute to increased equipment failures and downtime, and decreased reliability.

When siting this equipment, consider the effects that contact with these chemicals and the resulting fumes might have on human subjects in proximity to them. In addition, film processor equipment

installation must meet all manufacturer requirements (e.g. ventilation specifications) as well as all applicable local, state, and national codes.

### 3.2.10 Delivery

- Determine room dimensions and verify that doorways adequately accommodate the system.
- Verify the existence of an accessible dust-free non-construction zone route to the scan suite that accommodates delivery.
- Identify elevators, doorways and hallways that can accommodate delivery.
- Provide floor protection, if needed.
- Request rigging, if needed.

## 3.3 Site Readiness

The GE Healthcare Project Manager of Installation (PMI) assists the purchaser in meeting all system siting requirements.

### 3.3.1 Pre-Installation Delivery Tasks

The PMI also performs the following pre-installation delivery tasks:

- Determines the delivery type: ground, dock.
- Determines if the delivery requires tilt dollies or riggers; orders dollies and lifting crates, as needed.
- Determines if the delivery requires the use of floor protection.
- Determines if the ground delivery requires the use of a forklift, and informs GE Transportation of the need for a forklift.

### 3.3.2 Site Review with Customer

A site-ready visit should occur prior to the delivery date. This visit verifies that the site meets all system siting requirements and confirms that installation can proceed. During the site-ready visit, a GE representative confirms that the site meets all of the required site-ready conditions including floor levelness, and delivery route readiness. Lifting options and construction site packaging must be ordered prior to delivery and cannot be added on-site.

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# Chapter 4 Regulatory Requirements

## 4.1 Regulatory Terms and Definitions

### **CLEARANCES**

Clearances are the clear space or distance between or around objects and equipment, governed by all applicable safety, service and regulatory requirements and representing the lowest margin of freedom permissible for equipment siting.

### **DIMENSIONS**

The length, width, depth and height of equipment.

### **EGRESS**

An egress is the single path of exit from within any room. It is the customer's responsibility to provide a means of egress.

### **PRE-INSTALLATION ESCALATION**

Pre-installation escalation is the process used to consult CT Engineering, the Design Center, or Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) to resolve preinstallation issues related to siting concerns and requirements.

### **GROUNDING WALL**

A grounded wall is any wall with electrical conductivity to earth. Conductive materials generally found in walls include masonry, concrete, and tile. Treat as grounded additional elements commonly found in walls, including but limited to:

- Medical gas ports and plates
- Metal doors and window frames
- Water sources and metallic sink structures
- Metallic wall mounted cabinets
- A1 main disconnect panel
- Equipment Emergency Off panels
- Industrial equipment (such as air conditioners and vents)
- Expansion joints
- Surface raceway
- Exposed wall conduits
- Floor outlet boxes
- Floor HVAC boxes
- Floor medical gas

Common wall components **NOT** constituting grounded elements include:

- Standard wall outlet

- Light switches
- Telephones
- Communication wall jacks
- Ceiling tile grids

### **HEAD CLEARANCE**

Head clearance represents the height dimension of the workspace, measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. It requires a minimum of 1981 mm (78 in) of the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

### **MINIMUM**

Minimum indicates the lowest limit permitted by law or other authority.

### **SERVICE ACCESS WIDTH**

Service access width refers to the width of the working space in front of the equipment, and requires a minimum of 762 mm (30 in) or the width of the equipment, whichever is greater.

### **WORKSPACE**

The workspace represents a three dimensional box of space required for safe inspection or service of energized equipment. It consists of depth, width, and height, with the depth dimension measured perpendicular to the direction of access. US regulation requires a minimum depth of 914 mm (36 in). Additional conditions can increase the minimum requirement. For example, FCT defines workspace as the envelope of the component superstructure, measured for the PDU with the front panel removed, and measured for the gantry and table with the extended covers removed.

## **4.2 Regulatory Clearances**

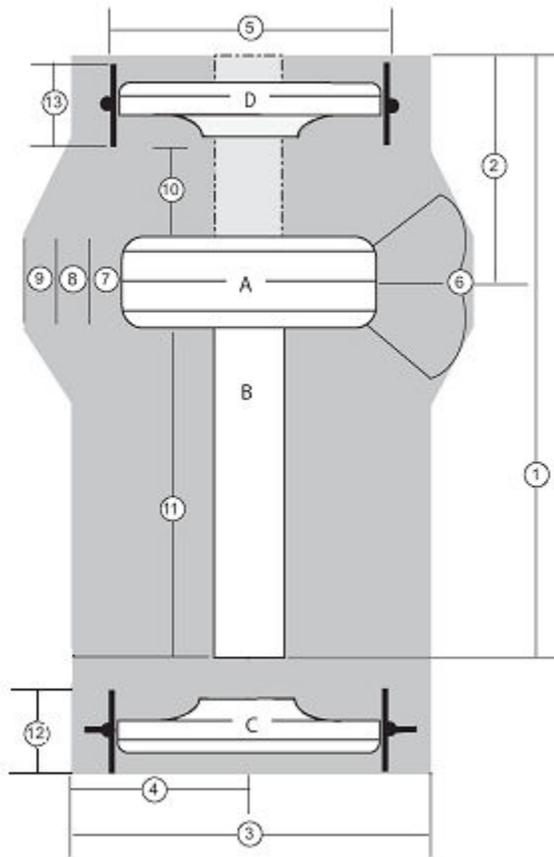
Refer to [Appendix A Regulatory Clearances for US on page 165](#) for United States (US) installations.

## Chapter 5 Service Clearance Requirements

### 5.1 Service Clearance Requirements

- Sufficient space to remove the covers, [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 39](#).
- One service engineer shall be able to accomplish all service component replacement tasks without needing special tools or equipment.
- ALL room layouts to provide service space and access around the table to the gantry right side. This is needed for replacement procedures that require components that are shipped in large boxes, such as the tube, detector, and HV tank.

**Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances**



Minimum Service Clearances		
Item		Dimension
1	High Capacity Table	6891 mm (271 in.) (travel distance of table)
	GT1700	6096 mm (240 in.) (travel distance of table)
2		2548 mm (100 in.) (cover with dolly)
3		3234 mm (127 in.)

Minimum Service Clearances		
4		1617 mm (64 in.)
5		2545 mm (100 in.)
6		914 mm (36 in.) (minimum separation distance)
7		356 mm (14 in.)
8		711 mm (28 in.)
9		914 mm (36 in.)
10		914 mm (36 in.)
11		2794 mm (110 in.)
12		851 mm (34 in.)
13		680 mm (26.7 in.)
CT Components		
Item	Description	
A	Gantry with covers installed	
B	Table cradle footprint, coverage as extended in both directions	
C	Gantry front cover removed with dolly	
D	Gantry rear cover removed with dolly	

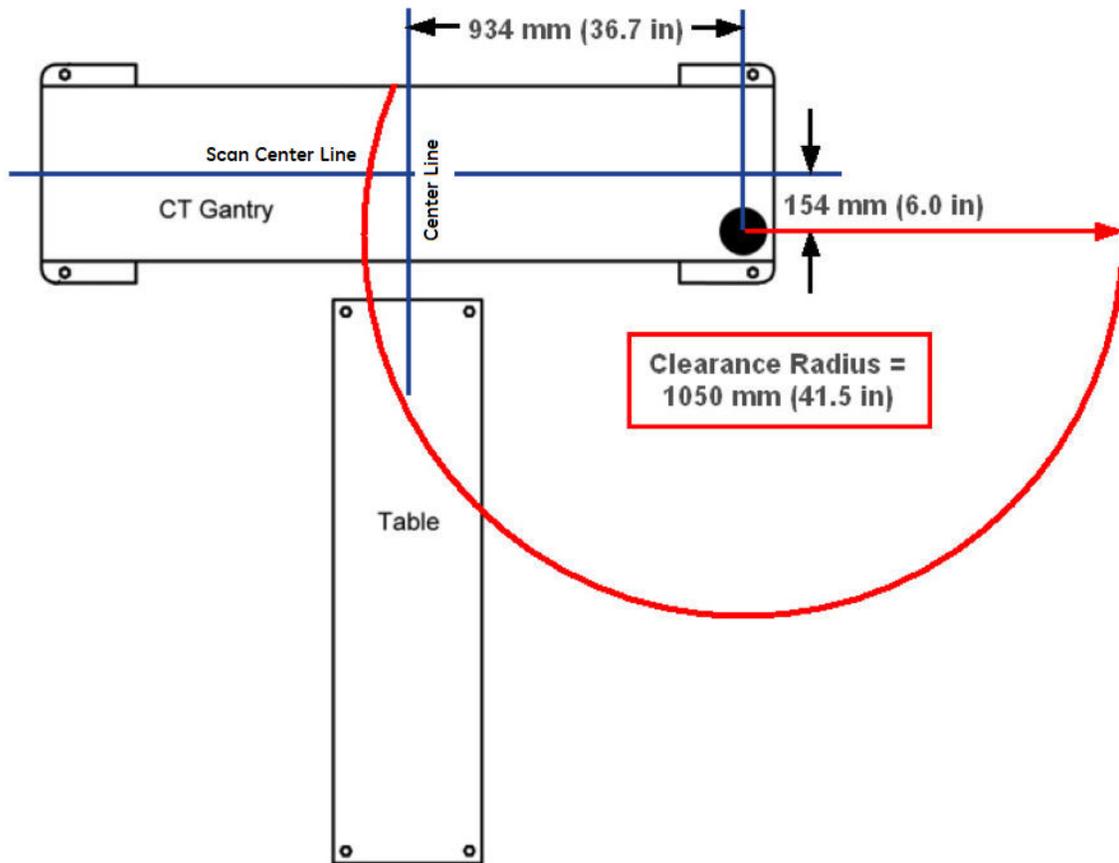
## 5.2 Service Clearances for Single Service Engineer

### NOTE

When calculating service clearances, refer to [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 39](#) for all service clearance needs.

### 5.2.1 Gantry Service Clearance

Specifications for Boom Assembly clearance arc are defined in [Figure 5-2 Boom Assembly Clearance on page 41](#). The boom assembly is used during tube and detector replacement. The minimum ceiling height within the clearance radius is 2286 mm (90 in).

**Figure 5-2 Boom Assembly Clearance**

## 5.2.2 Cover Removal

- Gantry front cover removal requires the use of the Tilting Cover Dollies and a minimum clearance space of 3234 mm (127 in.) to maneuver the cover. The dollies allow the service engineer to separate the cover from the gantry, tilt it 90 degrees, roll it to the foot end of the table, and then tilt it an additional 90 degrees, so that it is upside-down relative to its normal system-mounted condition. After removal, the service engineer must then move the gantry front cover to a position that satisfies the minimum regulatory clearances.
- The gantry rear cover, with service dollies installed, requires a clearance width of 2545 mm (100 in.) and a depth of 914 mm (36 in.) for removal, as shown in [5.1 Service Clearance Requirements on page 39](#). Sufficient space to allow the service engineer to move the cover either straight back or to one side of the table to satisfy the minimum service clearances shown in [5.1 Service Clearance Requirements on page 39](#) must be maintained. The rear cover with dollies cannot extend past the allowable clearance space within the room. If the system is not sited straight (it is positioned diagonally), full service space is still required. The PMI and customer should discuss this consideration and make the necessary provisions.
- The scan room must offer sufficient space to allow adequate egress during service operations that require both front and rear cover removal. If the customer and PMI have any concern that site will not provide adequate space for egress under these conditions, they should discuss these requirements and make the necessary provisions to accommodate this event.
- A single service engineer can safely perform servicing of the table. Ensure sufficient clear space to maintain egress clearances with the table covers or cradle removed.

- A single service engineer can safely perform servicing of the system. Ensure sufficient clear space to maintain egress clearances with covers or cradle removed.
- A tube change box is 737 mm x 1524 mm (29 in. x 60 in.), with the handles extended. The box rolls like a wheelbarrow and must have access to the right side of the gantry. It is the PMI's responsibility to demonstrate that the tube change box can be positioned in the tube change area next to the gantry and that the front and rear covers can be removed.

### 5.2.3 Power Distribution Unit (PDU)

When positioning the Power Distribution Unit (PDU), consider regulatory compliance, as defined in Regulatory Clearances. See [Table A-2 PDU – Minimum Workspace Clearances on page 167](#) in that section.

### 5.2.4 Console

As some service activities require access to the rear of the console, be sure to maintain sufficient space for moving the console to allow rear service access.

See [Figure 6-5 Typical Control Room Layout on page 48](#) for a typical control room layout.

### 5.2.5 Storage Cabinet

GE Healthcare provides a storage cabinet (see Note below) for storing all supplied service equipment (see [Table 5-1 Equipment Stored in Storage Cabinet on page 42](#)). Situate this storage cabinet within the scan room suite area to allow easy service access. The dimensions of the cabinet measure 610 mm D x 914 mm W x 1067 mm H (24 in. D x 36 in. W x 42 in. H), complete unit not to exceed 68kg (150 lbs) (empty).

#### NOTE

A storage cabinet is provided as option (B77292CA).

**Table 5-1 Equipment Stored in Storage Cabinet**

Item	Size	Weight (total)	
QA Phantom (water filled)	20 cm x 15 cm (7.9 in. x 5.9 in.)	5.5 kg	12 lb
Phantom Holder	25 cm x 25 cm (9.8 in. x 9.8 in.)	3.6 kg	8 lb
FE Box (Purple)	30 cm x 38 cm x 30 cm (11.8 in. x 15 in. x 11.8 in.)	6.8 kg	15 lb
Install Support Kit (box)	30 cm x 30 cm x 38 cm	9.1 kg	20 lb
Three Piece Tube Hoist Assembly	77 cm x 8 cm and 38 cm x 15 cm (30.3 in. x 3.1 in. and 15 in. x 5.9 in.)	9.1 kg	20 lb
Balance Weight Kit		33 kg	73 lb
Front Cover Dollies	85 cm x 20 cm and 85 cm x 15 cm (33.5 in. x 7.9 in. and 33.5 in. x 5.9 in.)	~15.9 kg	35 lb
Rear Cover Dollies	70 cm x 135 cm	~11.5 kg	25 lb

## Chapter 6 Room Sizes

### 6.1 Room Dimensions

**Table 6-1 Scan Room Minimum Size Dimensions**

System Configuration	Minimum Room Size
System with GT1700 Table	6096 mm * 3708 mm (20 ft * 12.2 ft)
System with High Capacity Table	6706 mm * 3708 mm (22 ft * 12.2 ft)
<b>NOTE</b>	
All service/regulatory requirements apply in accordance with country specific regulations.	
All service/regulatory requirements apply, with the addition of no energized left-side service. Minimum room size includes Axial Head Holder and Extender.	

#### 6.1.1 Suggested Room Size

The suggested room configuration offers the most flexibility for future upgrades. It provides both ample workspace and space to add mill-work and still meet all regulatory requirements. When local regulations require a sink in the scan room, this room size also provides sufficient space for a sink. This room size accommodates the needs of larger hospitals and medical teaching facilities, where patients may require transportation to the scan area in beds, gurneys, and larger wheelchairs and where they may require the assistance of larger medical care teams. Likewise, this room offers adequate access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on both sides of the table. Future upgrades may need additional equipment. You may want to consider an equipment room. The suggested size supports all service activities, including tube change, and accommodates all future two-step installations.

#### 6.1.2 Typical Room Size

The typical room configuration represents what is most commonly found at installation sites. It offers adequate workspace and may provide adequate space for a sink, but allows only LIMITED space to add mill-work and still meet all regulatory requirements. The size of this room accommodates the needs of larger clinics and medium-sized hospitals, where patients may require transportation into the scan area using gurneys and wheelchairs, and where they may require the assistance of small medical care teams. It provides access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on only one side of the table.

The typical room size supports all service activities, including tube change, and may offer compatibility with SOME future upgrades and two-step installations.

#### 6.1.3 Minimum Room Size

The minimum room configuration represents the smallest functionally acceptable space for this product and represents the type of room often found at doctor's offices and smaller clinics and outpatient facilities. Due to its limited size, and to functional and regulatory requirements, this room usually provides only LIMITED workspace, and leaves to NO space to add in-room millwork and sinks and still meet the necessary regulatory and service requirements. This room can accommodate the transportation of patients into the scan area using wheelchairs, and provides access for crash carts and other emergency medical equipment on only one side of the table.

Sites considering a minimum room size may not have been designed with the structural requirements necessary to support the system and consequently may require upgrading prior to installation.

Customers considering a minimum room size should discuss their workspace requirements and future upgrade plans with their PMI, as the size and layout of these rooms often eliminates them from any future upgrade considerations and offers NO compatibility with future two-step installations.

If using the square meters (square footage) to determine regulatory compliance, please note that the front and rear cover clearances are wider than the regulatory clearance along the table length, and that the cover park position is behind the table in the home position.

#### NOTE

Sites must provide sufficient space to allow the removal of the rear cover, which is on wheels, from behind the gantry during service operations.



#### OPERATIONAL CAUTION

In a minimum room layout, the customer should consider workflow, customer access for patient care, and critical-care operations space requirements. Additionally, this room provides only limited equipment access on the gantry left side when loading patients or when positioning patient equipment in the room between the gantry and the wall.

#### NOTE

This minimum room size does not allow for the UPS option or surface mounted floor duct.

## 6.2 Suggested and Typical Room Layouts

Figure 6-1 Room Layout with Cabinets on page 45 and Figure 6-2 Room Layout Without Cabinets on page 45 show the suggested and typical room layouts, both with and without in-room cabinets. You need to know the locations for medical gas, surface duct work, or other items that make a grounded wall.

#### NOTE

Your room layout may meet the suggested or typical room requirements but appear different than Figure 6-1 Room Layout with Cabinets on page 45 or Figure 6-2 Room Layout Without Cabinets on page 45. Your salesperson can provide a detailed room layout for your site.

Figure 6-1 Room Layout with Cabinets

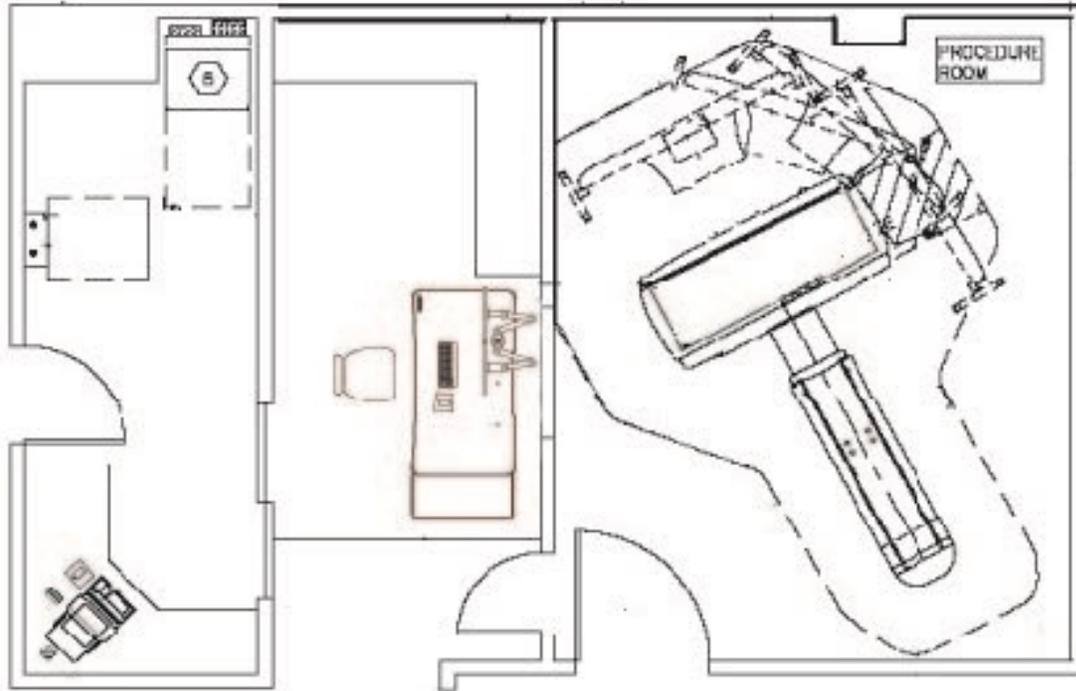
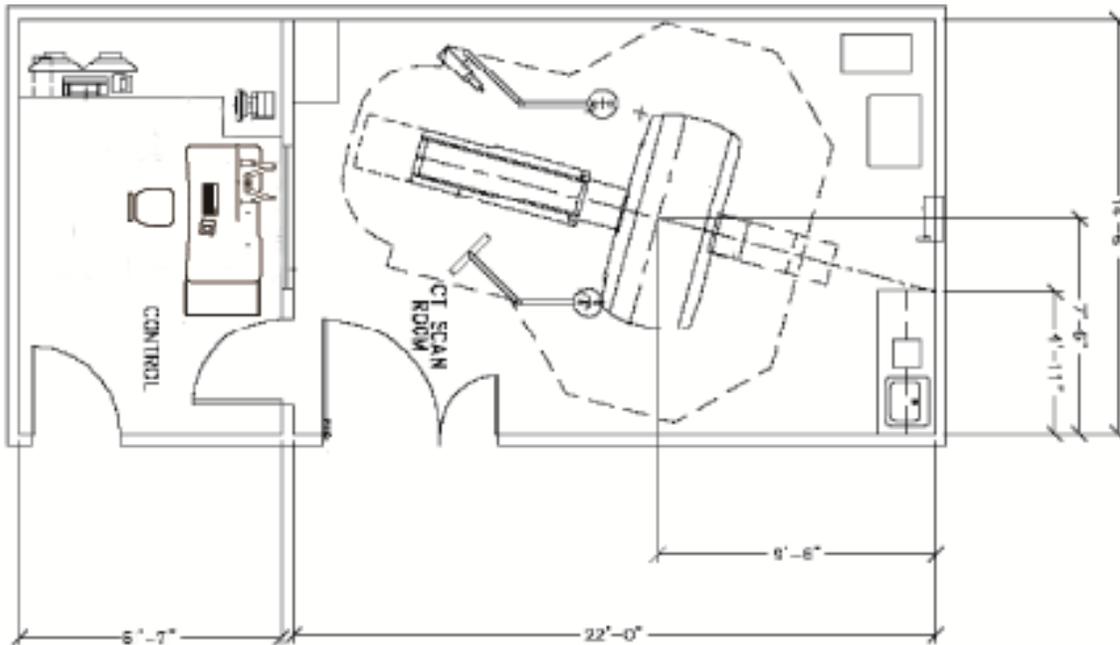


Figure 6-2 Room Layout Without Cabinets



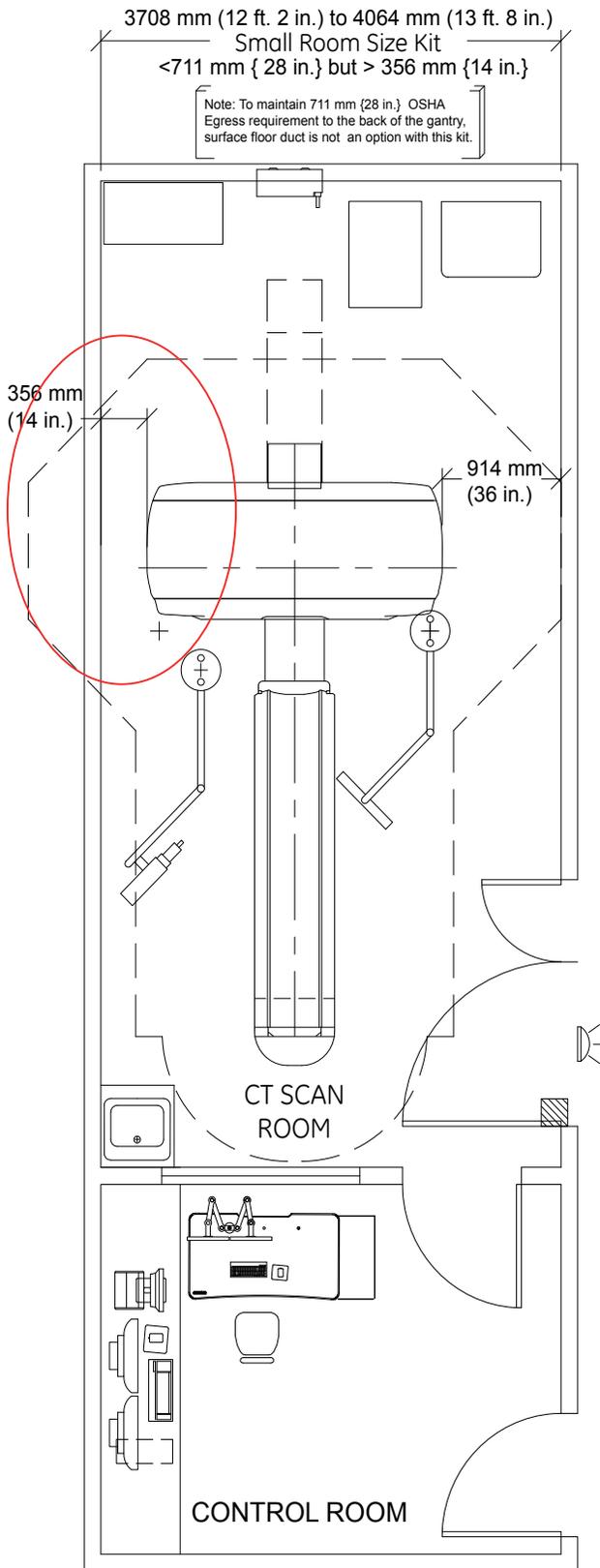
## 6.3 Minimum Room Layouts

### NOTE

If the room size does not meet the typical room layouts, but meet the minimum room layouts, you don't have to submit the concession.

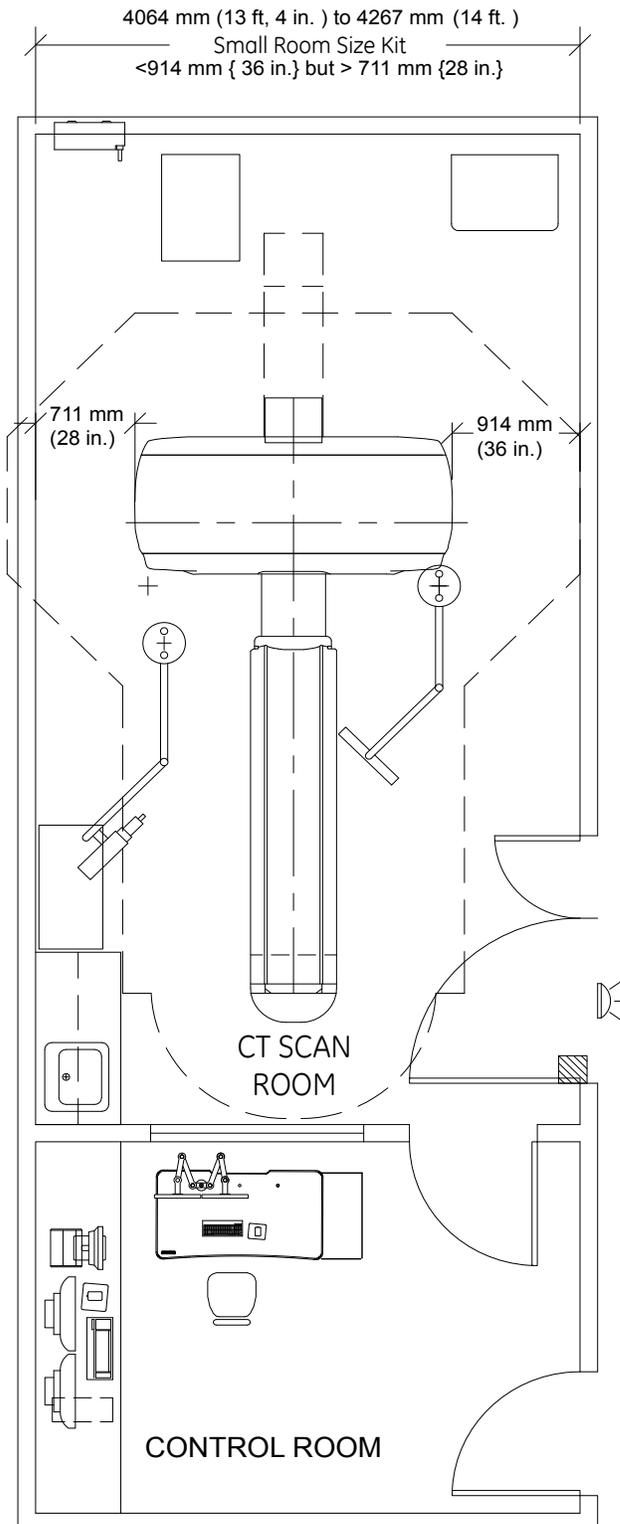
**Room A** - Less than 711 mm (28 in.), but greater than 356 mm (14 in.) of space on the gantry left side, measured from covers to left side wall, compromising service, egress, and workspace on the gantry's left side.

**Figure 6-3 Minimum Room A Size**



**Room B** - Less than 914 mm (36 in.), but greater than 711 mm (28 in.) measured from the covers to the left sidewall. In this configuration service, egress, and workspace are acceptable around the gantry.

**Figure 6-4 Minimum Room B Layout**



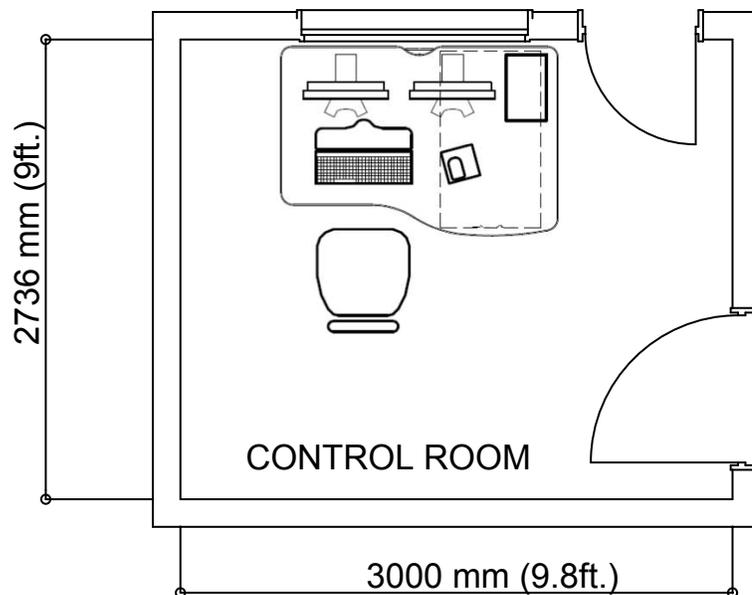
## 6.4 Control Room Considerations

- The control room must provide an operating environment suitable for the console electronics and the operator's working comfort. See [Chapter 9 Environmental Requirements on page 97](#).
- As the console requires adequate venting, maintain 96 mm (4 in.) of clear, unobstructed space on all sides of the console to allow the four fans located on the rear of the console to exhaust air to both the left and right.
- Provide a suitable work area within reach of the console for the placement of the injector control. Injector controls differ in dimensions depending on the brand selected.
- A PACS, workstation, image printer, or filming device may appear in the console control room area. These devices or other components, though having a direct link to the console via network or ethernet cable, shall NOT receive power from the console (if outlets exist on the console). If you are using additional devices or components, consider additional room power and network connections when reviewing the console workspace.

### 6.4.1 Typical Console Considerations

- The console must remain in the same configuration as shipped. Do not dismantle the console, or remove or rearrange its components.
- Cable lengths must remain as shipped (cables cannot be cut or extended to mount the monitor on the customer's counter).

**Figure 6-5 Typical Control Room Layout**



### 6.4.2 Console Long Cable Option

Console cabinet can be placed approximately 3 meters away from LCD monitor, GSCB and keyboard by using Long Cable Option.

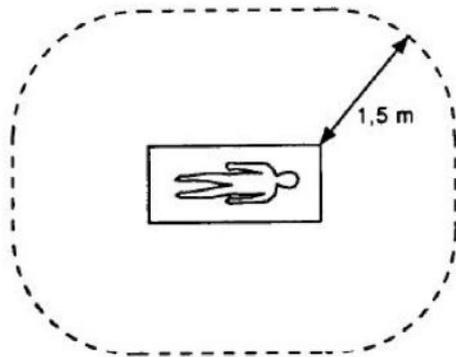
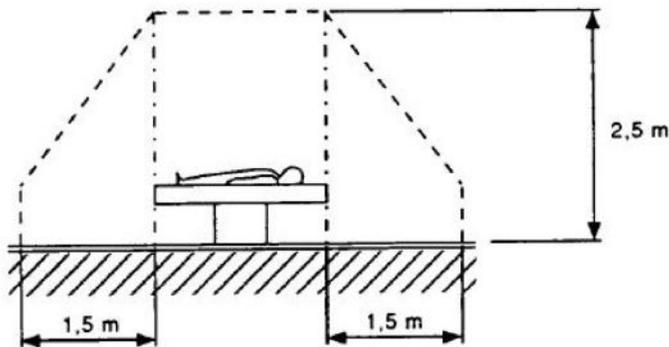
Refer to Console Long Cable Option Installation Manual (Direction 5456816-1EN) for the details.

**NOTICE**

When install the console cabinet in the scan room, do not place it within the patient environment. Refer to [6.5 Patient Environment on page 49](#) for the details.

## 6.5 Patient Environment

The patient environment is defined as the following picture.



IEC 2513/2000

Only Scanning Gantry, Patient Table components and the following options can be placed in this area.

- Advantage 4D
- In room monitor
- SmartStep
- Extream Injector

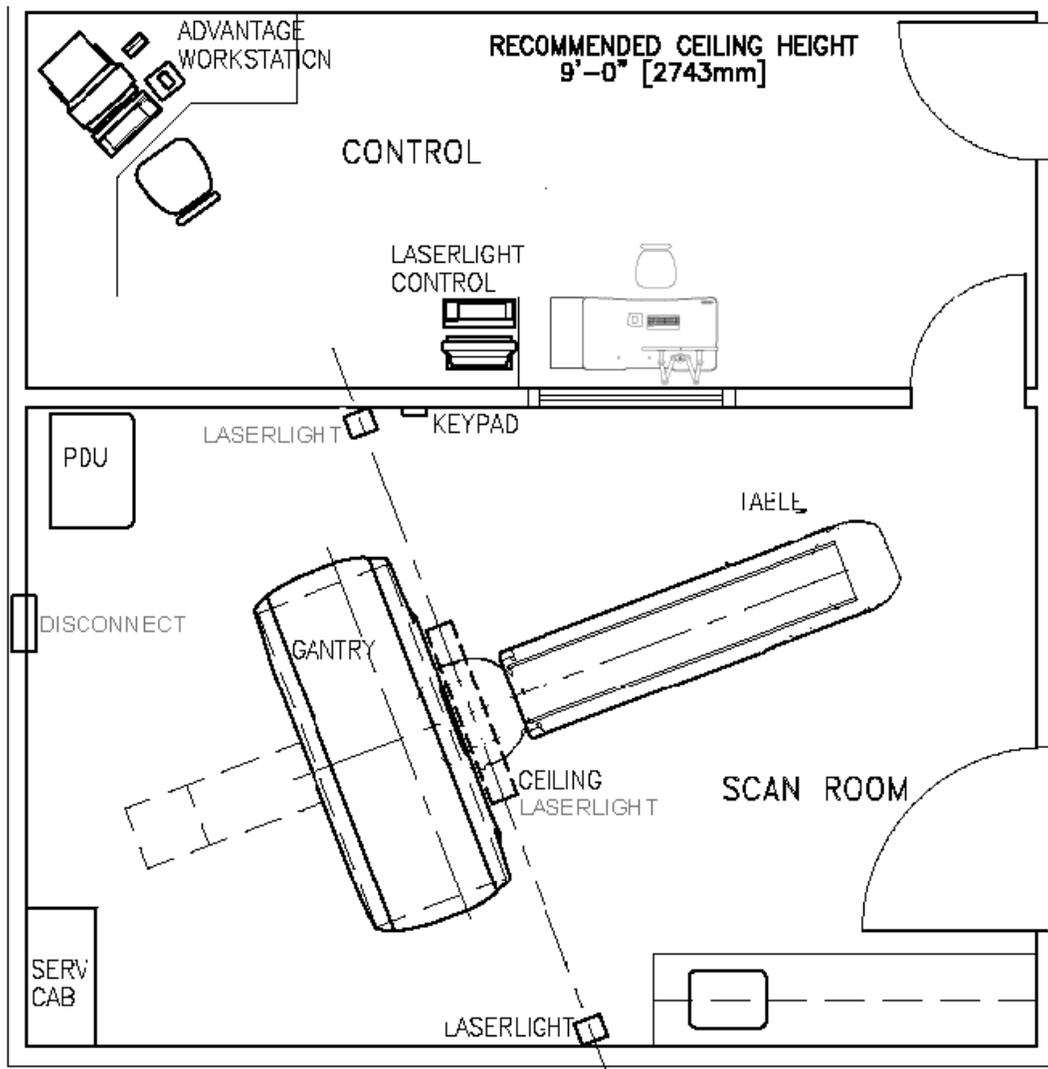
## 6.6 CT Simulation Laser Alignment Systems

CT simulation laser alignment systems are used to reproduce the patient position for simulation and subsequent treatment on a linear accelerator. These lasers can be wall mounted or can be free standing. Work with your installation planner to determine the correct installation solution for your site.

Laser Options: <http://www.gammex.com> and <http://www.lap-laser.com>.

Custom freestanding mounting structures are available for rooms that have no suitable wall or ceiling mounting space. Stanchion systems can provide flexibility in room design for placing alignment devices in rooms that may not be suitable for wall-mounted lasers.

**Figure 6-6 Typical Room Layout with CT Simulation Laser Alignment System**



## Chapter 7 System Component Dimensions

### 7.1 Minimum Operating Clearances

The sections in this chapter provide the minimum dimension and operating clearance information for each category of components listed. Be sure that the site conforms to each of these specifications.

#### 7.1.1 Ceiling Pedestal Mount Installation

The distance from the floor to the lowest point of the ceiling pedestal mount for the Injector or Monitor CANNOT measure LESS than 2134 mm (84 in.). Refer to the installation guides of those components for the length of the mounting post.

##### NOTE

The down post or ceiling mounted pedestal used to mount injectors, remote monitors or other devices shall not be installed within the tube crane area. See [5.2.1 Gantry Service Clearance on page 40](#).

##### NOTICE

Failure to maintain a distance of at least 2134 mm (84 in.) from the floor to the lowest point of the Injector or Monitor ceiling pedestal mount may pose a safety hazard. For installations with a finished ceiling height that is less than suggested, consideration should be given to utilizing floor mounted components, or attaching the mounting plate in the overhead (for example, above dropped ceiling tiles).

#### 7.1.2 Injector Control Installation

Minimum dimensions and clearances include the following requirements for the injector control:

- Provision of a suitable work area for placement of the injector control, within reach of the console.
- Wall mounted, ceiling mounted, and pedestal units require routing of cables from the gantry area to the console area. The supplied cable measures 15.2 m (50 ft).
- Injectors require an AC power source that is powered from the console. The IEC power cord is supplied with the injector.
- Available mounts come in several different lengths and configurations. Refer to the injector documentation for detailed installation instructions.

##### NOTE

The console requires IEC power plugs to power GE approved options. All Options used with the system must be powered using the console or gantry power plugs.

For systems using any NEC power plugs, Options (such as Video splitter) must be plugged inside the console power strip.

## 7.1.3 System Operational Clearances

The clearances listed in [Table 7-1 Minimum Dimensions and Operational Clearances on page 52](#) govern system operation; be sure that the site maintains each of these clearances.

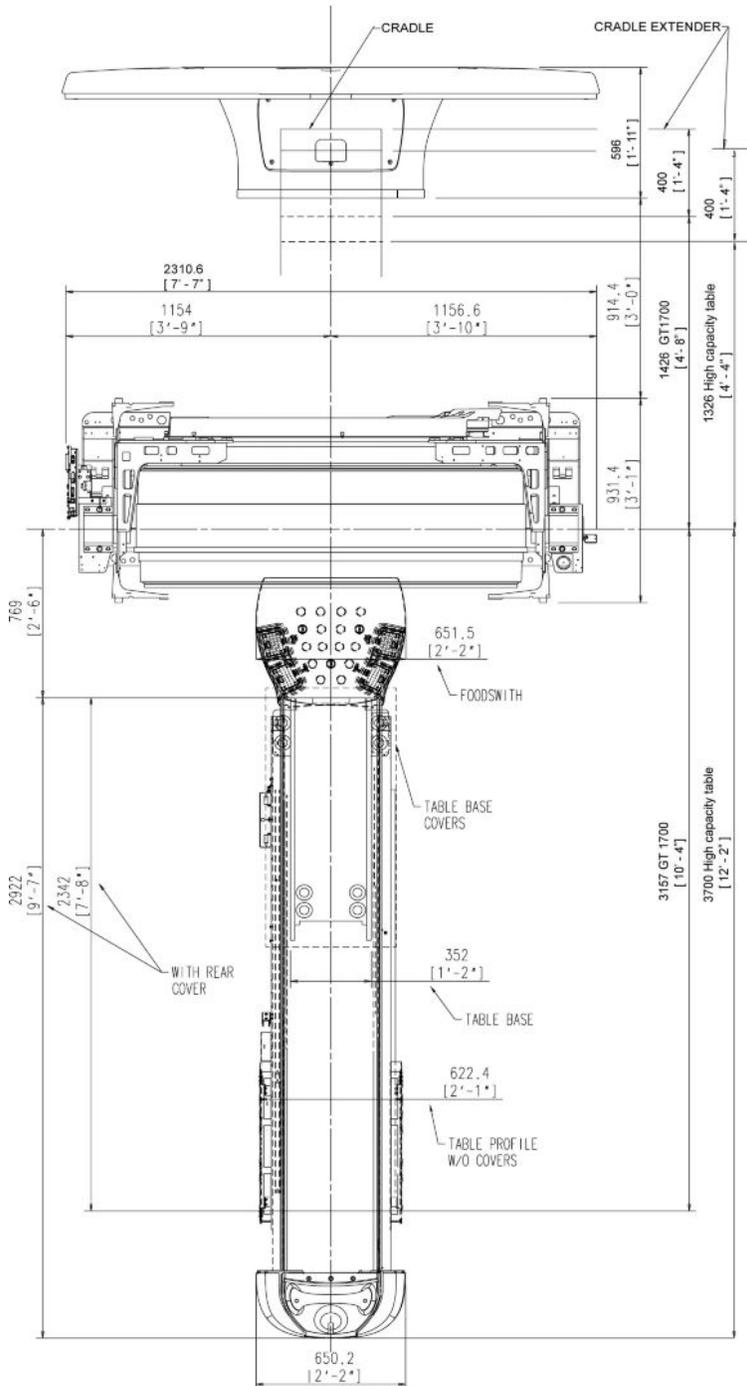
**Table 7-1 Minimum Dimensions and Operational Clearances**

<b>System Operation</b>	<b>mm</b>	<b>inches</b>
Ceiling Pedestal mount (optional) lowest point to floor injector or monitor	2134 mm	84 in.
Finished ceiling to floor (suggested)	2743 mm	108 in.
Finished ceiling to floor (minimum)	2286 mm	90 in.
Table extension head end with extender to obstruction	152 mm	6 in.
Back of Console to wall	96 mm	4 in.
Back of PDU to wall	152 mm	6 in.

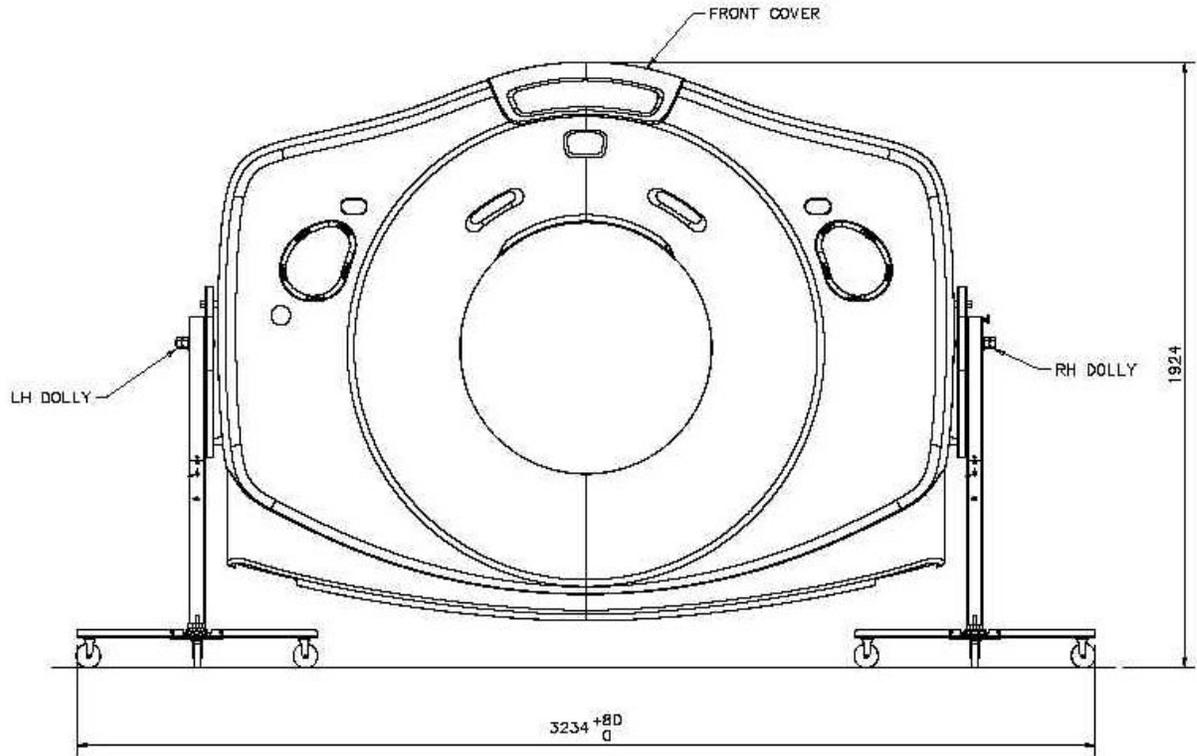
# 7.2 Component Dimensions

## 7.2.1 System Dimensions

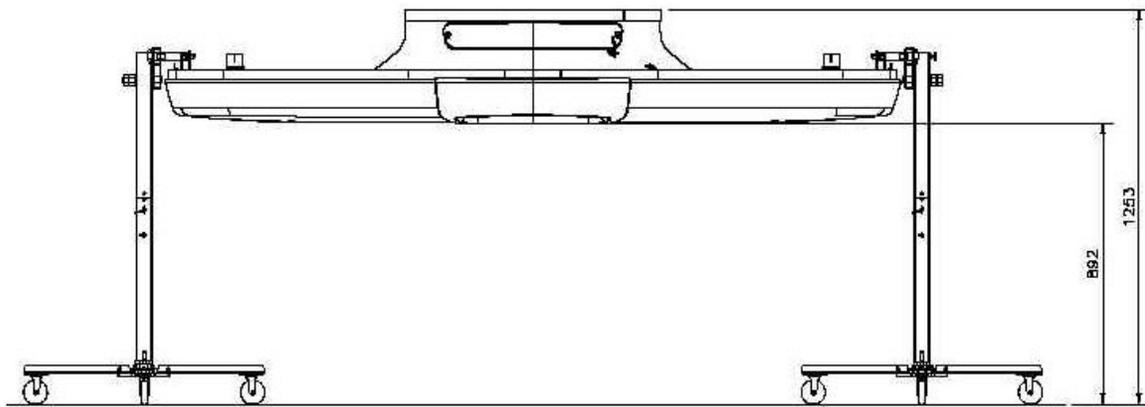
Figure 7-1 System Dimensions without Covers



**Figure 7-2 Front Cover Vertical and Horizontal**



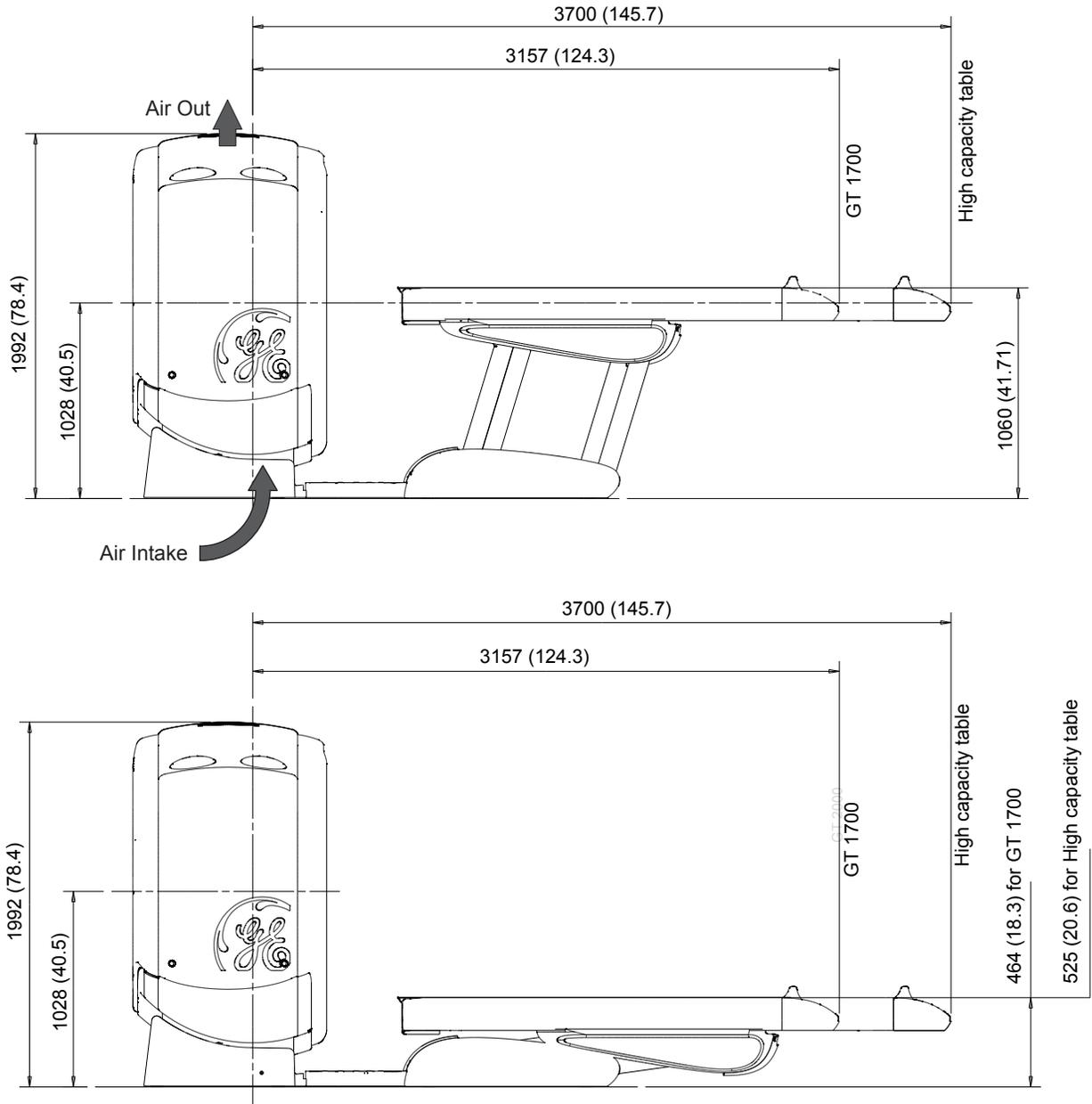
**FRONT COVER MOUNTED TO DOLLIES, VERTICAL POSITION**



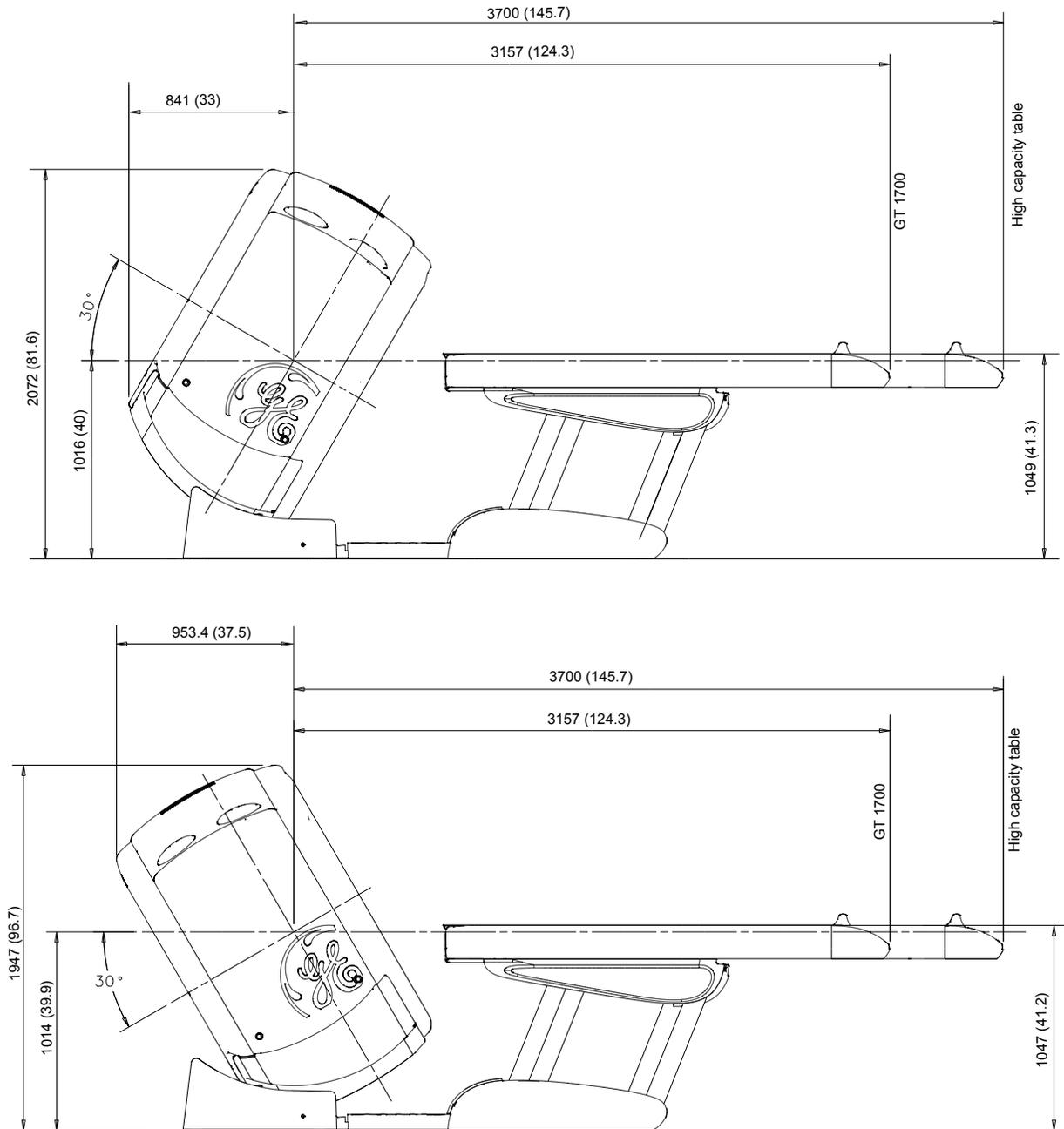
**FRONT COVER MOUNTED TO DOLLIES, HORIZONTAL POSITION**

## 7.2.2 Gantry and Table Dimensions

Figure 7-3 Gantry and Table Dimensions (Side View) - Table Options



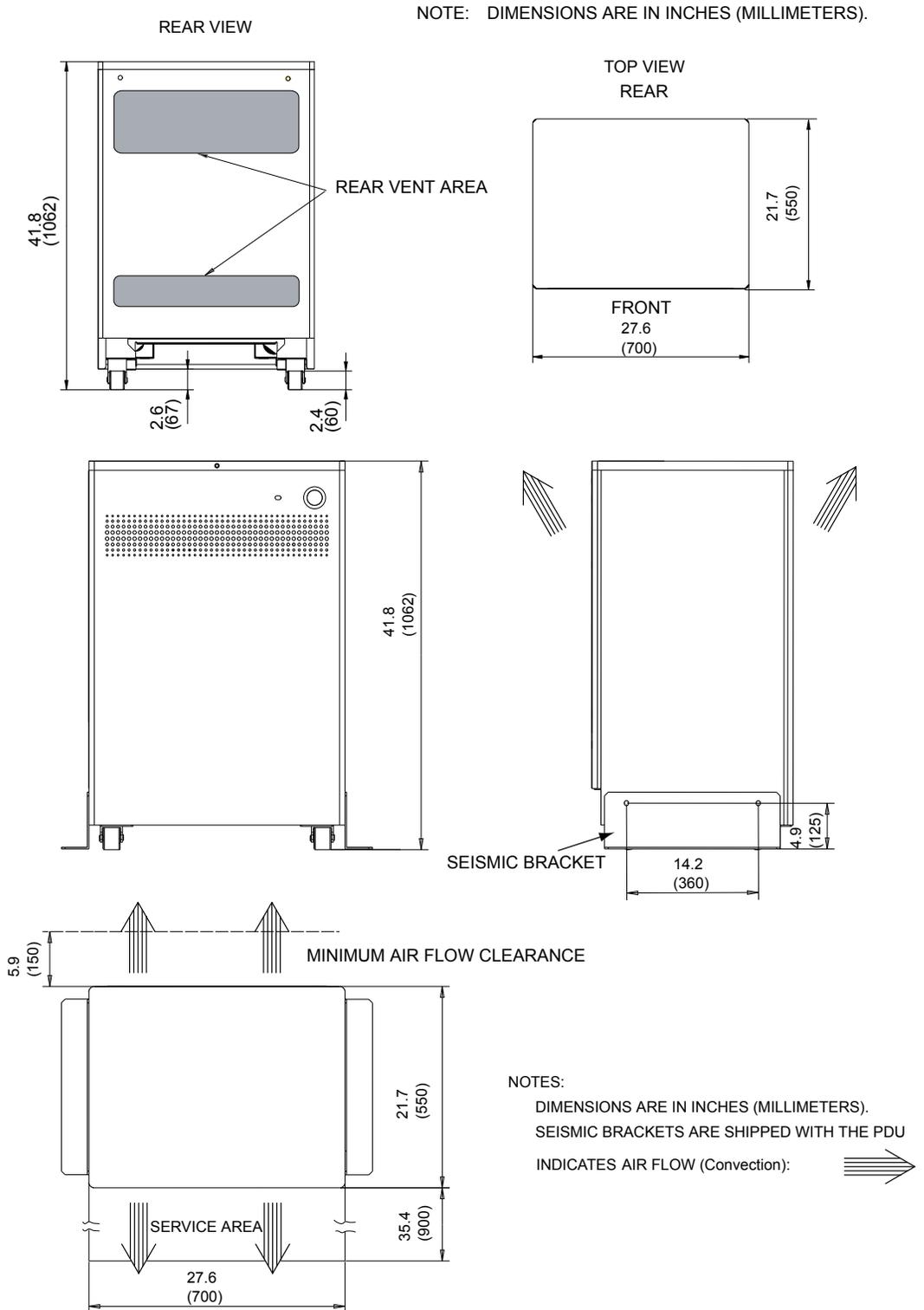
**Figure 7-4 Gantry shown tilted +30° (top) and -30° (bottom) - Table Options**



## 7.2.3 Power Distribution Unit Dimensions

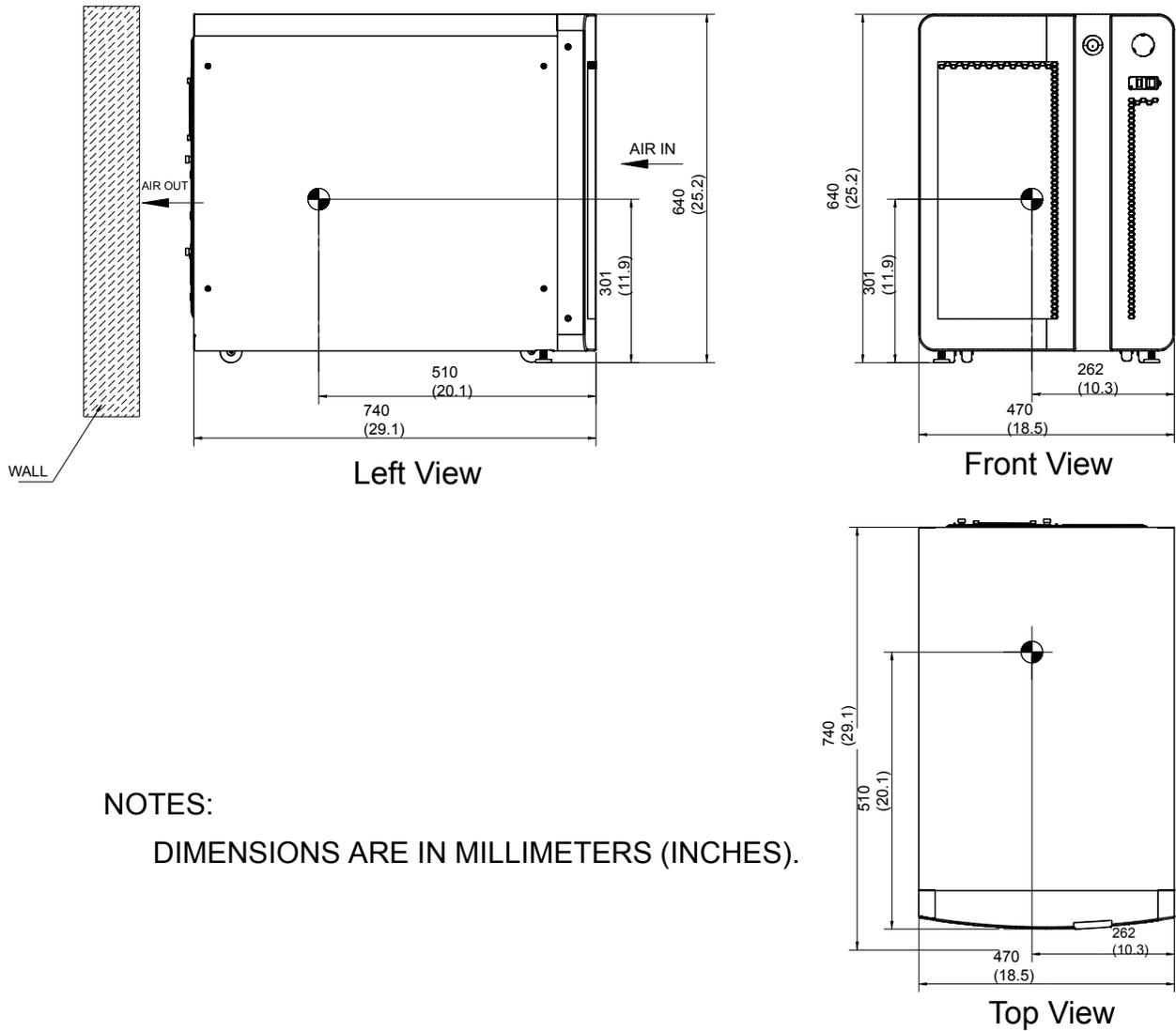
PDU dimensions, air intake/exhaust, seismic bracket locations, and service areas appear below.

**Figure 7-5 Power Distribution Unit**



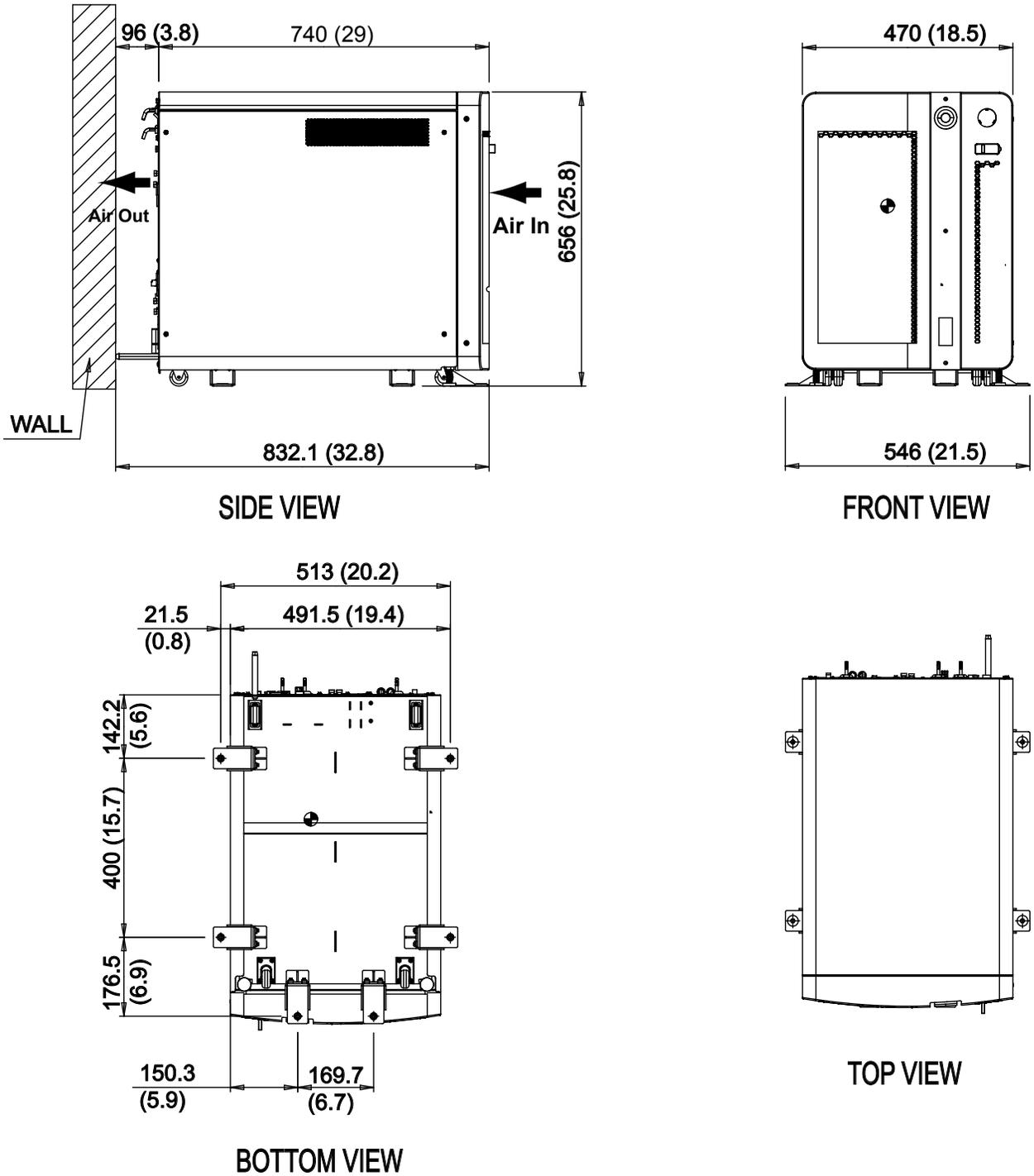
## 7.2.4 Operator Console Dimensions

Figure 7-6 True-In-One Operator's Console



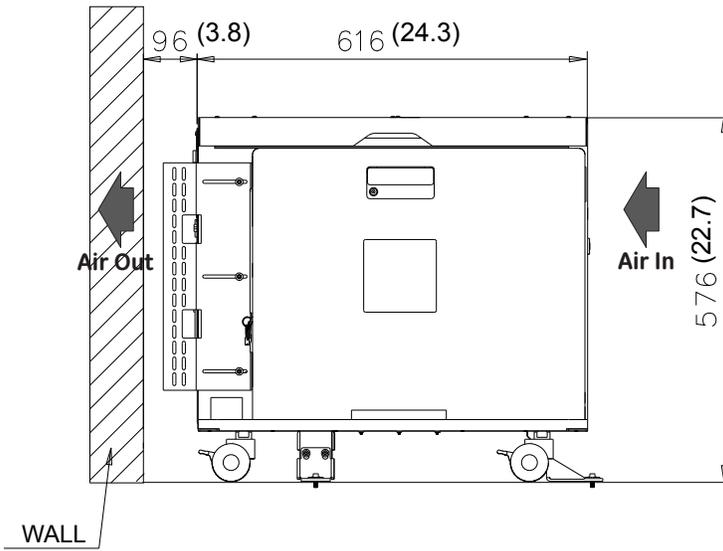
NOTES:  
 DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

Figure 7-7 NIO Operator's Console

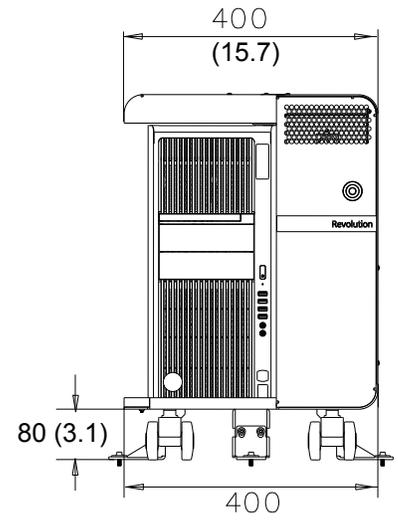


**Figure 7-8 OpenOC Console with Z840 Dimension**

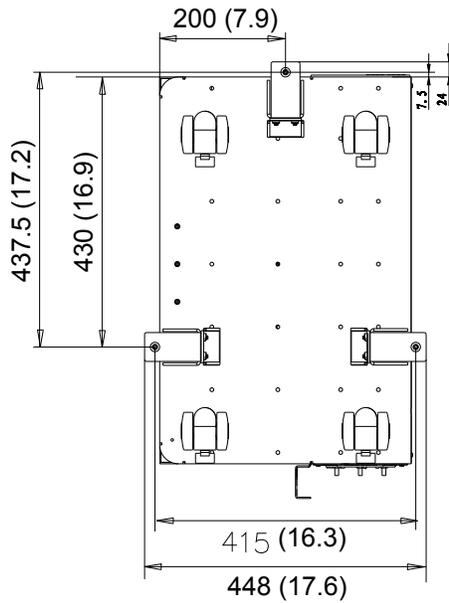
Unit: mm (in)



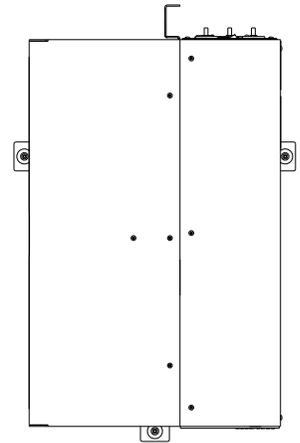
**SIDE VIEW**



**FRONT VIEW**

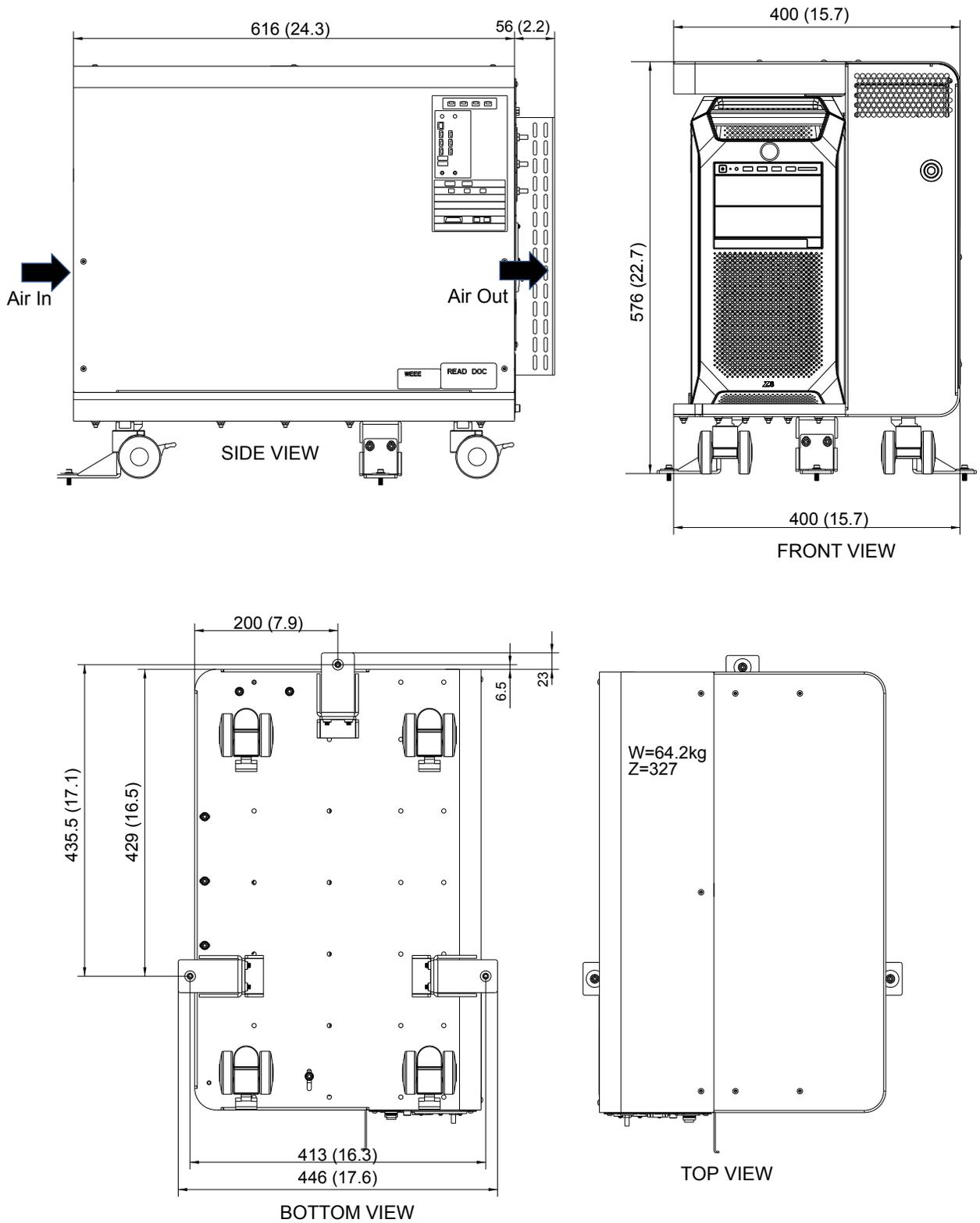


**BOTTOM VIEW**



**TOP VIEW**

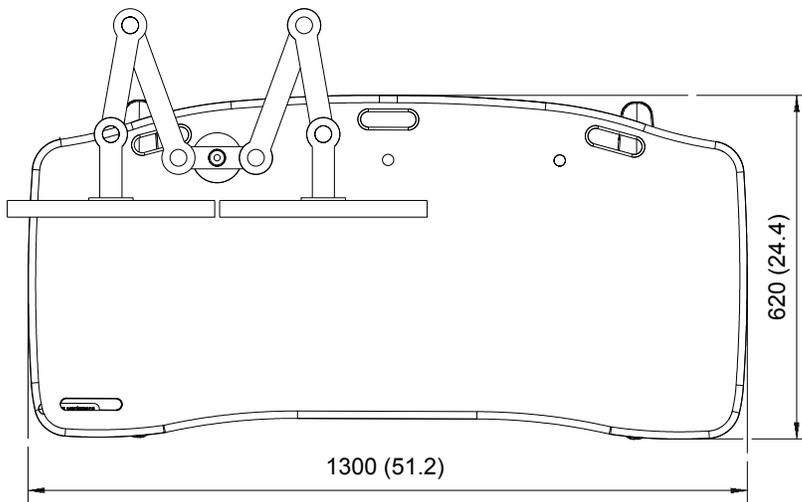
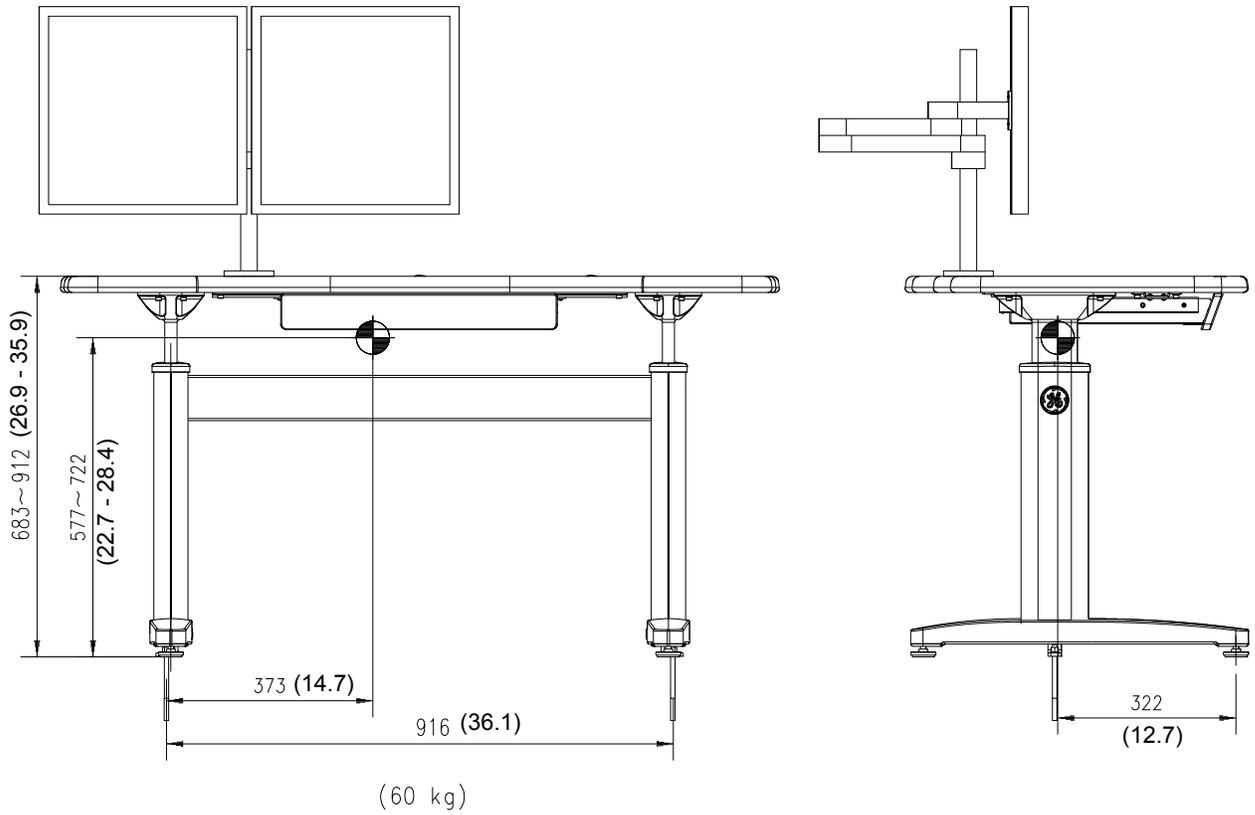
Figure 7-9 OpenOC Console with Z8G4 Dimensions



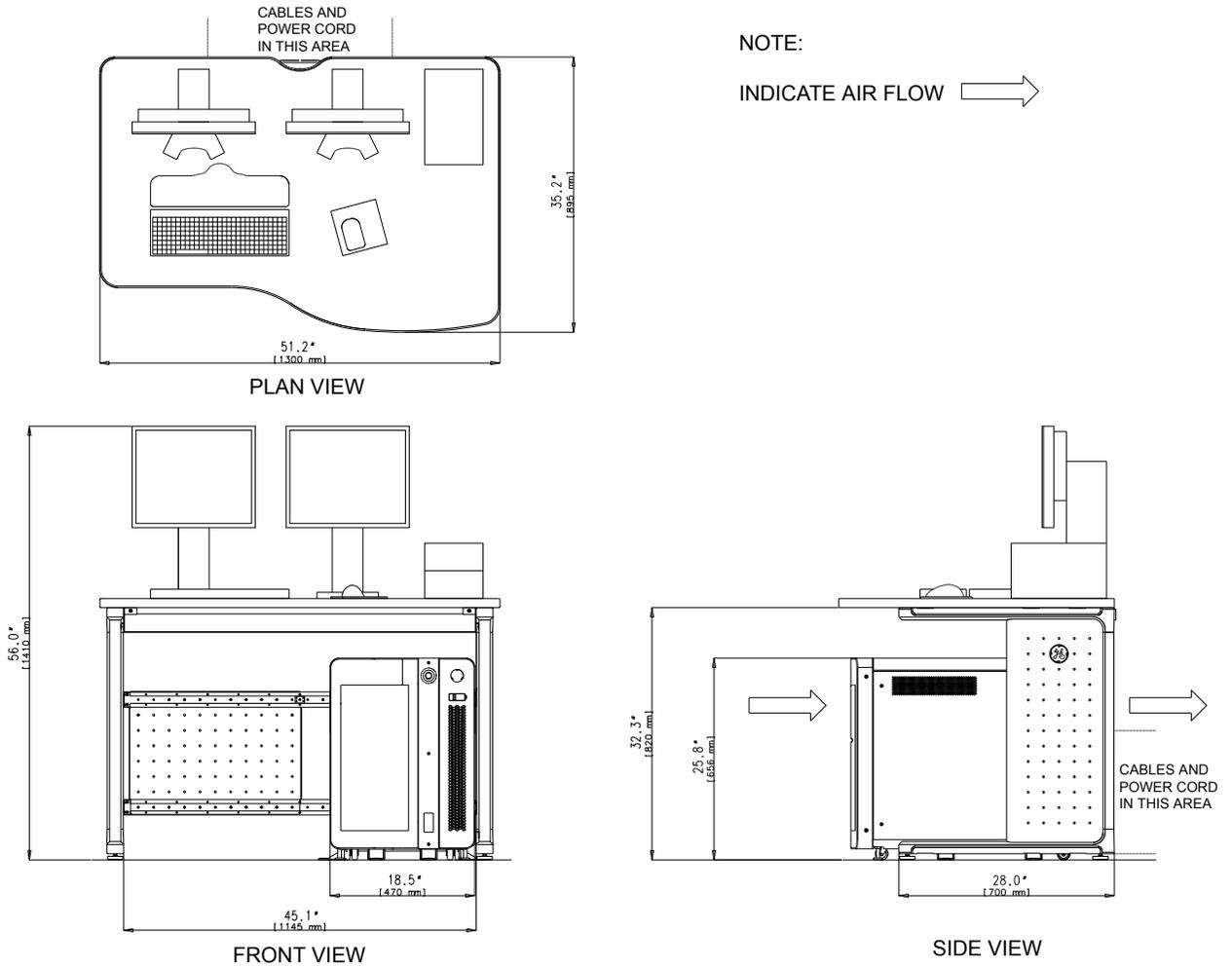
## 7.2.5 Workspace Table Dimensions

Figure 7-10 Freedom Workspace Table (part 5168666-3)

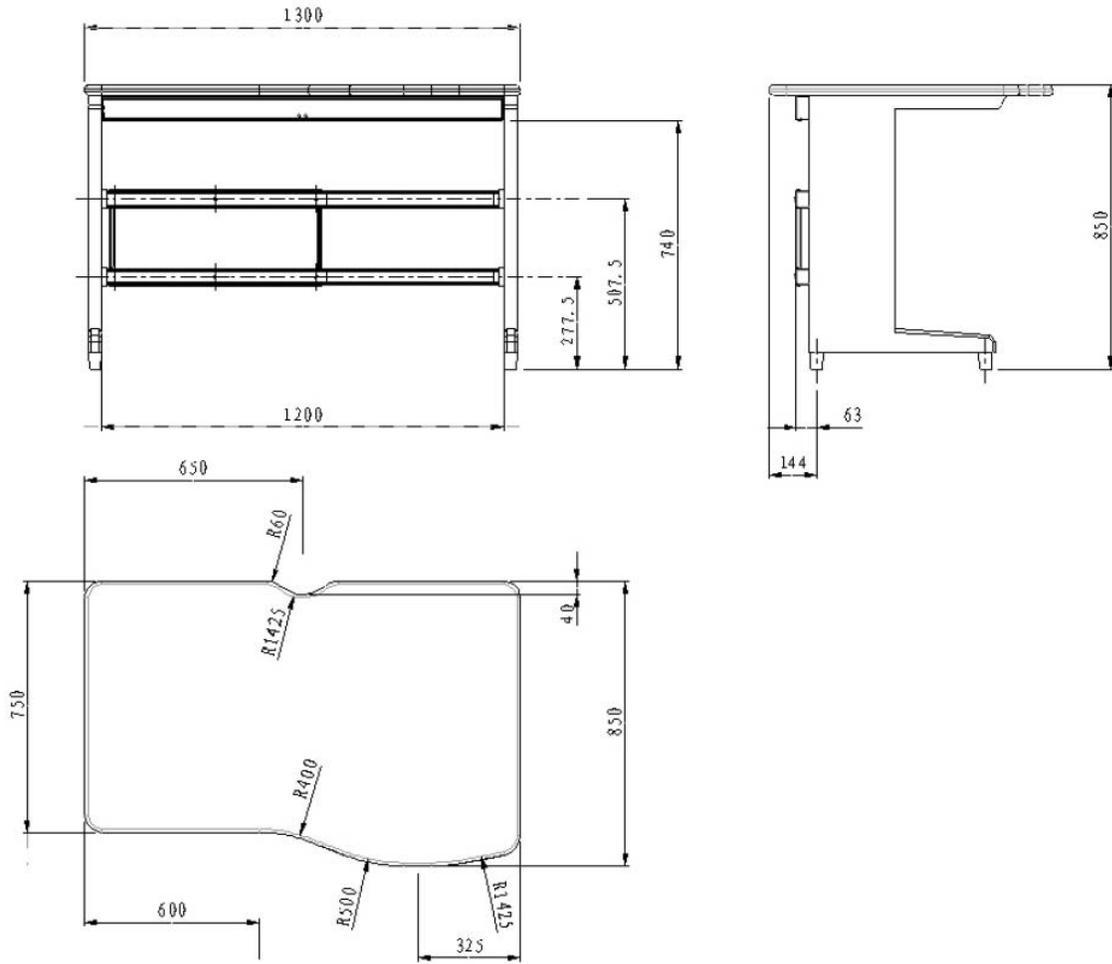
Unit: mm (in)



**Figure 7-11 Optima Table (part 5371587)**



**Figure 7-12 Aurora SWS Table (part 5449758-2)**



# Chapter 8 Structural and Mounting Requirements

## 8.1 Importance of Meeting Structural Requirements

System performance specifications require close consideration of the customer's floor properties. The information in this chapter provides critical information and guidelines that the customer or PMI should communicate to the architect, structural engineer, and contractor prior to construction or renovation. Failure to properly evaluate the customer's floor and ceiling properties may result in limited performance and possible safety hazards.

### 8.1.1 Levelness, Vibration, and Floor Loading

All floors, whether configured to use the recommended GE-supplied anchoring system or an equivalent anchoring method, must meet the system requirements for Levelness, Vibration and Floor Loading.

### 8.1.2 Seismic Loading

Local laws and building codes in some areas may require the customer's contractor and structural engineer to consider seismic loads. Seismic Mounting provides the information necessary for the customer's contractor and structural engineer to complete the proper seismic calculations.

### 8.1.3 Anchoring

[8.5 GE-Supplied Anchoring on page 80](#) lists the information necessary for the customer's contractor or structural engineer to properly implement the GE-supplied anchoring system, if appropriate for the site. Please note that local laws, building codes, seismic considerations, and building or structural limitations may require the use of anchoring methods other than the GE-supplied anchoring system. In such cases, responsibility for providing an equivalent anchoring method rests solely with the customer's contractor or structural engineer.

Consult your architect, structural engineer, contractor, or PMI to resolve any questions.

#### **NOTICE**

Responsibility for providing an approved support structure and mounting method for all floor types, other than those listed in this chapter, rests with the purchaser. General Electric accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support structure or anchoring method, including seismic mounting and anchoring. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed.

## 8.2 Ceiling Requirements

### 8.2.1 Regulatory Requirements

For systems with Suspension Options (Boom-in-Room or Depth Camera etc...), the overhead suspension shall be installed by strictly following the GEMS installation instruction. The system manufacturer

specifically disclaims any and all liability arising out of or relating to the use or performance of the suspension (including cables), including, without limitation, any liability or claims relating to patient injury, death, or the reliability of such suspension.

Where a Junction Plate is supplied and installed by the Purchaser of the system, the installation plate should comply with the applicable Regulation enforced in the country.



The customer's architect is responsible for designing and installing of all junction plates for ceiling mounted components. The system manufacturer will NOT inspect and test that the junction plate meets the loading capacity specified (recommend a 6x safety factor).

## 8.2.2 Ceiling Requirement for Boom-In-Room

The minimum ceiling height above the table and gantry shall measure at least 2286 mm (90 in.) or the minimum distance allowed by local laws and codes, whichever is greater, when measured from the floor to the finished ceiling or to the ceiling pedestal mounts of any ceiling-mounted components. The purchaser or their contractor shall complete the installation of all pedestals for ceiling-mounted components. The PMI will provide the necessary bolt hole information upon request.

The support structure for a ceiling-mounted option using a Mavig pedestal, requires a flush ceiling mounting plate. This flush ceiling mounting plate must be designed by a structural engineer and installed by a qualified contractor prior to the system installation.

### NOTE

A finished ceiling is required.

### 8.2.2.1 Ceiling Mounted Devices

If a ceiling mounted injector, remote monitor or other device is installed, it should be mounted in a position that allows for adequate patient and site personnel access to the table and gantry. It should not obstruct access to the gantry operator controls or interfere with patient loading. Refer to the table entitled Minimum Dimensions and Operational Clearances in System Component Dimensions chapter for minimum clearance requirements between the lowest points of the fixed ceiling mounted device and finished floor. The installation of any ceiling mounted device not specifically installed by GE Healthcare personnel shall be completed by the purchaser or their contractor. The GE Healthcare Project Manager will provide the necessary bolt hole information upon request.

### NOTE

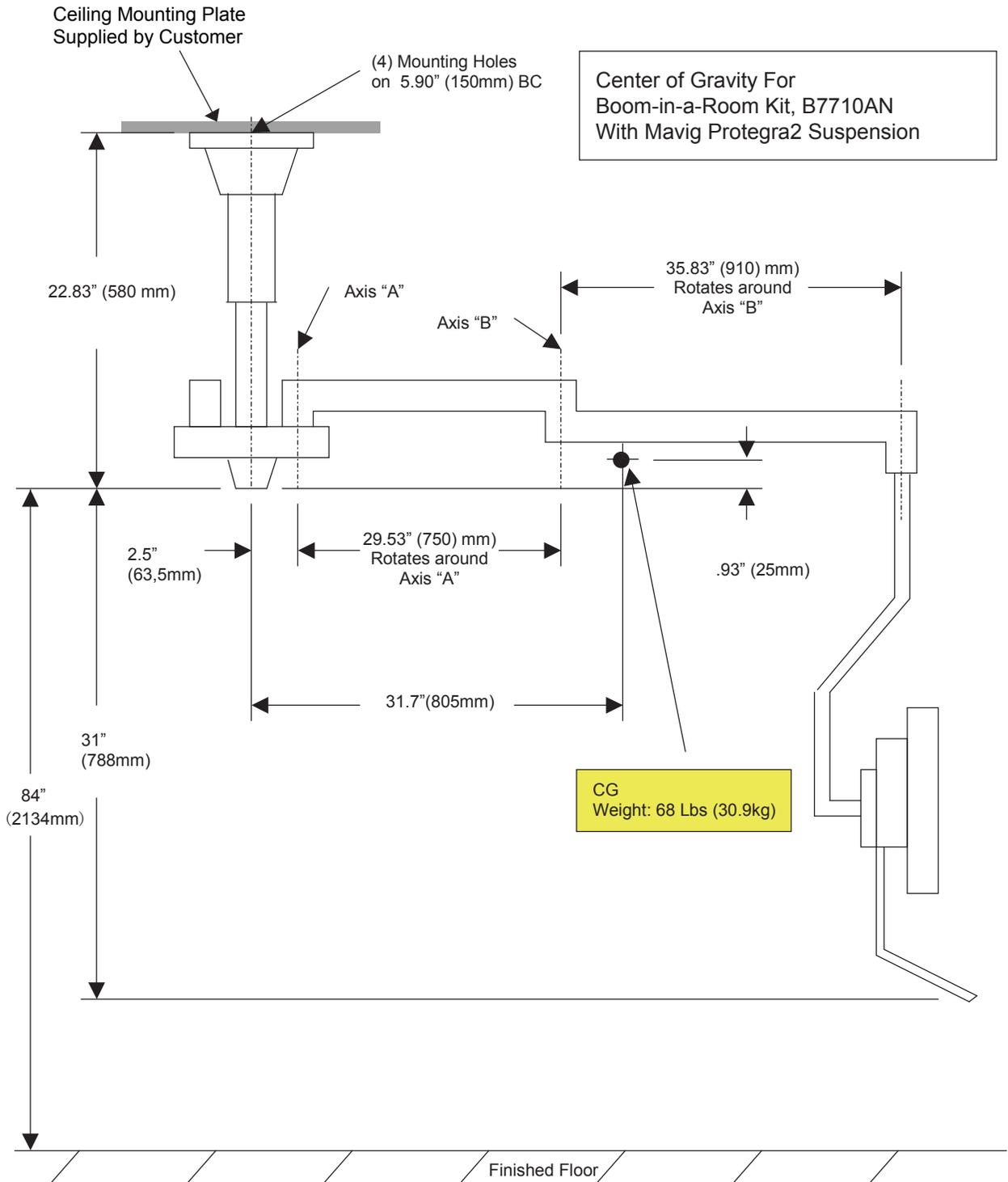
If a ceiling mounted boom-in-room monitor, it should NOT be mounted another arm with equipment (like injector etc..) on the same pedestal ceiling.

### 8.2.2.2 Pedestal Mounting Plate (Supplied by Customer)

The pedestal ceiling mount requires a flush ceiling mounting plate that is structurally supported to handle the weight of the load as shown in [Figure 8-1 Center of Gravity for Boom-In-Room Kits, shown on the site print on page 67](#).

Some options may required different option plates than those listed below. Refer to the options install manual to determine which plate is required.

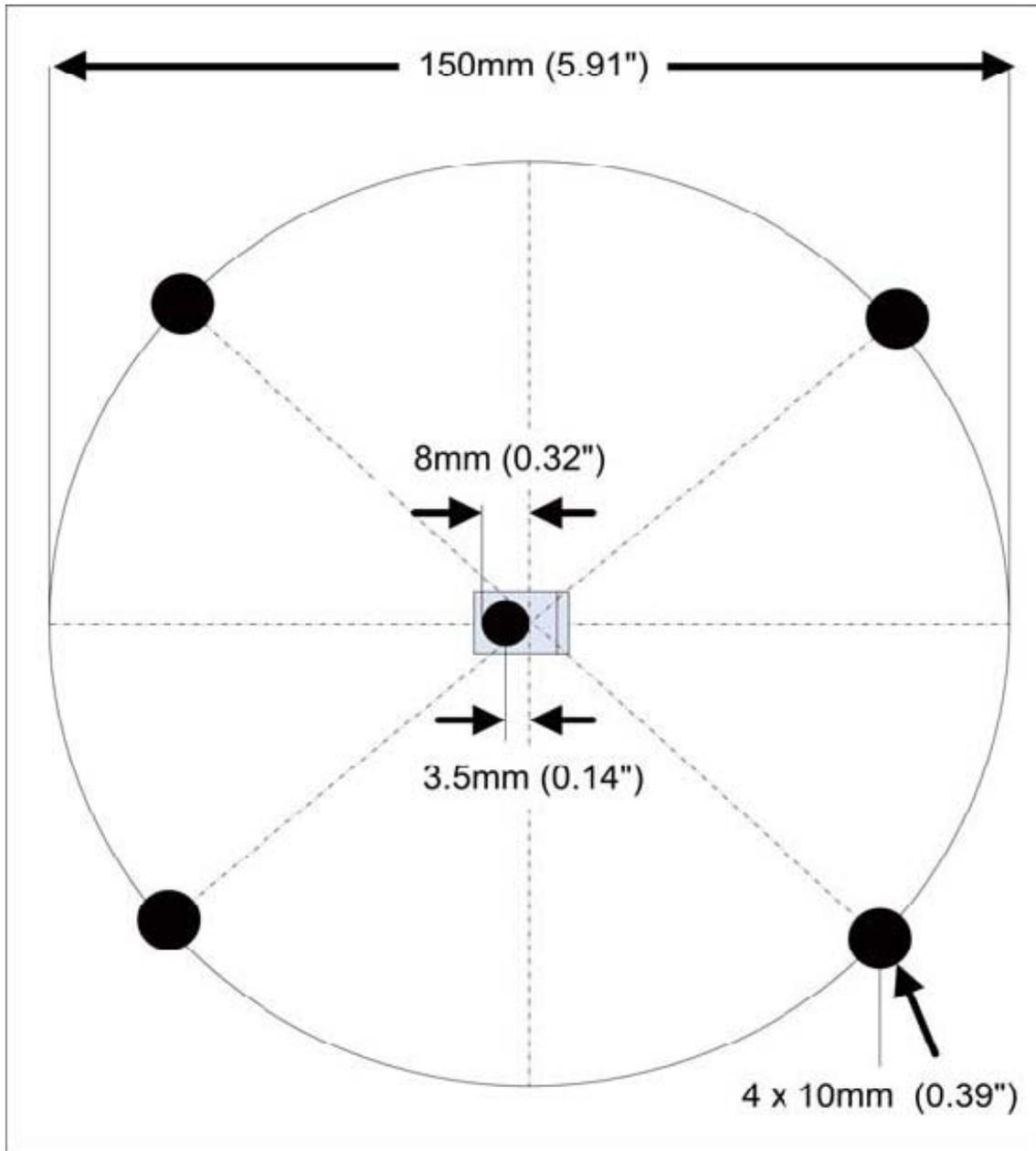
**Figure 8-1 Center of Gravity for Boom-In-Room Kits, shown on the site print**



**8.2.2.2.1 Mounting Plate for Boom-In-Room (B7710AN)**

If a structural contractor designed an equivalent plate, four (4)  $\Phi 14$  (0.55 in.) mounting holes are required to anchor the boom pedestal (with flat washer, lock washer and hex nut) to the boom mounting plate and one M8 (0.32 in.) hole is used to anchor the safety chain bracket assembly. One  $\Phi 15$  (0.59 in.) hole is used for the ground cable connection.



**Figure 8-3 Mounting Hole Pattern for Pedestal Mounting Plate**

### 8.2.2.3 Pedestal Height Requirement

The pedestal ceiling mount assembly must be installed at least 2134 mm (84 in) from the lowest point to the finished floor. (See [Figure 8-1 Center of Gravity for Boom-In-Room Kits, shown on the site print on page 67](#))

### 8.2.2.4 Junction Box Mounting Plate

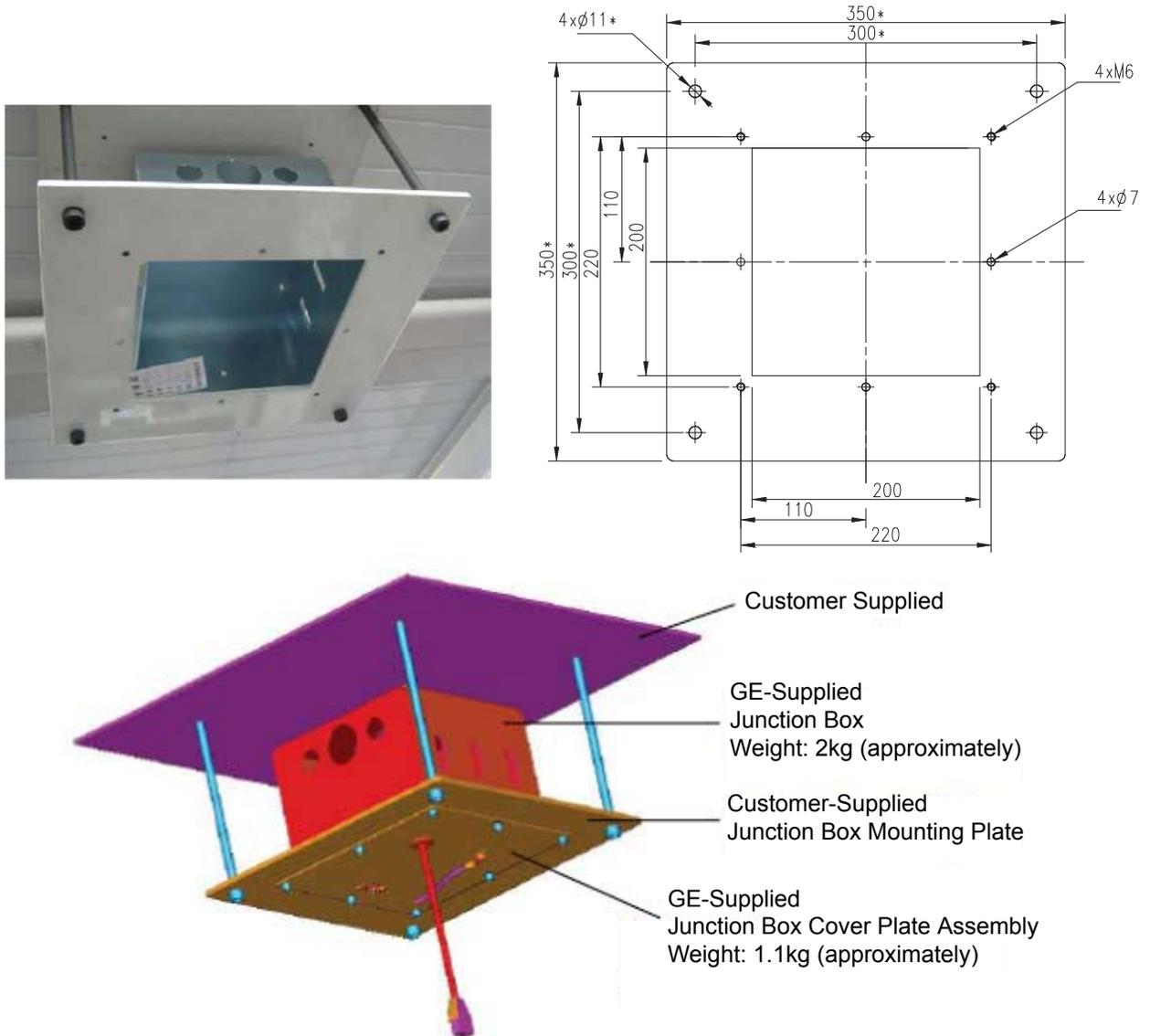
#### Mounting Plate for Boom-In-Room (B7710AN)

A 200 mm x 200 mm x 150 mm (7.9 in. x 7.9 in. x 5.9 in.) or equivalent junction box is required to be flush mounted next to the boom mounting plate. There should be two (2) conduits exiting into the junction box and the box grounded to the mounted plate. The junction box cover plate assy must be flush mounted to the junction box mounting plate, it's a 240 mm x 240 mm (9.4 in. x 9.4 in.) centered GE-supplied electrical cover plate assy.

**NOTE**

Additional mounting information is available on the Mavig website. Seismic information is also available on the same website.

**Figure 8-4 Junction Box Mounting/Ceiling Plate**



**Mounting Plate for Boom-In-Room (B7710LN)**

A 152 mm x 152 mm x 102 mm (6 in. x 6 in. x 4 in.) or equivalent ceiling box is required to be flush mounted next to the ceiling plate. There should be two (2) conduits exiting into the box and the box grounded to the mounted plate. The electrical box cover plate must be flush mounted to the finished ceiling and with provision to add a 102 mm x 102 mm (4 in. x 4 in.) centered GE-supplied electrical cover ceiling plate.

**NOTE**

Additional mounting information is available on the Mavig website. Seismic information is also available on the same website.

**Figure 8-5 Junction Box Mounting/Ceiling Plate**



## 8.3 Minimum Floor Requirements

### 8.3.1 Floor Levelness Specification

#### 8.3.1.1 Critical Specifications

Accurate patient positioning during scanning depends on proper alignment of the gantry and the table. The floor levelness specifications in [Table 8-1 CRITICAL SPECIFICATIONS for Floor Levelness on page 71](#) ensure that the table and gantry height adjusters have enough range to allow proper leveling of the system.

**Table 8-1 CRITICAL SPECIFICATIONS for Floor Levelness**

Specification	Metric (minimum)	English (minimum)
Levelness	6 mm maximum variance over 3048 mm	1/4 in. maximum variance over 10 ft

#### 8.3.1.2 Floor Levelness Guidelines

Consider the following factors when determining floor levelness:

- Factors that can disturb the levelness of a weak floor, including:
  - Moving weights such as gurneys or heavy personal equipment.
  - Changes in the system's center-of-gravity when the table moves, as the table can carry a load capacity of up to GT1700 Table with 227kg (500lbs) / High Capacity Table with 295kg (650lbs).
- Resilient tile, carpeting, or equivalent that may yield or compress over time. At sites with such floor coverings, be sure to cut away the tile or carpeting where the table and gantry adjusters touch the floor to expose the stable base material upon which to seat the adjusters.
- Floor shims are NOT PERMITTED.
- Refer to the steps listed in [8.3.1.3 Measuring Floor Levelness on page 72](#) to check whether the floor of the scan suite meets the floor levelness specifications for the system.

### 8.3.1.3 Measuring Floor Levelness

#### 8.3.1.3.1 GE Floor Template (P/N: 5164728)

**NOTE**

The floor template (5164728) NOT shipped with system anymore, PMI needs order the floor template if needed.

1. Using the GE Floor Template to establish the room layout and system location, locate the table and gantry anchor holes.

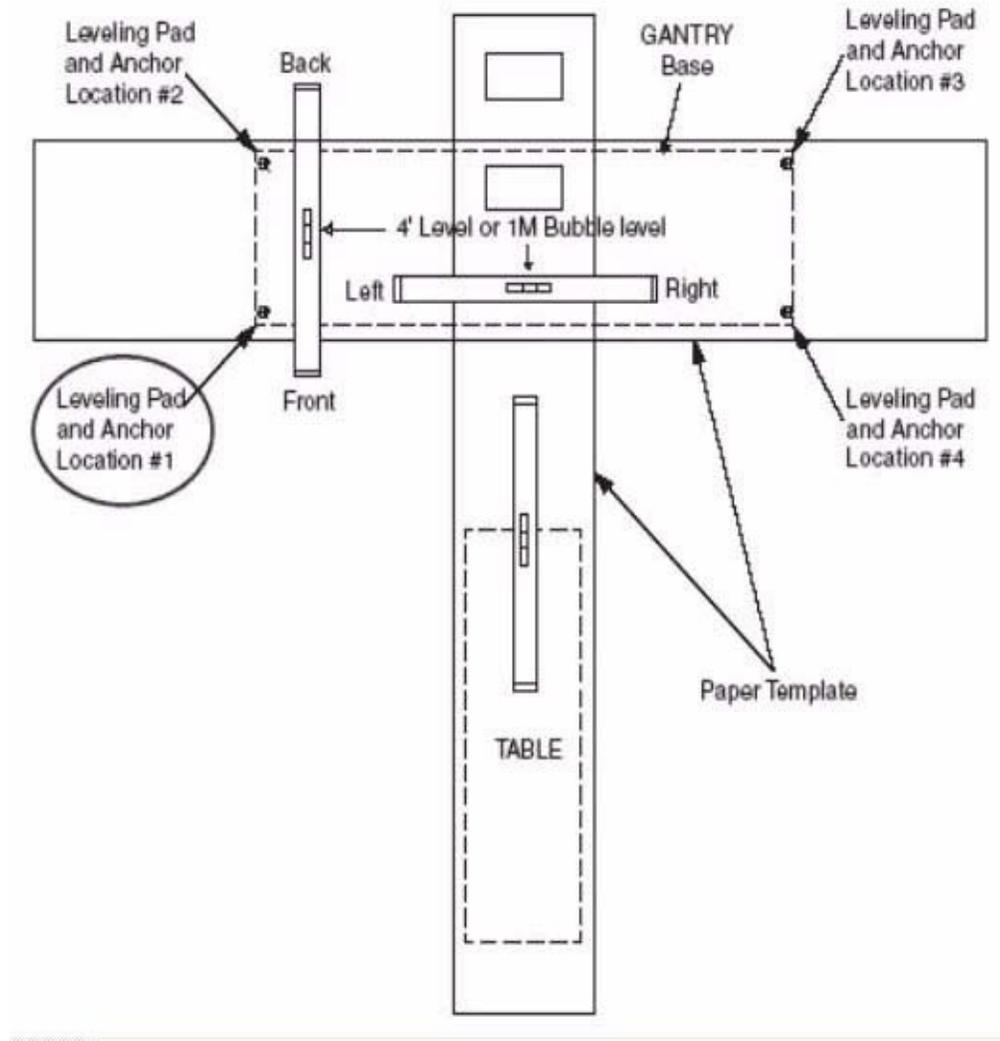
**NOTE**

To order a GE Floor Template, contact the GE Project Manager of Installation.

2. Place the gantry template on the floor and align it according to the GE site print.
3. Place the table template over the top of the gantry template, and align the scan and table center-line.
4. Secure the templates to the floor.
5. Use a laser to check the levelness of the floor across the entire area covered by the template, as shown in [Figure 8-6 Determining Floor Levelness on page 73](#).

**NOTE**

If the floor is not level, your system cannot be properly aligned.

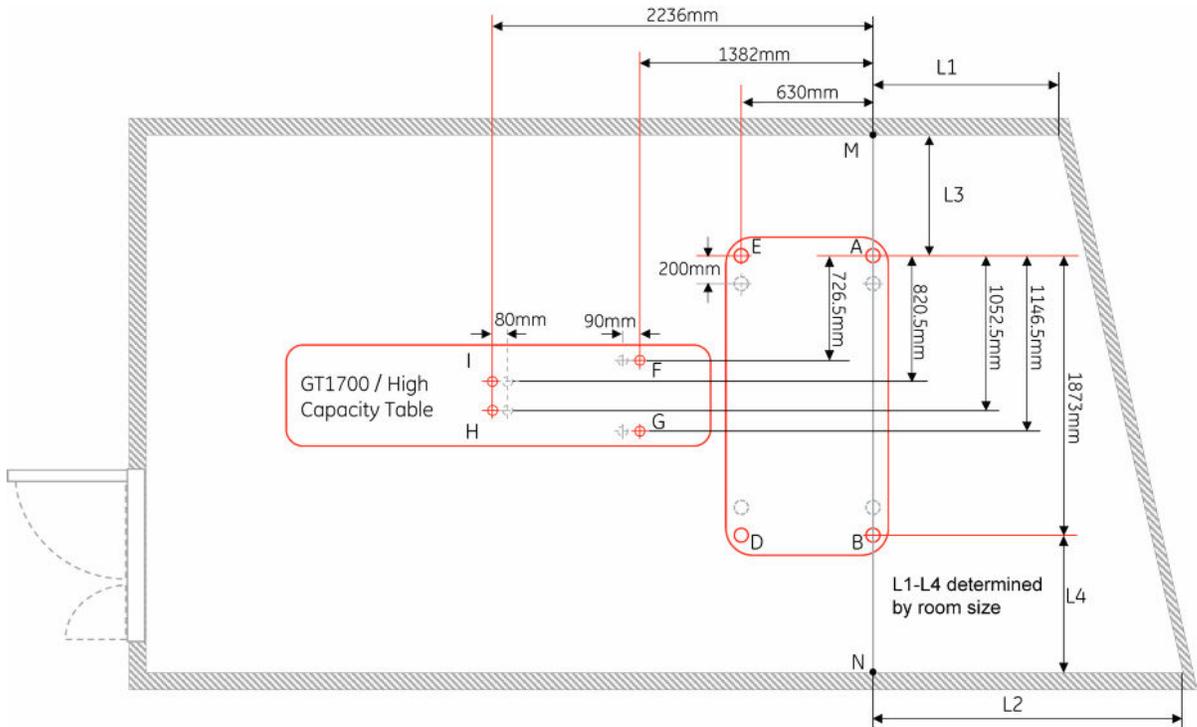
**Figure 8-6 Determining Floor Levelness**

### 8.3.1.3.2 GE Site CAD Drawing with Alignment Tool (5824714)

#### NOTE

The alignment tool (5824714) NOT shipped with system, and also available from your PMI / FE from GE tool warehouse. Use this to determine equipment layout and anchoring locations.

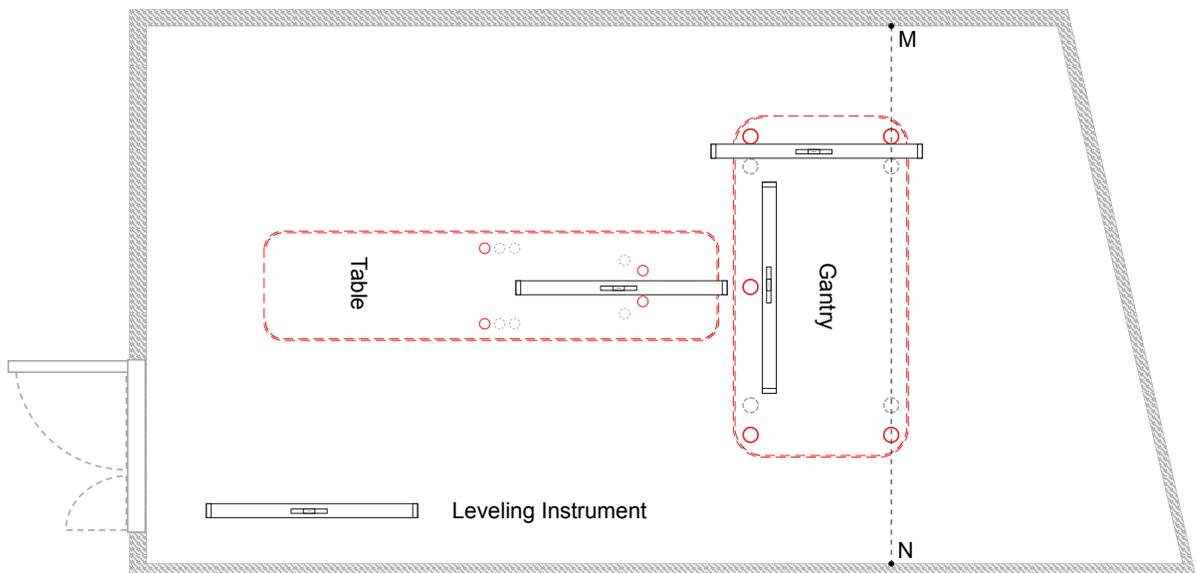
1. Identify the position of the gantry and table in the room per the GE print. If everything matches the GE print, continue. If not, please redo two points M and N identification.

**Figure 8-7 Site CAD Drawing**

2. Make sure there are no potential clearance issues. If there are floor obstructions, such as conduits or old anchors, be sure to cut them flush to the floor to prevent the gantry from resting on them. Also, be sure there is at least 102 mm (4 in.) of clearance between any existing floor penetration and the new gantry position.
3. Use a laser to check the floor levelness across the entire area covered by the gantry and the table (as shown in [Figure 8-8 Check Floor Levelness](#) on page 74) after determining and marking the position of the gantry and the table.

**NOTE**

If the floor is not level, your system cannot be properly aligned.

**Figure 8-8 Check Floor Levelness**

## 8.3.2 Scan Window

The recommended patient viewing window dimensions are 1219 mm wide x 1067 mm high (48 in. x 42 in.). The location of the window is dependent on the position of the operator workspace position. Consult Radiation Protection Requirements and a qualified radiological health physicist for radiation protection requirements of the window glass (lead content and thickness).

### NOTE

The operator at the operator workspace must be able to view the patient during a scan.

## 8.3.3 Floor Vibration Specification

### 8.3.3.1 Requirements

CT systems are sensitive to vibration and may display limited performance if exceeding the vibration limits listed below. The band of frequencies in which systems exhibit the most sensitivity appears at or near the resonant frequencies of the gantry and the patient table, the latter of which varies depending on patient mass and location. These frequencies fall within the following ranges:

- Patient Table: 2 - 10 Hz
- Gantry: 8 - 14 Hz

Floor vibration from any intermittent or continuous source, such as walking, running, exercising, mechanical equipment, and traffic, must not exceed the levels shown in [Figure 8-9 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#) or [Figure 8-10 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#), as represented by the solid line labeled CT system/Table. These figures compare this limit to the limits of what the AISC (American Institute of Steel Construction) and the ISO (International Organization for Standardization) call Class A (VC-A) and Class B (VC-B).

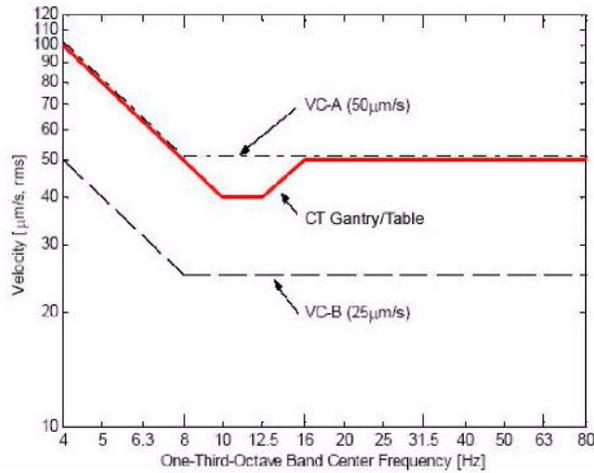
### NOTE

In [Figure 8-9 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#) and [Figure 8-10 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#) the symbol  $\mu$  represents  $10^{-6}$ .

The preferred format for measuring vibration is velocity versus frequency, as shown in [Figure 8-9 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#). However, should it prove necessary to measure acceleration and there is no means to convert the measured data to velocity, then use the equivalent acceleration limit shown in [Figure 8-10 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits on page 76](#), derived from the velocity spectrum.

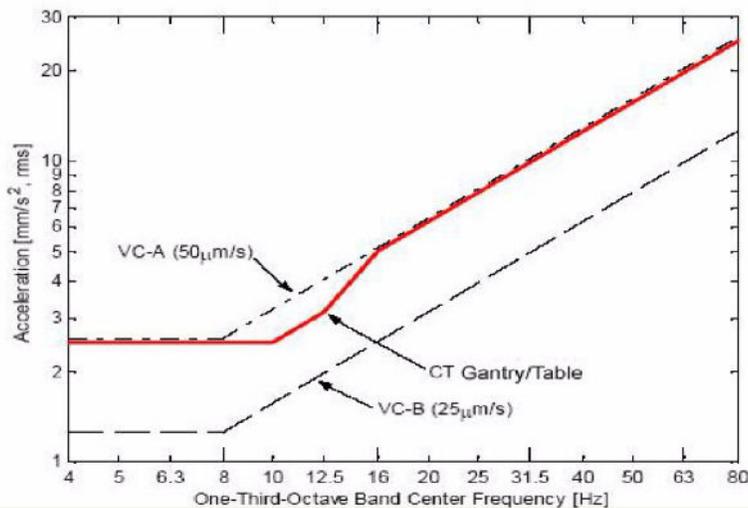
**Figure 8-9 Allowable floor vibration in velocity units compared to ISO class A & B limits**

Frequency [Hz]	Velocity [ $\mu\text{m/s}$ , rms]
4	100
10	40
12.5	40
16	50
80	50



**Figure 8-10 Allowable floor vibration in acceleration units compared to ISO class A & B limits**

Frequency [Hz]	Acceleration [ $\text{mm/s}^2$ , rms]
4	2.5
10	2.5
12.5	3.1
16	5
80	25



### 8.3.3.2 Sources of Floor Vibration

Consider that vibrations strong enough to affect the floor may emanate from the following sources in and around the scanning facility, requiring possible isolation of the floor or structure from them:

- Hospital power plants housing pumps, motors, air handling equipment, or air conditioning units
- Hallway foot traffic
- Elevators
- Parking lots
- Roadways
- Subways
- Trains
- Heliports

### 8.3.4 Floor Strength

Concrete floors must have a minimum strength of  $f'c = 2000$  psi ( $1.4 \times 10^7$  Pa) for mounting floor anchors. It is the responsibility of each customer to have appropriate tests performed to determine and measure concrete strength.

#### NOTE

If installing the GE scanner on a floor type thinner than a 102 mm (4 in.) concrete floor, the purchaser, at their expense, shall provide acceptable anchoring and mounting methods that meet all structural specifications provide in [8.3 Minimum Floor Requirements on page 71](#) of this Pre-Installation Manual.

## 8.4 Floor Loading and Component Weights

The customer's contractor and structural engineer should use the information in [Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 77](#) to help determine if the floor structure in the scan suite possesses sufficient strength to support the weight of the system.

**Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data**

System Component	NET Weight kg / lb / N	Overall W x D mm (in.)	Load Pattern mm (in.)	Normal Method of Mounting mm (in.) (GE Supplied) <sup>1</sup>
Gantry (with covers)	~1816 / ~4003 / ~17808	2448 x 1013 (96.4 x 39.9)	Rectangular base plate 700 x 2165.7 (27.6 x 85.26) with four round pads, each 63.5 (2.5) in contact with floor. Individual pad loadings are: 499kg (1100 lb), 518kg (1140 lb), 558kg (1230 lb), and 593kg (1306 lb)	Hilti Kwik-Bolt II 12.7mm (1/2 in) diameter by 203mm (8 in) long per P/N 2106573 at four leveling pads into concrete floor.
Dolly (each)	114 / 250 / 1118	-		
Top Cover (each)	11.2 / 24.6 / 110	-		
Side Cover (each)	11.3 / 25 / 111	-		
Front Cover	43 / 95 / 422	-		
Rear Cover	45 / 100 / 441	-		

**Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data** (Table continued)

System Component	NET Weight kg / lb / N	Overall W x D mm (in.)	Load Pattern mm (in.)	Normal Method of Mounting mm (in.) (GE Supplied) <sup>1</sup>
High Capacity Table with 295kg (650lbs) load capacity	813 / 1792 / 7860	650 x 2910 (25.6 x 114.5)	Four round 63.5 (2.5) pads: 19.7 x 40.3	Hilti Kwik-Bolt 5/8 in.diameter by 8 1/2 in. long per P/N 5314211 at the leveling pads into concrete floor.
GT1700 Table with 227kg (500lb) load capacity	673 / 1484 / 6595	650 x 2370 (25.6 x 93.3)	Four round 63.5 (2.5) pads: 19.7 x 40.3	Hilti Kwik-Bolt II 12.7mm (1/2 in) diameter by 203mm (8 in) long per P/N 2106573 at leveling pads into concrete floor.
Footswitch (GT)	15 / 33 / 147	-	-	-
Power Distribution Unit	~370 / ~815 / ~3626	700 x 550 (27.5 x 21.6)	Four Casters support area of 700 x 550 (27.5 x 21.6)	Casters are for positioning and service. Set on floor. May be anchored to floor using angle brackets <sup>2</sup> in seismic zones.
True-In-One Console	87 / 192 / 853	470 x 740 (18.5 x 29.2)	Four Casters support	-
NIO Console	80 / 176 / 784	470 x 740 (18.5 x 29.2)	Four Casters support	-
OpenOC Console	65.1 / 143.5 / 637	400 x 672 (15.7 x 26.4)	Four Casters support	-
LCD Monitor (each)	10 / 22 / 98	415 x 453 (16.3 x 17.8)	-	-
Freedom Workspace (5168666-3)	44 / 97 / 431	1300 / 620 (51 x 24)	-	-
Optima Table (5371587)	57 / 126 / 559	1300 x 895 (51 x 35)	-	-
SWS Desk (5449758-2)	40 / 88 / 392	1300 x 850 (51 x 33)	-	-
<sup>1</sup> <b>Note:</b> Use the GE Supplied mounting hardware ONLY IF APPROVED by qualified personnel.				
<sup>2</sup> <b>Note:</b> Seismic angle brackets are included and shipped with the PDU.				

## 8.4.1 Floor Loading and Anchoring Guidelines

Follow the floor loading and anchoring guidelines below when preparing a site for system installation:

- The table and gantry require secure anchoring to the scan room floor. The power distribution unit and the console sit on the floor with casters; anchoring of these components to the floor is optional, unless required because of seismic considerations.
- For total floor load of system with GT1700/High Capacity Table and no UPS, refer to [Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 77](#).
- When carrying the heaviest possible patient, the table-gantry-footswitch assembly represents a concentrated load within the scan room. Refer to [Table 8-2 Component Weight and Floor Loading Data on page 77](#) for total weight.

- Anchors mount through the table and gantry supports. Use the gantry/table alignment tool to locate the table and gantry support positions within the scan room, making sure that any anchors that pass through the supports clear all structural beams and interferences in the floor.
- If a loading analysis determines that the gantry and table position should change relative to their position on the GE site print, be sure to take into account the clearance requirements in [Chapter 4 Regulatory Requirements on page 37](#) and [Chapter 5 Service Clearance Requirements on page 39](#) when determining an appropriate location for the system.
- Hospitals and scanning facilities throughout the world should follow the instructions and adhere to the flooring requirements specified by GE:
  - Wood floors often require substantial reinforcements, hence GE strongly suggest not to use wooden floors for anchoring table and gantry.
  - Temperature variation in blacktop or marble floors allow anchor movement and pullout, hence GE strongly suggests not to use these floors for anchoring table and gantry.
  - GE recommends using concrete floors with a minimum thickness of 102 mm (4 in.) for Gantry / GT1700 Table and 110 mm (4-1/3 in.) for High Capacity Table. [Table 8-4 Gantry and Table Anchoring Requirements on page 81](#) describe embedment depth, hole depth, minimum concrete thickness etc. for table anchoring.
  - Customers should use GE supplied/specified anchors only.



#### ESSENTIAL TO SAFETY!

GE strongly suggests not to use any alternate anchoring methods; GE accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support or the anchoring method, including those used for seismic mounting. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed. The customer is responsible for meeting all code requirements specific to the site and for this product when using alternate system anchoring.

## 8.4.2 Anchor Edge Distance Definition

The edge distance of Gantry and Table floor anchor must meet following requirements:

- **Gantry and GT1700 Table:** Using Hilti Kwik 0.5inch Dia\*8 inch long anchor (P/N: 2106573)  
The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of Gantry and Table should not be less than 178mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength  $f_{RN}$
- **Gantry and GT1700 Table:** Using Hilti Kwik 0.5inch Dia\*7 inch long anchor (P/N: 5487992-2)  
The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of Gantry and Table should not be less than 178mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength  $f_{RN}$
- **High Capacity Table:** Using Hilti Kwik 5/8inch Dia\*8.5 inch long anchor (P/N: 5314211)  
The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of Table should not be less than 254mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength  $f_{RN}$
- **Gantry and Table:** Using Hilti Kwik 0.5inch Dia\*7 inch long anchor (P/N: 5874830-2)  
The distance from CL of anchor to the edge of concrete basement of Gantry and Table should not be less than 178mm, which is necessary to keep anchor full tension strength  $f_{RN}$

**NOTICE**

Responsibility for providing an approved support structure and mounting method for all floor types other than the GE-recommended floor rests with the purchaser. General Electric accepts no responsibility for any failure of the support structure or anchoring method, including those used for seismic mounting. GE accepts no responsibility for methods other than those listed.

## 8.5 GE-Supplied Anchoring

GE supplies anchors for mounting the table and gantry. The console and power distribution unit do not require anchoring to the floor. It is the responsibility of the customer to have a structural engineer and trained contractor to use either the GE-supplied anchoring method or to provide an equivalent anchoring method to mount the table and gantry to the floor. Consult your architect, structural engineer, contractor, or PMI to resolve any questions.

**WARNING**

POTENTIAL FOR PATIENT INJURY!

AN IMPROPERLY SECURED SYSTEM WILL CAUSE DAMAGE OR PERSONAL INJURY.

SYSTEM CAN MOVE OR TIP DURING OPERATION IF NOT PROPERLY SECURED.

PATIENT SAFETY DURING SYSTEM OPERATION REQUIRES PROPER ANCHORING OF THE SYSTEM.

### 8.5.1 Specifications of GE-supplied Anchors

Table 8-3 GE-Supplied Anchor Specifications on page 80 lists the specifications of GE-supplied anchors for the system. There are three types of anchors used in this product. For a detailed view, including dimensions and additional specifications, see Table 8-4 Gantry and Table Anchoring Requirements on page 81 of this section.

**Table 8-3 GE-Supplied Anchor Specifications**

GE-Supplied Anchors	Gantry and GT1700 Table		High Capacity Table	Gantry and Table
Part Number	2106573	5487992-2	5314211	5874830-2
Description	Hilti Kwik Bolt 2	Hilti Kwik Bolt 3	Hilti Kwik Bolt 3	Hilti Kwik Bolt 1
Diameter	12.7 mm (0.5 in.)	12.7 mm (0.5 in.)	15.9 mm (0.625 in.)	12.7 mm (0.5 in.)
Length	203 mm (8 in.)	178 mm (7 in.)	216 mm (8-1/2 in.)	178 mm (7 in.)

### 8.5.2 Requirements for Using GE-supplied Anchors

Use of GE-supplied anchors shall adhere to the following requirements:

- Use the GE-supplied anchors ONLY when mounting components on concrete floors.
- Adhere to all anchoring requirements listed in Table 8-4 Gantry and Table Anchoring Requirements on page 81.

- Any anchors showing more than specified length of thread above the torqued nut requires the installation of a second anchor in the closest adjacent mounting location. The second anchor shall meet the same requirements in [Table 8-4 Gantry and Table Anchoring Requirements on page 81](#).
- Non-seismic installations must use a minimum of four (4) anchors to mount the gantry and four (4) anchors to mount the table.
- Fully engage the Adjuster Lock Rings (P/N 2106207) with at least one full thread showing below the notched portion on the Adjuster Screw.

**Table 8-4 Gantry and Table Anchoring Requirements**

Mounting Requirements	Gantry and GT1700 Table		High Capacity Table	Gantry and Table
	Anchor P/N 2106573	Anchor P/N 5487992-2	Anchor P/N 5314211	Anchor P/N 5874830-2
Minimum Floor Thickness	102 mm (4 in.)	102 mm (4 in.)	110 mm (4.33 in.)	102 mm (4 in.)
Recommended Drilling Depth	91 mm (3.58 in.)	85 mm (3.35 in.)	100 mm (3.94 in.)	85 mm (3.35 in.)
Minimum Anchor Embedment	78 mm (3.07 in.)	75 mm (2.95 in.)	90 mm (3.54 in.)	75 mm (2.95 in.)
Available Alternate Anchor Locations	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Shipped Anchor Size	203 mm (8 in.)	178 mm (7 in.)	216 mm (5.51 in.)	178 mm (7 in.)
Alternate Anchoring Methods	Yes (see note, above)			
Floor Levelness Requirement	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)	6 mm (1/4 in.) over 3 m (10 ft)

If the Installers cannot set at four anchors for GT1700 or High capacity table, the installer must inform the customer that the minimum anchoring cannot be met, and a structural engineering contractor is required to determine the anchoring method and certify that their anchoring meets the stated GE minimum load requirement and torque specifications.

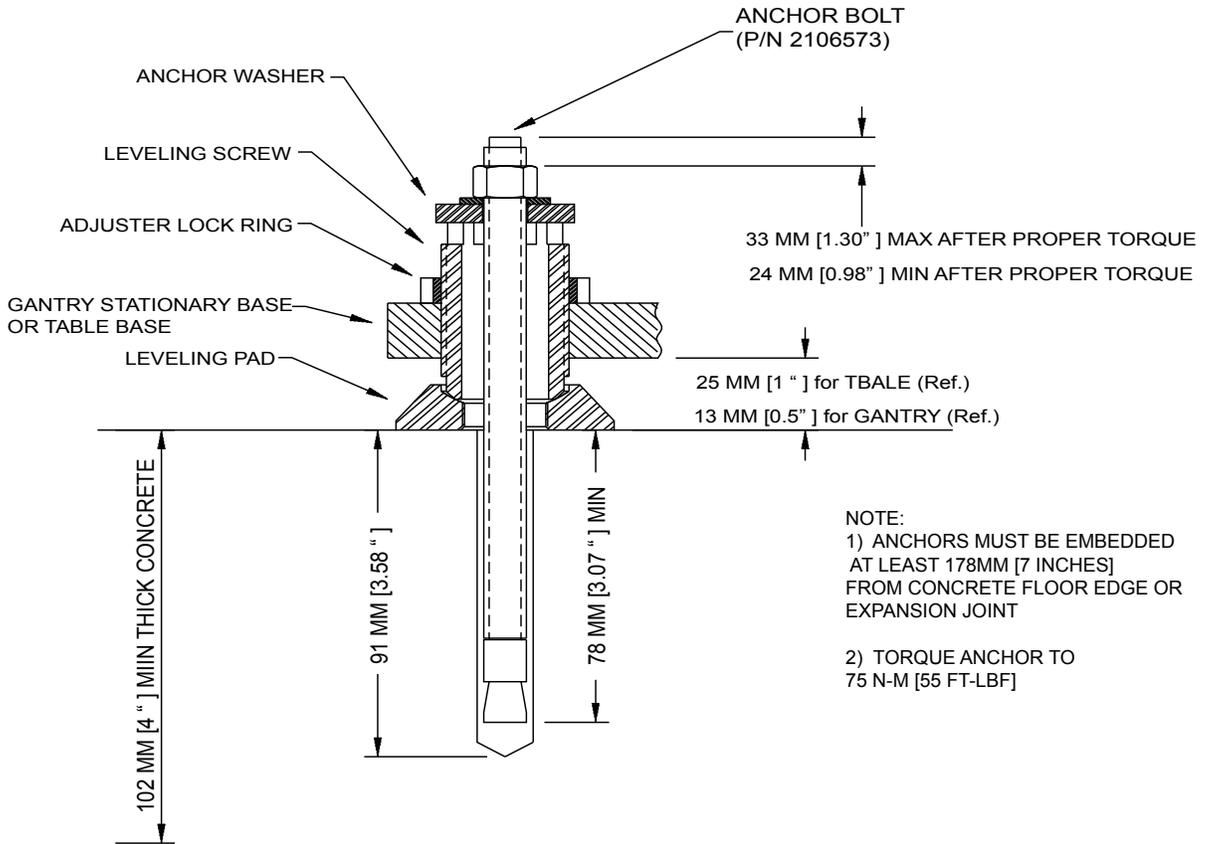
**NOTE**

All other anchoring methods on floor types other than the concrete minimum must be determined at the customer's expense by a structural engineering contractor, and anchoring method must be certified to meet the stated GE minimum load requirement and torque specification.

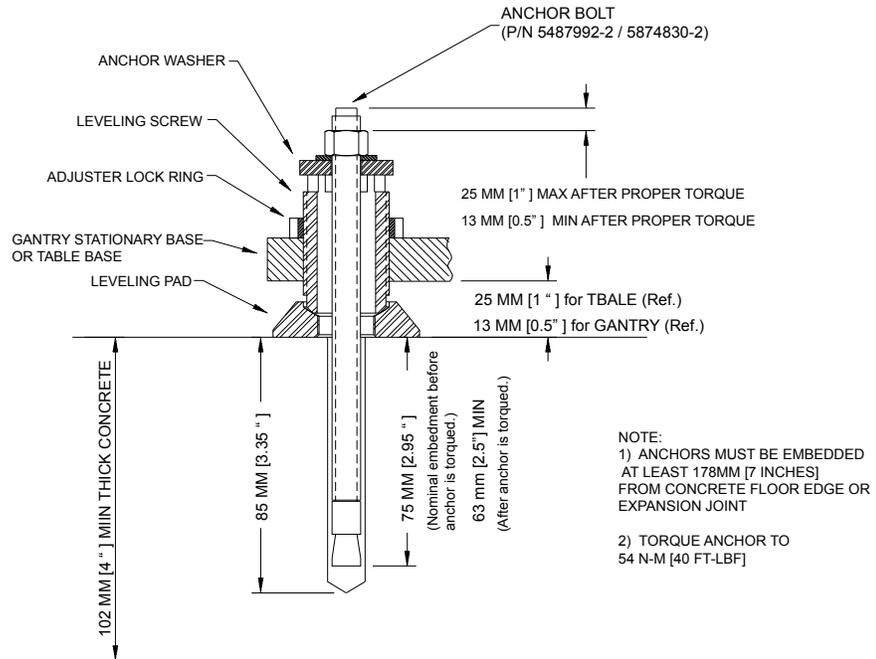
**NOTE**

If installing the GE scanner on a floor type other than 102 mm (4 in.) concrete floor, all structural specifications in this document must be reviewed and met. For High Capacity Table, minimum floor thickness is 110 mm (4.33 in.)

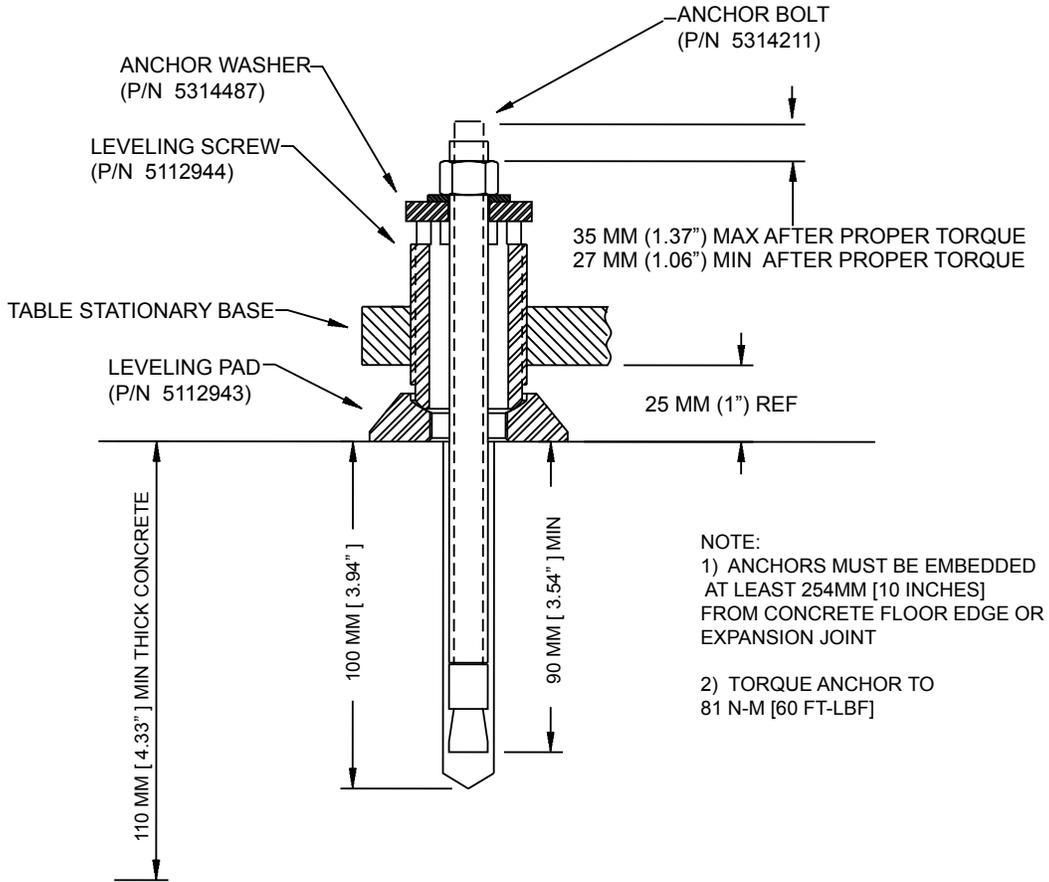
**Figure 8-11 Gantry and GT1700 Table Anchoring with 2106573 (8 in.) Anchor Bolt**

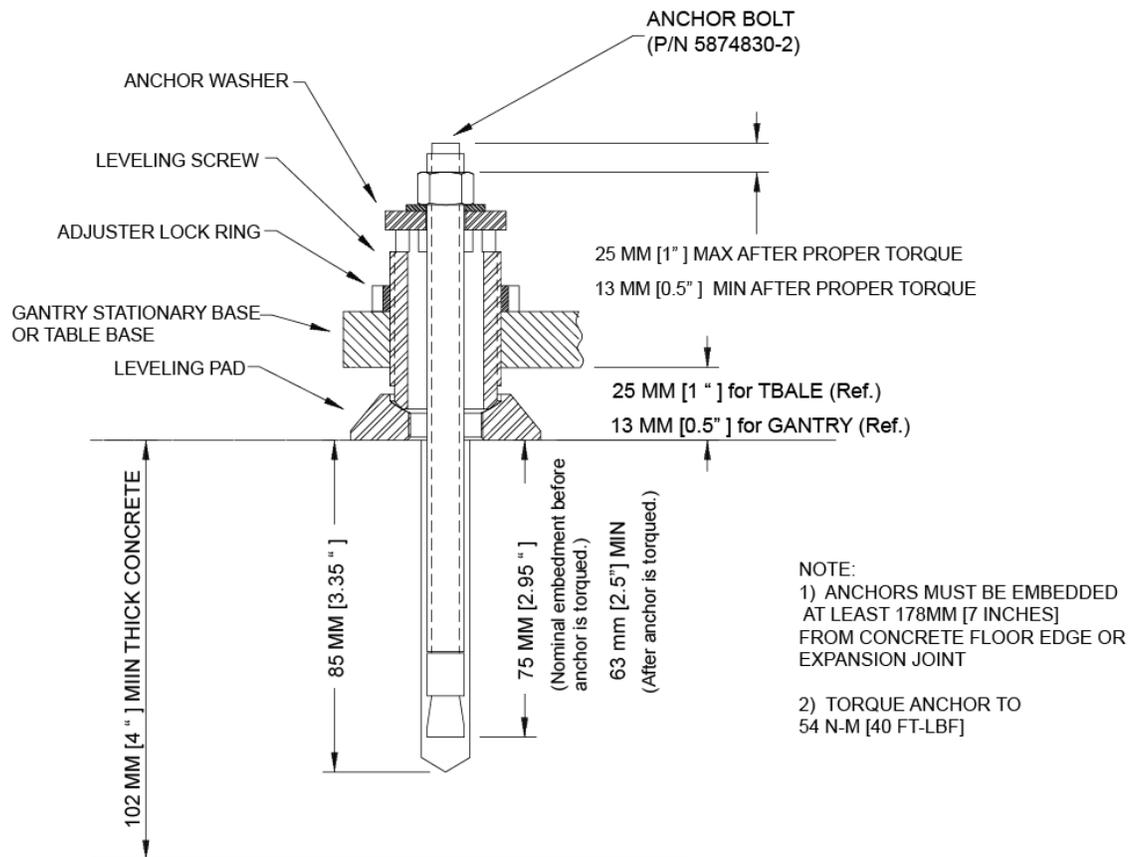


**Figure 8-12 Gantry and GT1700 Table Anchoring with 5487992-2 (7 in.) Anchor Bolt**



**Figure 8-13 High Capacity Table Anchoring with 5314211 Anchor Bolt**



**Figure 8-14 Gantry and Table Anchoring with 5874830-2 (7 in.) Anchor Bolt**

## 8.6 Seismic Mounting

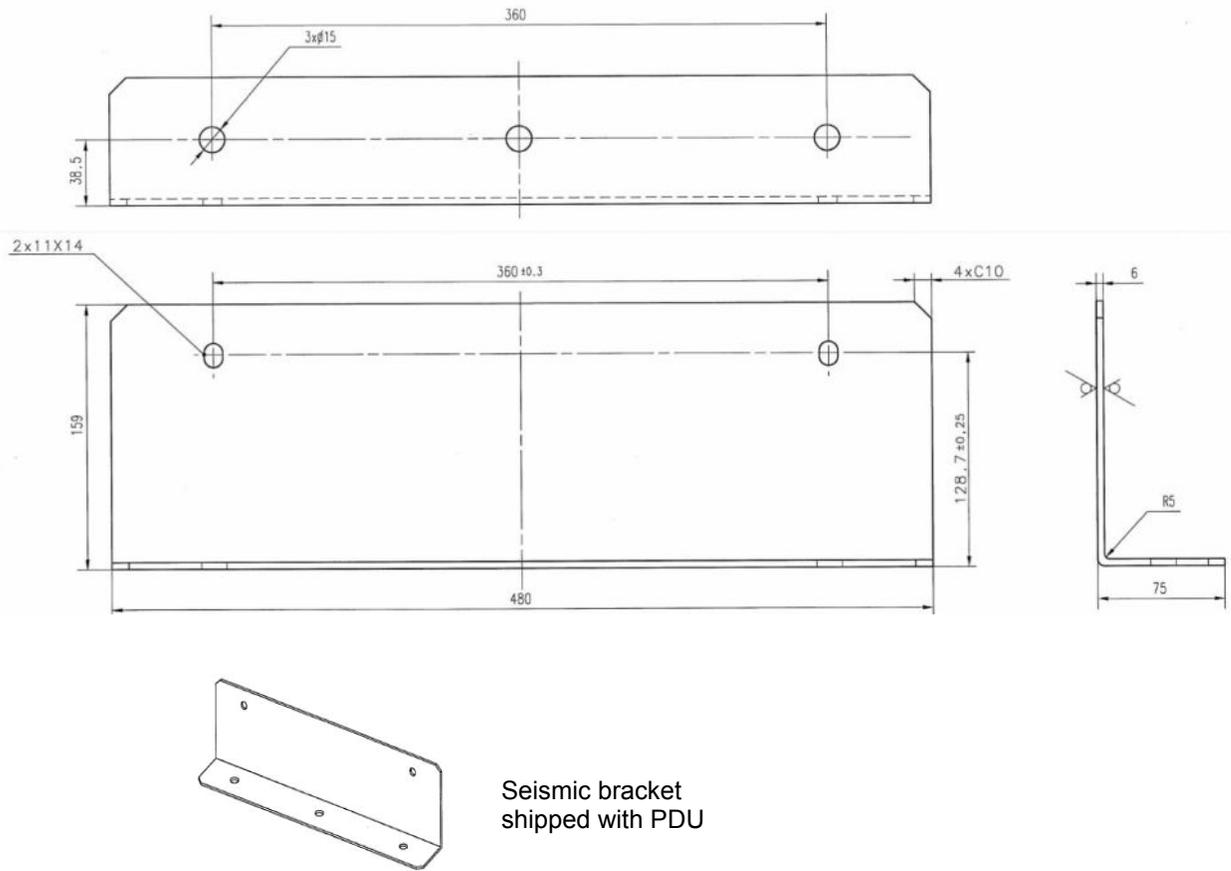
### 8.6.1 Overview

Refer to the guidelines in this section when mounting the system in seismic zones:

- Responsibility for proper seismic mounting rests with the customer. Refer to all applicable laws and codes for your locality.
- The customer's contractor often supplies a state-certified print or equivalent, showing seismic installation instructions.
- Consider seismic requirements for ceiling-mounted fixtures and refer to the appropriate installation instructions for ceiling-mounted fixtures.

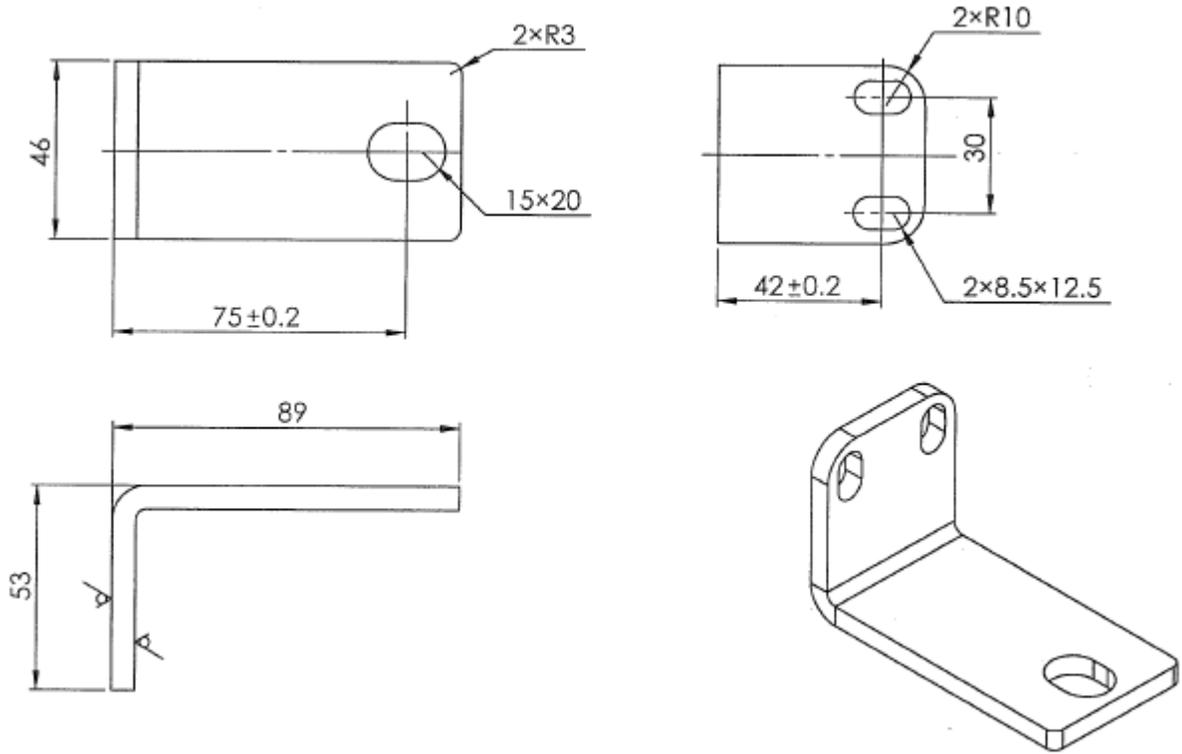
**(For NGPDU seismic:)** PDU seismic brackets (2354563-2) and the PDU shipping kit (5453382-2) are shipped with the PDU. Detail bracket Installation procedure refer to Installation Manual.

**Figure 8-15 PDU Anti Seismic Bracket (2354563-2)**



**(For TIO Console seismic:)** Console seismic brackets are included in Anti-Seismic Kit (5394347).

**Figure 8-16 TIO Console Seismic Bracket (5332954)**

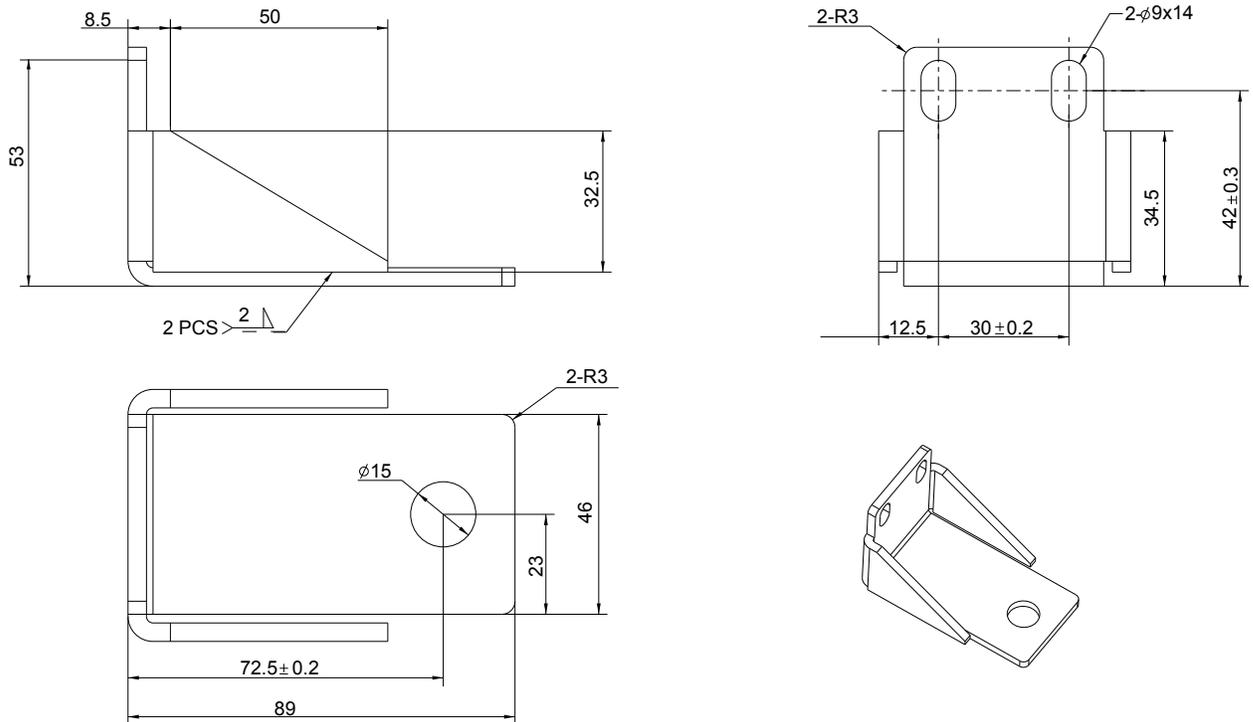


(For NIO Console seismic:) Console seismic brackets are included in Console Seismic Kit (5394347-2).

**Figure 8-17 NIO Console Seismic Bracket (5357148)**

Material: STEEL Q/BQB 403 DCO1 FB

Thickness 4.0mm

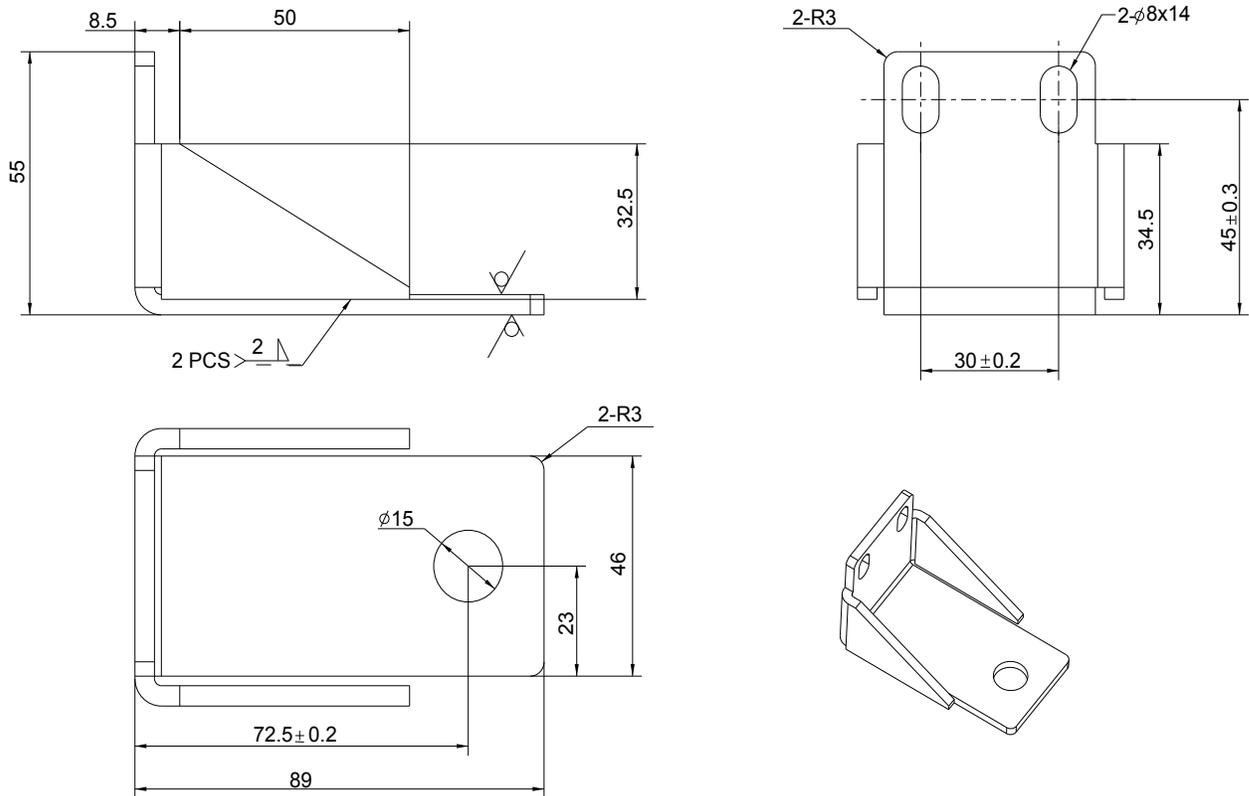


**(For Open Console seismic:)** Console seismic brackets are included in Console Seismic Kit (5812703-2).

**Figure 8-18 Open Console Seismic Bracket (5357148-3)**

Material: STEEL Q/BQB 403 DCO1 FB

Thickness 4.0mm

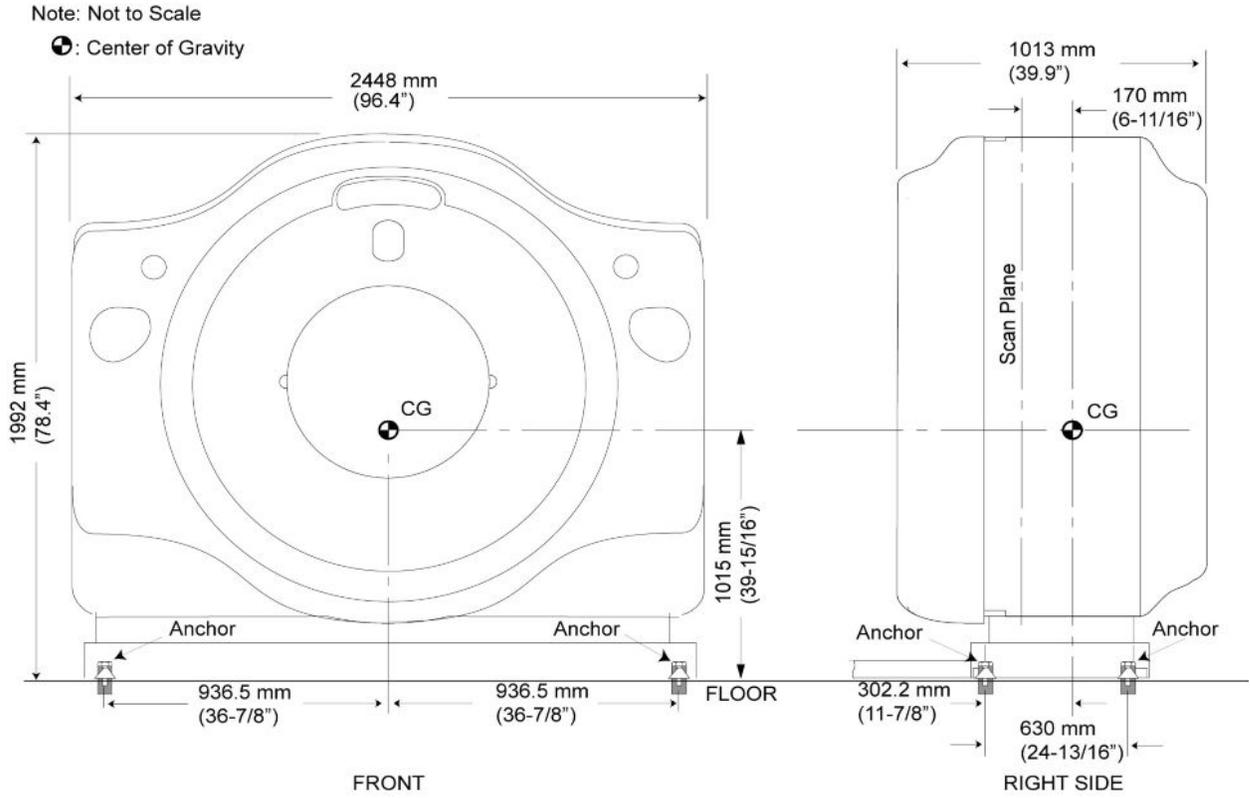


## 8.6.2 Center-of-Gravity Information

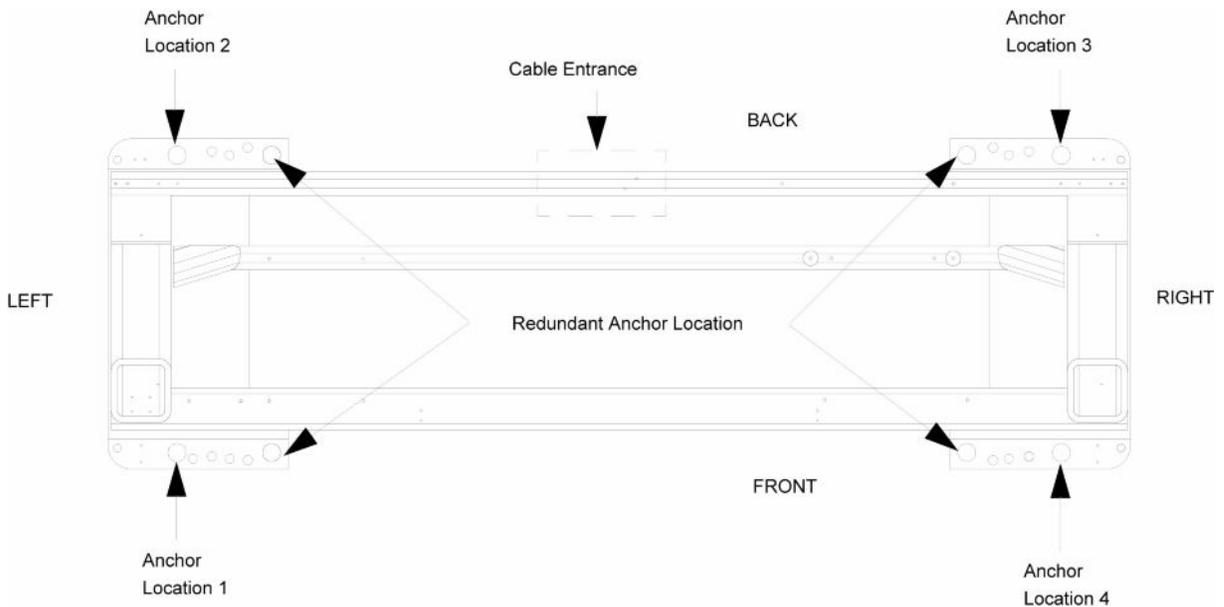
The information in the following figures provides the customer's contractor and/or structural engineer with center-of-gravity information to assist in seismic calculations for the system:

- Gantry: [Figure 8-19 Gantry Center of Gravity on page 89](#)
- Table: [Figure 8-21 GT1700 Table Center-of-Gravity on page 90](#) and [Figure 8-22 High Capacity Table Center-of-Gravity on page 91](#)
- Console: [Figure 8-23 TIO Console Center of Gravity on page 92](#), [Figure 8-24 NIO Console Center of Gravity on page 93](#) and [Figure 8-25 OpenOC Console with Z840 Center of Gravity on page 94](#)
- Power Distribution Unit: [Figure 8-27 PDU Center of Gravity on page 96](#) (PDU Seismic Mounting Bracket)

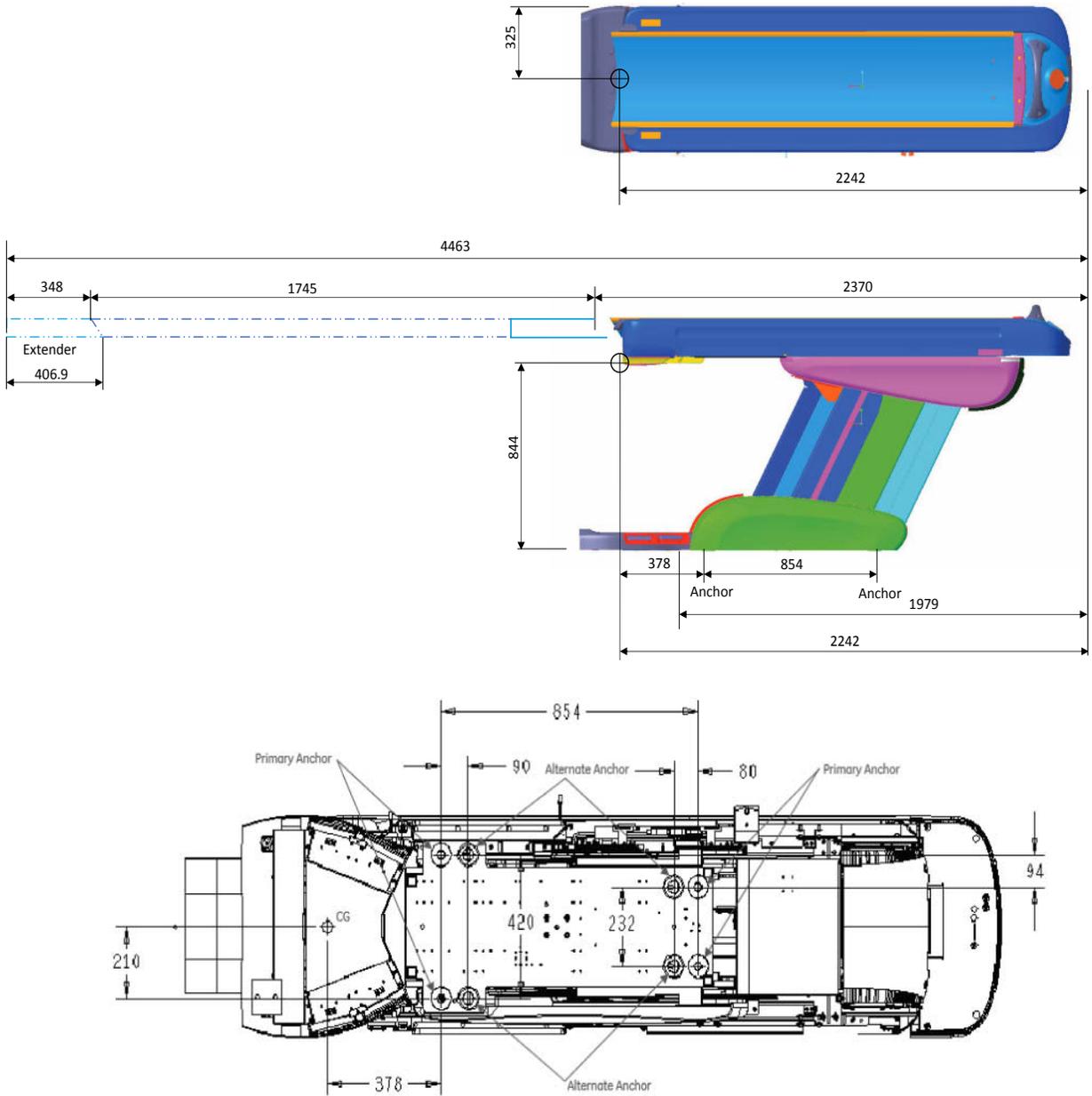
**Figure 8-19 Gantry Center of Gravity**



**Figure 8-20 Gantry Anchor Locations**

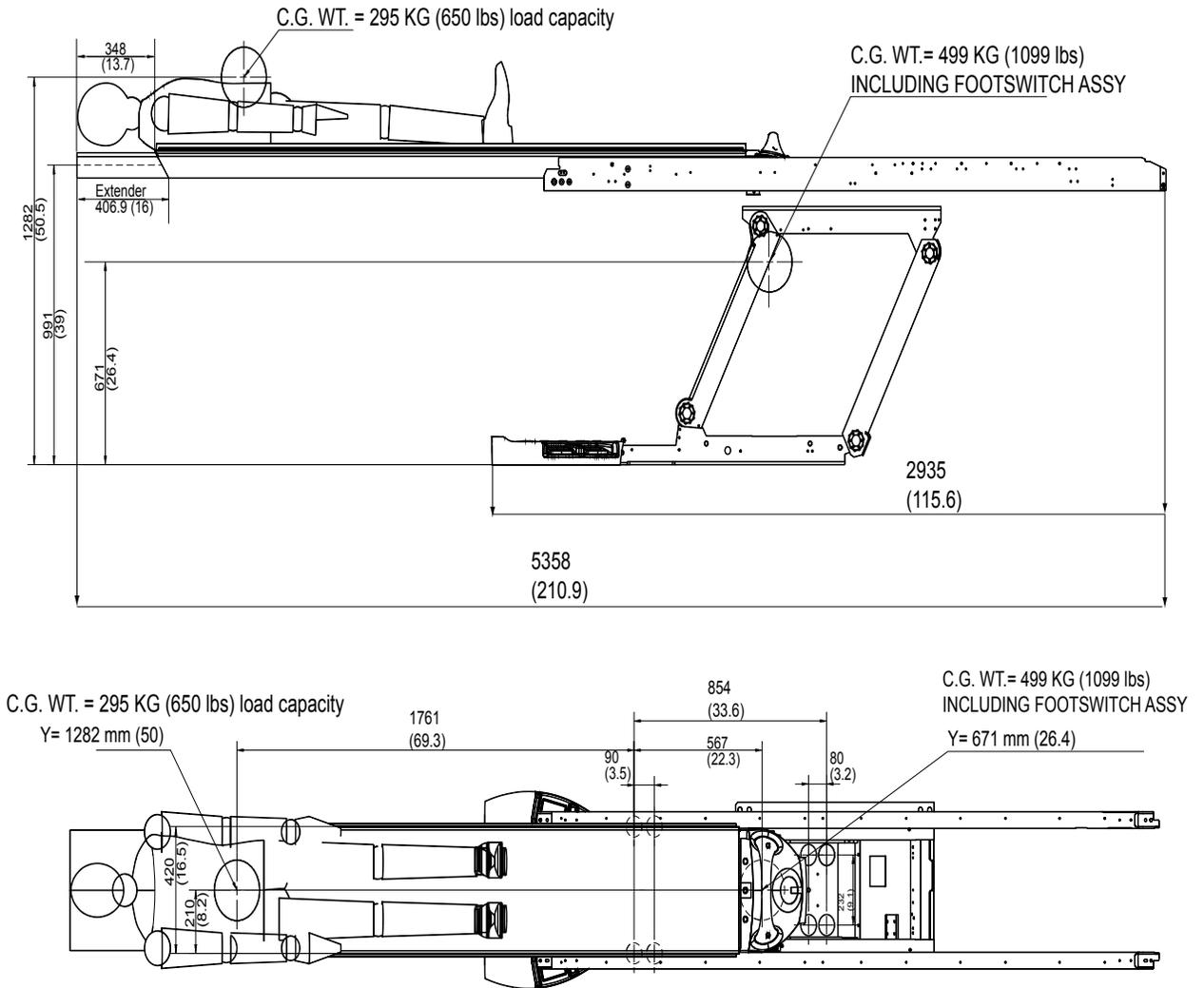


**Figure 8-21 GT1700 Table Center-of-Gravity**



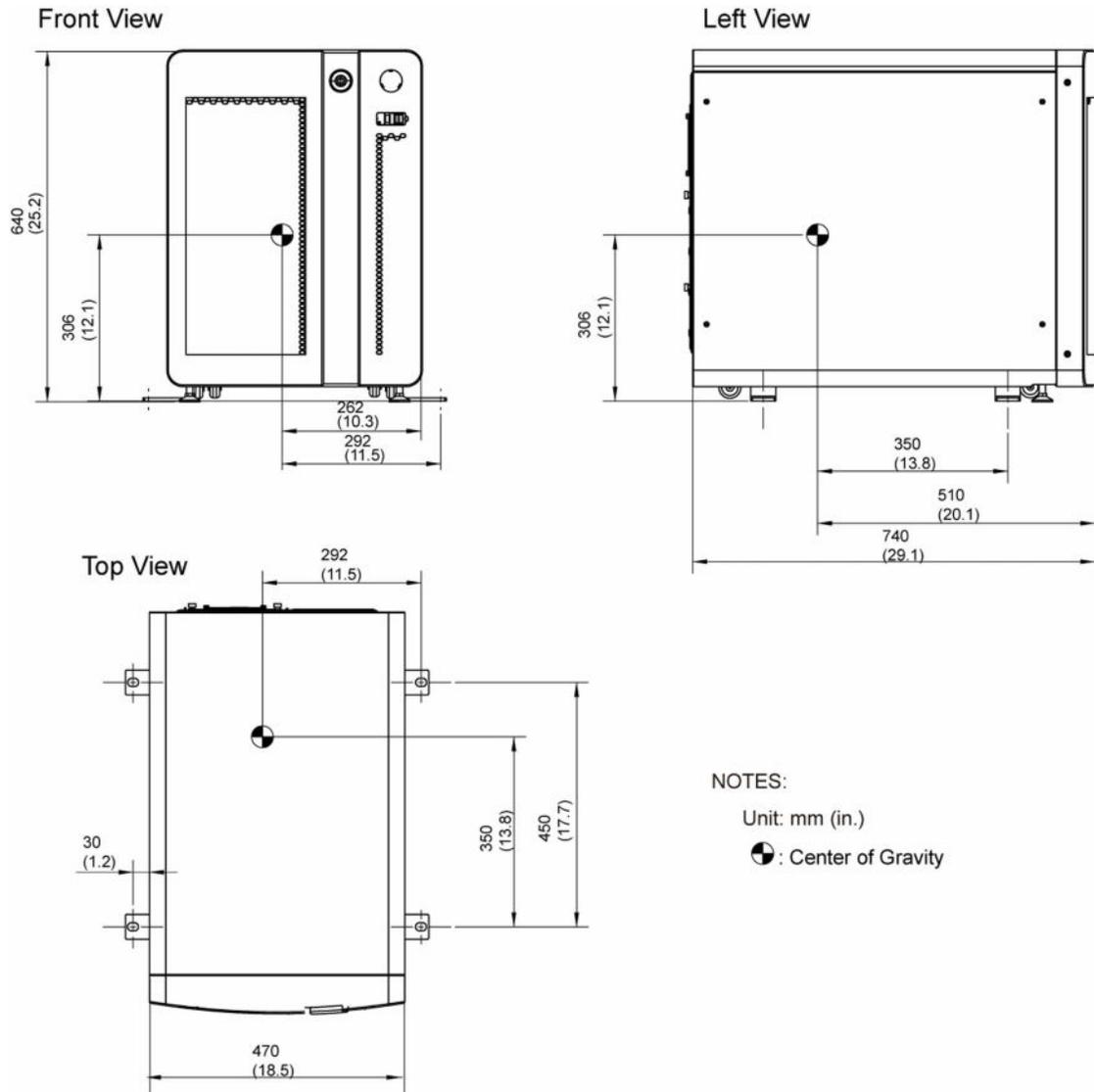
Note: Center of Gravity location marked above includes the mass of a maximum 227kg load capacity on the table with a fully extended cradle.

**Figure 8-22 High Capacity Table Center-of-Gravity**

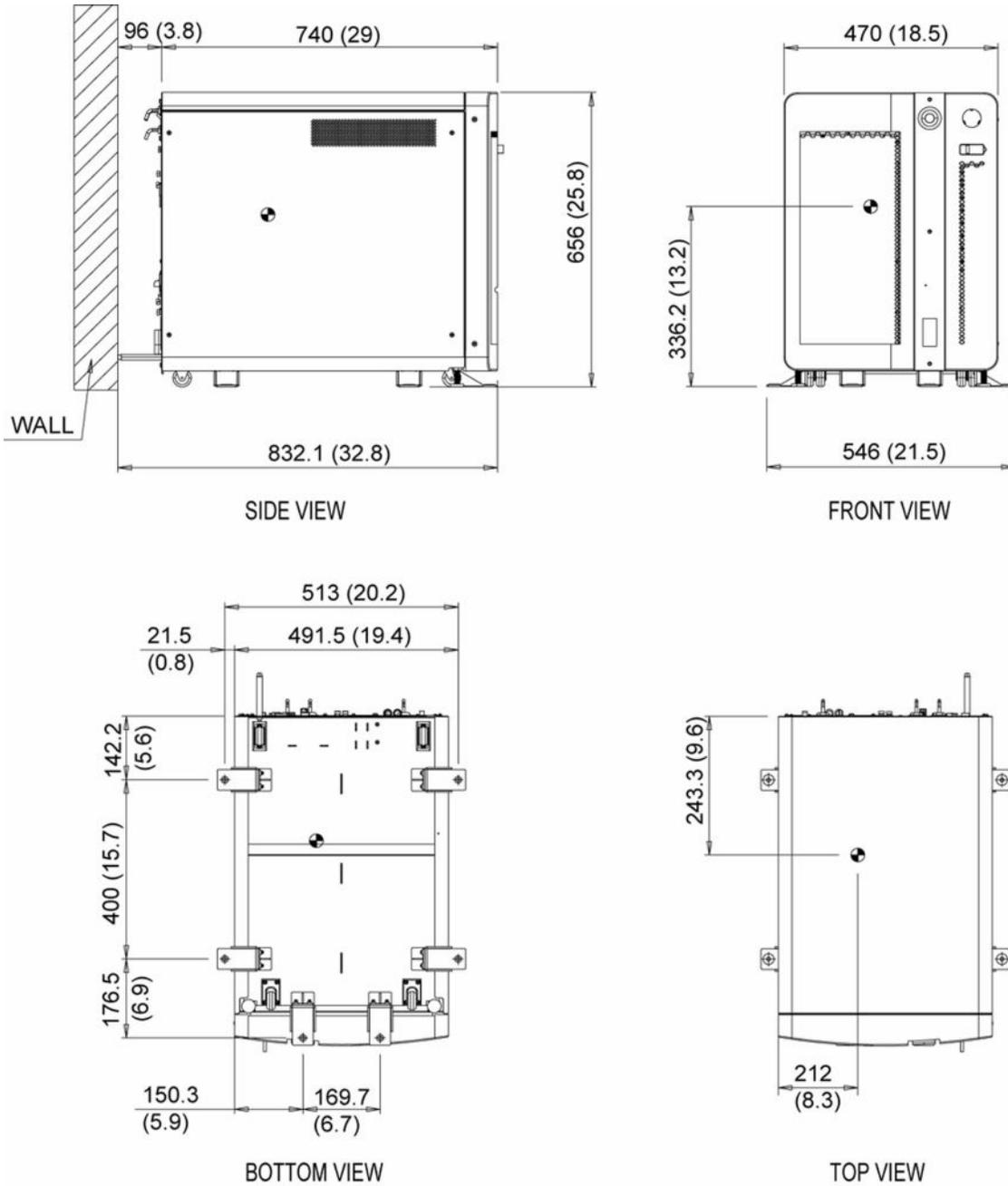


CRADLE : INMAX POSITION  
 IMS : INMAX POSITION  
 TABLE HEIGHT : 991 mm (39)  
 UNIT: mm (in.)

**Figure 8-23 TIO Console Center of Gravity**

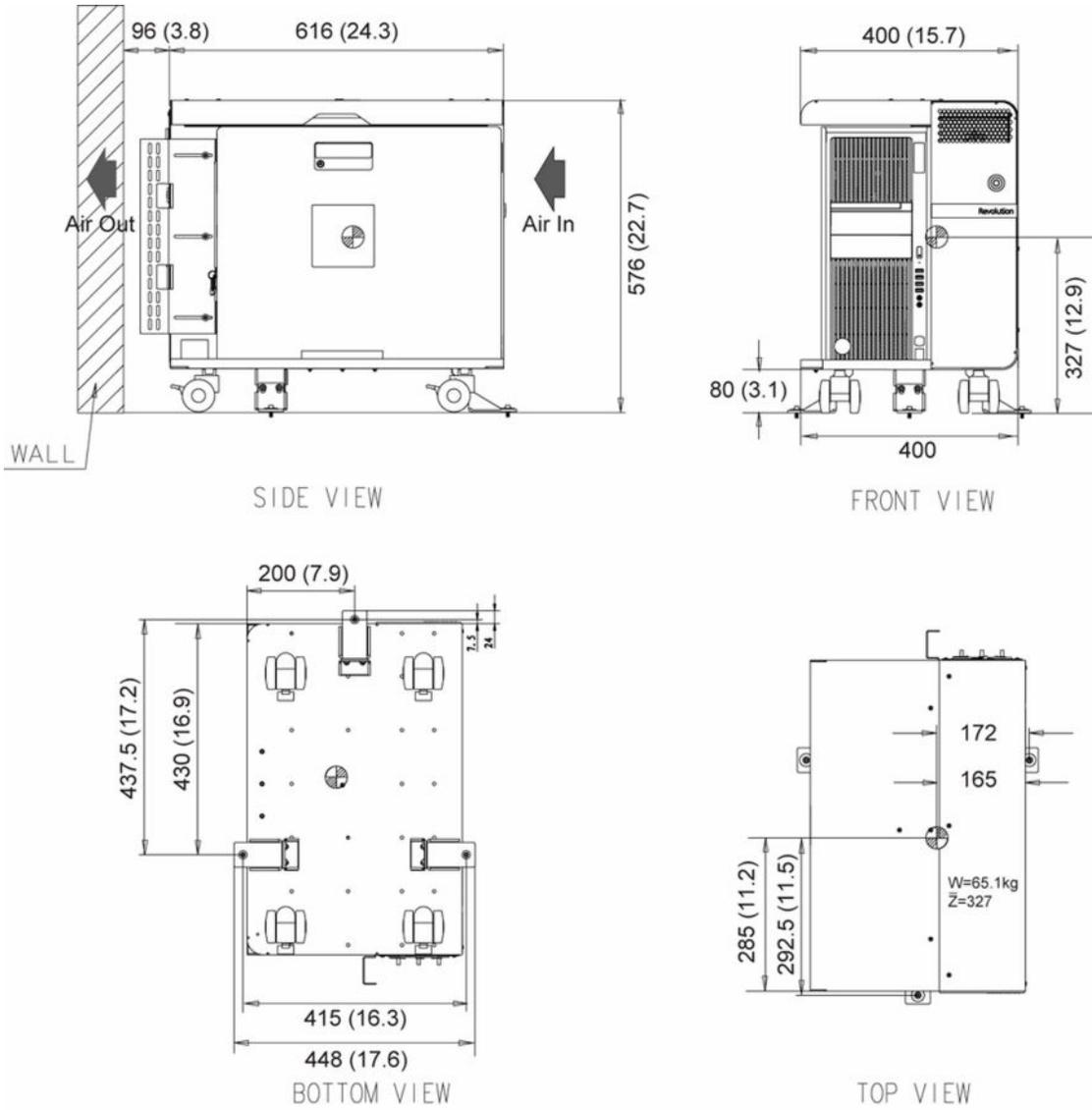


**Figure 8-24 NIO Console Center of Gravity**



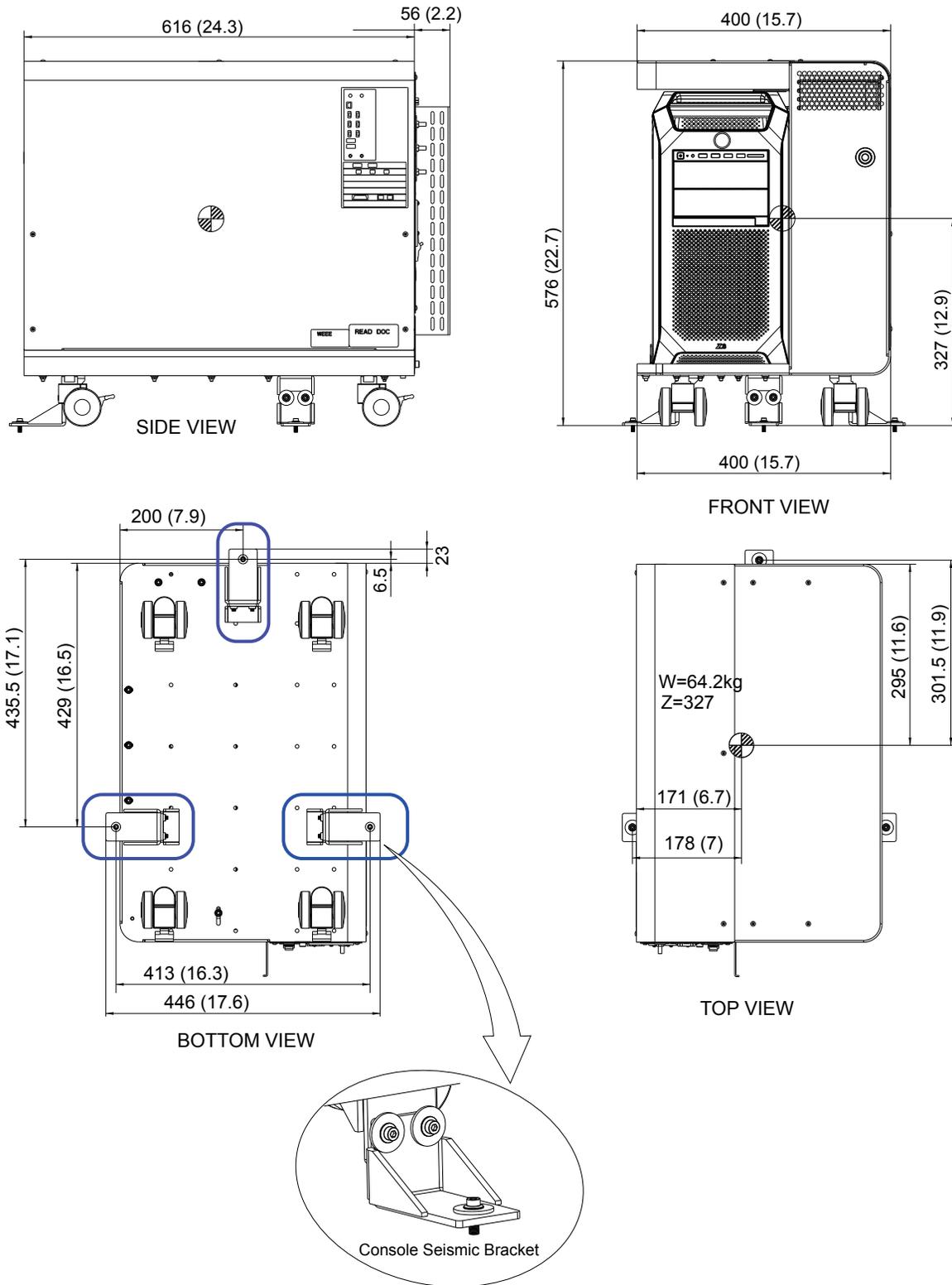
Note:  
 Unit: mm (in.)  
 ● : Center of Gravity

**Figure 8-25 OpenOC Console with Z840 Center of Gravity**

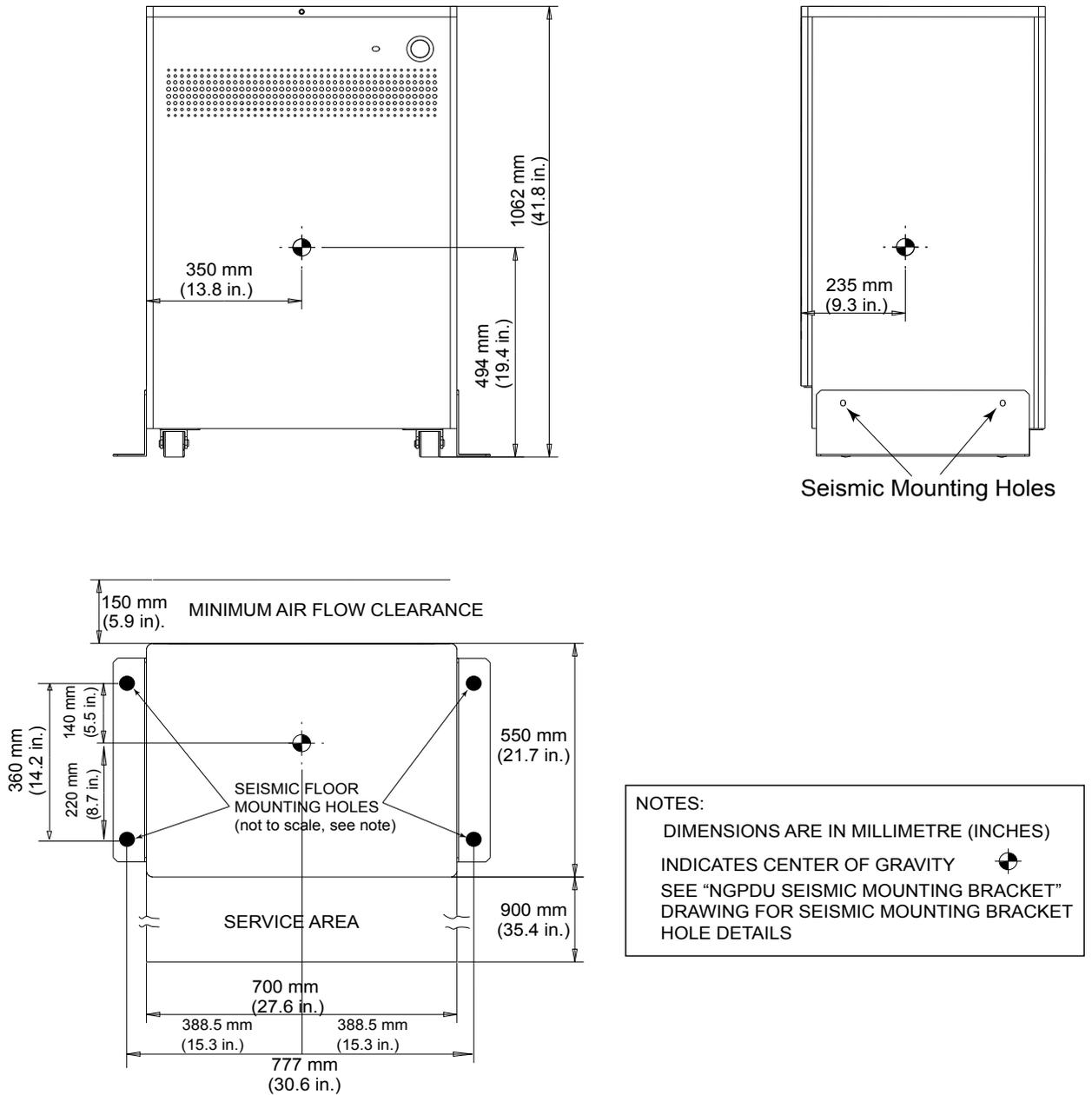


**Note:**  
 Unit: mm (in.)  
 ⊕ : Center of Gravity

**Figure 8-26 OpenOC Console with Z8G4 Center-of-Gravity**



**Figure 8-27 PDU Center of Gravity**



## Chapter 9 Environmental Requirements

Ensure the operational readiness and proper system calibration of HVAC prior to installation. Maintain the environmental conditions listed below at ALL times, including over nights, weekends, and holidays. Shut down the CT system if air conditioning is not working. When shutting down the system for major repair, you may also shut down the air conditioning.

### 9.1 Temperature and Humidity Specifications

Environmental specifications apply to the table, gantry, power distribution unit, and console.

#### NOTICE

Exceeding environmental specifications may adversely affect system operation and image quality.

#### 9.1.1 Temperature (Scan and Control Rooms)

**Table 9-1 System Temperature Limits**

Maximum allowable ambient room temperature:	26°C (79° F)
Recommended ambient room temperature:	22°C (72°F)
Minimum allowable ambient room temperature:	18°C (64°F)

#### NOTE

Be certain to account for ANY cooling equipment cycle control range, ensuring that the maximum and minimum ambient room temperatures do not exceed those shown in [Table 9-1 System Temperature Limits on page 97](#) during room thermal cycling. For example, if the HVAC is capable of  $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$  control, then the limits would be  $20^{\circ}\text{C} - 24^{\circ}\text{C}$  to maintain absolute limits.

#### 9.1.2 Humidity (Scan Room & Control Room)

**Table 9-2 System Humidity Limits**

Maximum allowable non-condensing relative humidity:	60%
Minimum allowable non-condensing relative humidity:	30%

#### 9.1.3 Other Guidelines

- Accurate determination of hospital room environmental conditions may require the temporary installation of a temperature and humidity recorder near the location designated for system installation. Record temperature and humidity readings before and after installation to verify the site's true environmental conditions.
- Consider heating, ventilating, air conditioning (HVAC) needs, and redundancy (back-up). An air conditioner with two compressor units rather than one, may prevent system downtime. A

redundant (back-up) air conditioner permits CT system operation during an extended repair of the primary air conditioner.

## 9.2 Cooling Requirements

Use [Table 9-3 System Heat Output on page 98](#) to assist in cooling requirements planning. Gantry operation requires over half of the cooling utilized by your system. Contact an HVAC specialist to determine optimal placement of the thermostat and all HVAC vents, bearing in mind that:

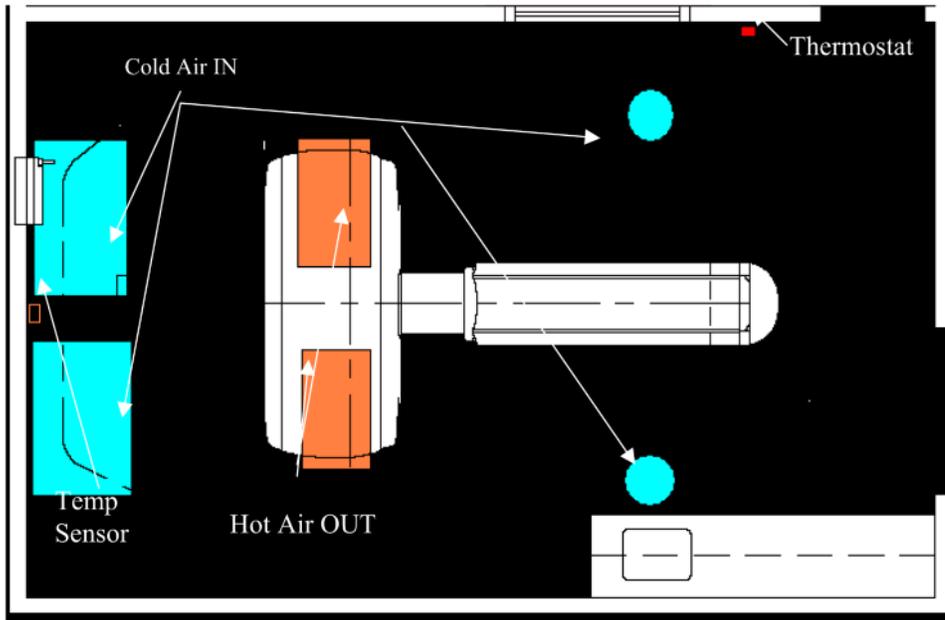
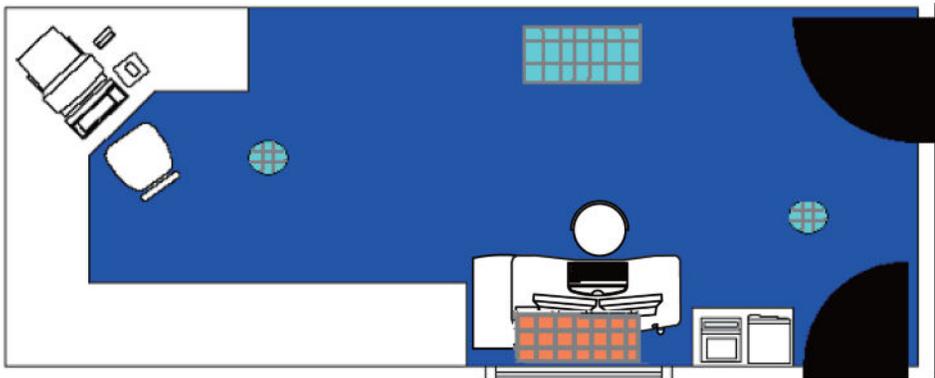
- Gantry air INTAKE occurs across the BOTTOM of the gantry.
- Gantry air EXHAUST occurs across the TOP of the gantry.

**Table 9-3 System Heat Output**

System Component	Max BTU/HR	Max Watt
Gantry maximum	30,570	8,964
Table	1,030	300
Power Distribution Unit	3,400	1,000
<b>Scan Room Subtotal</b>	<b>35,000</b>	<b>10,264</b>
Operators Console w/ 2 monitors & PMT	340	100
<b>Recommended Control Room Subtotal (w/o option)</b>	<b>8,189</b>	<b>2,400</b>
<b>System Total (Recommended) (See NOTE 1)</b>	<b>43,189</b>	<b>12,664</b>
<b>Option:</b>		
Remote Color Monitor	170	50
UPS	2900	850
<b>ROOM TOTAL (SEE NOTE 2)</b>	<b>46,259</b>	<b>13,564</b>
<b>NOTE 1:</b> With 75 scan rotations per patient. Recommended BTU/hr. provides for up to six patients per hour. It is also needed during calibration of the system.		
<b>NOTE 2:</b> Cooling requirements do not include cooling for room lighting, personnel or non-CT equipment.		

Refer to [Figure 7-3 Gantry and Table Dimensions \(Side View\) - Table Options on page 55](#), [Figure 7-5 Power Distribution Unit on page 57](#) and [Figure 7-6 True-In-One Operator's Console on page 58](#) ~ [Figure 7-8 OpenOC Console with Z840 Dimension on page 60](#) for component air flow requirements.

[Figure 9-1 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Scan Room on page 99](#) and [Figure 9-2 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Control Room on page 99](#) show the recommended placements of the thermostat and HVAC vents (intake and output) for the scan and control rooms.

**Figure 9-1 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Scan Room****Figure 9-2 HVAC Air Vent Placement in Control Room**

## 9.3 Altitude

The system shall meet all functional and performance specifications when placed in a room that is at an elevation of -150 m to 2,400 m (-492 ft to 7,875 ft) above sea level.

### NOTE

For sites with altitudes 2,400 m to 3,000 m (7,875 ft to 9842.5 ft), you need a deviation to site at this altitude. Altitudes above 2,400 m (7,875 ft) require engineering approval.

## 9.4 Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI)

### 9.4.1 Gantry

Locate the gantry in ambient static magnetic fields of less than 0.1 mTesla (1 Gauss) to guarantee the specified imaging performance. Ambient AC magnetic fields must measure below 1  $\mu$ Tesla (10 mGauss) peak.

### 9.4.2 Console / Computer Equipment

Locate computer equipment in ambient static magnetic fields of less than 1 mTesla (10 Gauss) to guarantee data integrity (see [Figure 9-3 Sample Room Layout \(Showing Approximate EMI Requirements\)](#) on page 101).

### 9.4.3 PDU

The PDU produces an electromagnetic field that radiates outward from its cabinet in all directions. Do not place the gantry or patient table within 0.3 meters (12 inches) of the edge of the Power Distribution Unit/Adapter. Do not place other sensitive electronics (e.g. the operator console or computer equipment) within 1.0 meters (39 inches) of the edge of the Power Distribution Unit in any direction, including above or below it. The UPS is not classified as sensitive electronics. (see [Figure 9-3 Sample Room Layout \(Showing Approximate EMI Requirements\)](#) on page 101).

### 9.4.4 UPS

The Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS) provides a consistent power supply to various electrical components of the system. Also, it continues to provide electrical power to components during a site-wide power outage so components can be safely shut down. The UPS should be kept at least one meter (1 m) (3.28 ft.) away from sensitive electronics (the PDU does not include sensitive electronics).

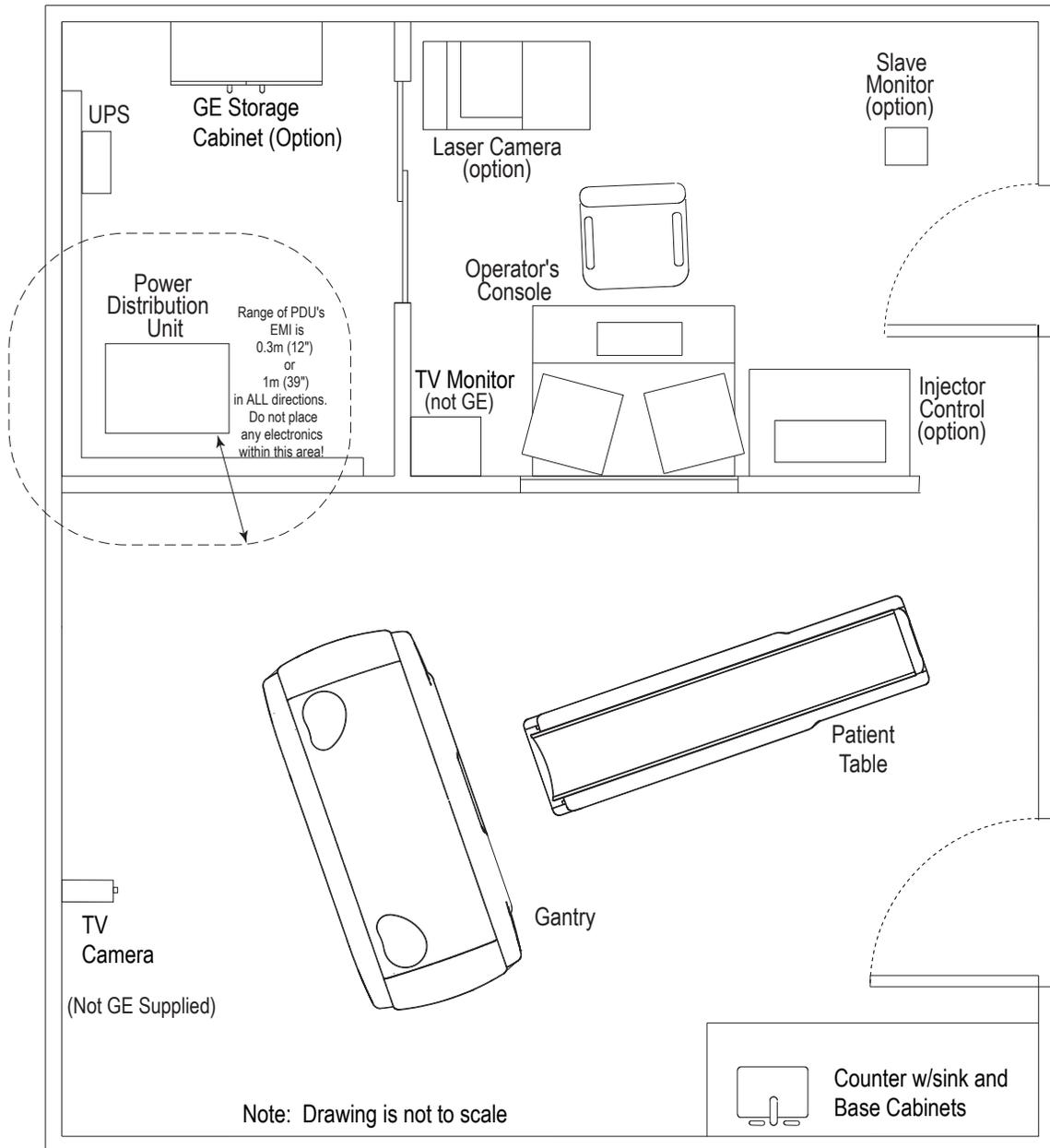
### 9.4.5 EMI Reduction

If you suspect the presence of fields of excessive EMI, consult GE Sales & Service for recommendations. Consider the following when attempting to reduce EMI:

- External field strength decreases rapidly with distance from source of the magnetic field.
- External leakage magnetic field of a three-phase transformer measures much less than that of a bank of three single-phase transformers of an equivalent power rating.
- Large electric motors constitute a source of substantial EMI.
- High-powered radio signals constitute a source of EMI.
- Maintain good screening of cables and cabinets.
- Consider and measure EMI fields of sites with main facility power running UNDER the floor or WITHIN the walls or ceilings of the scan room.
- Pay special attention to power substations and high-voltage power lines in proximity to the scan facility.
- If any concerns remain regarding excessive EMI fields, be sure to measure to confirm that your site meets all required specifications.

# 9.4.6 Equipment EMI "Envelopes"

Figure 9-3 Sample Room Layout (Showing Approximate EMI Requirements)



## 9.5 Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC)

### 9.5.1 General Scope

The system scanner complies with IEC 60601-1-2: 2004 (for the scanner with the gantry model number of 2374681-8, 2374681-9, 2374681-10 and 2374681-11) and IEC 60601-1-2: 2007 (for the scanner with the gantry model number of 2374681-12, 2374681-13, 2374681-14 and 2374681-15).

The Discovery RT scanner also complies with IEC60601-1-2: 2014 for the unit determined by means one of below:

- The scanner delivered with TRM, in the Regulatory chapter statement IEC60601-1-2: 2014 compliance.
- The scanner installed with the below parts in Gantry:

Part	P/N EMC3.0	P/N EMC4.0	Description	Location
Slip Ring Receiver	2333611-3	2333611-4	850M Receiver Antenna, ROHS Version	Gantry HLA
Slip Ring Transmitter	2333615-3	2333615-4	850MB Transmitter, ROHS Version	Gantry Slip Ring

The system is suitable to be used in the Electromagnetic Environment, as per Environment of Intended Use and the limits & recommendations described in the tables hereafter:

- Emission Compliance level & limits (see [Table 9-4 EMC Emission Guidance & Declaration on page 102](#)).
- Immunity Compliance level & recommendations to maintain equipment clinical utility (see [Table 9-5 EMC Immunity Guidance & Declaration on page 104](#), [Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances on page 105](#) and [Table 9-7 Specification and Separation for IMMUNITY to RF Wireless Communications Equipment on page 106](#)).

#### NOTE

This system complies with the EMC standard when used with supplied cables. If different cable lengths are required, contact a qualified GE service representative for advice.

### 9.5.2 Electromagnetic Emission

The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.

**Table 9-4 EMC Emission Guidance & Declaration**

Emissions Test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment Guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11 GB4824	Group 1	The system uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11 GB4824	Class A	

**Table 9-4 EMC Emission Guidance & Declaration** (Table continued)

Emissions Test	Compliance	Electromagnetic Environment Guidance
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2 GB17625.1	Not applicable	When installed in such a shielded location, the system is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3 GB17625.2	Not applicable	
<p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p>GB4824 and GB17625.x standard in EMC chapter only applies to China.</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p>The EMISSIONS characteristics of this equipment make it suitable for use in industrial areas and hospitals (CISPR 11 class A). If it is used in a residential environment (for which CISPR 11 class B is normally required), this equipment might not offer adequate protection to radio-frequency communication services. The user might need to take mitigation measures, such as relocating or re-orienting the equipment.</p>		

## 9.5.3 Electromagnetic Immunity

The system is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the system should assure that it is used in such an environment.

**Table 9-5 EMC Immunity Guidance & Declaration**

Immunity Test	IEC 60601-1-2 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment Guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2 GB/T 17626.2	± 6 kV contact	± 6 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete, or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30%.
	± 8 kV air	± 8 kV air	
	± 8 kV contact <sup>a)</sup>	± 8 kV contact <sup>a)</sup>	
	± 15 kV air <sup>a)</sup>	± 15 kV air <sup>a)</sup>	
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4 GB/T 17626.4	± 2 kV for power supply lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines	Mains power quality should be a typical commercial or hospital environment
	± 1 kV for input/output lines	± 1 kV for input/output lines	
Surge IEC 61000-4-5 GB/T 17626.5	± 1 kV line-line	± 1 kV line-line	Mains power quality should be a typical commercial or hospital environment.
	± 2 kV line-earth	± 2 kV line-earth	
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11 GB/T 17626.11	<5% U <sub>T</sub> (>95% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 5 seconds 0% U <sub>T</sub> , 5 seconds <sup>a)</sup>	<5% U <sub>T</sub> (>95% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 5 seconds 0% U <sub>T</sub> , 5 seconds <sup>a)</sup>	Mains power quality should be a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the system requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the system is powered from a partial Uninterruptable power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8 GB/T 17626.8	3 A/m 30 A/m <sup>a)</sup>	3 A/m 30 A/m <sup>a)</sup>	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6 GB/T 17626.6	3V <sub>RMS</sub> 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6V <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>a)</sup> ISM bands between 150 kHz to 80 MHz	3V <sub>RMS</sub> 150 kHz to 80 MHz 6V <sub>RMS</sub> <sup>a)</sup> ISM bands between 150 kHz to 80 MHz	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the system, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation appropriate for the frequency of the transmitter. <b>Recommended Separation Distance:</b>
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3 GB/T 17626.3	3V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz <sup>a)</sup>	3V/m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz 80 MHz to 2.7 GHz <sup>a)</sup>	150 kHz to 80 MHz (See <a href="#">Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances on page 105</a> ) $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$
			80 MHz to 800 MHz (See <a href="#">Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances on page 105</a> ) $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$
			800 MHz to 2.5 GHz / 2.7 GHz (See <a href="#">Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances on page 105</a> )

**Table 9-5 EMC Immunity Guidance & Declaration** (Table continued)

Immunity Test	IEC 60601-1-2 Test Level	Compliance Level	Electromagnetic Environment Guidance
Proximity fields from RF wireless communications equipment <sup>a)</sup>	Refer to <a href="#">Table 9-7 Specification and Separation for IMMUNITY to RF Wireless Communications Equipment on page 106</a> Test specifications for ENCLOSURE PORT IMMUNITY to RF wireless communications equipment	Refer to <a href="#">Table 9-7 Specification and Separation for IMMUNITY to RF Wireless Communications Equipment on page 106</a> Test specifications for ENCLOSURE PORT IMMUNITY to RF wireless communications equipment	$d = \left[ \frac{7}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$ <p>where <b>P</b> is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and <b>d</b> is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).</p> <p>Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey<sup>a)</sup>, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range<sup>b)</sup>.</p> <p>Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:</p> 
<p><b>a:</b> Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast, and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the system is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the system should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the system.</p> <p><b>b:</b> Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p><math>U_T</math> is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p>These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p><sup>a)</sup> Only for the equipment IEC60601-1-2: 2014 (EMC 4.0) compliant.</p> <p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p>GB17626.x standard in EMC chapter only applies to China.</p>			

The system is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the system can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the system as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

**Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances**

Rated Maximum Output Power (P) of Transmitter Watts (W)	Separation Distance (Meters) by Frequency of Transmitter		
	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz / 2.7GHz <sup>a)</sup> $d = \left[ \frac{7}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23

**Table 9-6 Recommended Separation Distances** (Table continued)

Rated Maximum Output Power (P) of Transmitter Watts (W)	Separation Distance (Meters) by Frequency of Transmitter		
	150 kHz to 80 MHz $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$	80 MHz to 800 MHz $d = \left[ \frac{3.5}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz / 2.7GHz <sup>a)</sup> $d = \left[ \frac{7}{3} \right] \sqrt{P}$
0.1	0.37	0.37	0.74
1	1.17	1.17	2.33
10	3.69	3.69	7.38
100	11.7	11.7	23.3

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the separation distance can be estimated using the equation in the corresponding column, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

**NOTE**  
At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

**NOTE**  
These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects, and people.

**NOTE**  
<sup>a)</sup> Only for the equipment IEC60601-1-2: 2014 (EMC 4.0) compliant.

Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) at frequencies noted below should be used no closer than 30cm (12 inches) to any part of the system, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result. Minimum separation distances for higher IMMUNITY TEST LEVELS shall be calculated using the following equation:

$$d = \left[ \frac{6}{E} \right] \sqrt{P}$$

Where **P** is the maximum power in W, **d** is the minimum separation distance in m, and **E** is the IMMUNITY TEST LEVEL in V/m.

**Table 9-7 Specification and Separation for IMMUNITY to RF Wireless Communications Equipment**

Test Frequency (MHz)	Band (MHz)	Service	Modulation	Maximum Power (W)	Distance (m)	IMMUNITY Test Level (V/m)
385	380-390	TETRA 400	Pulse modulation 18 Hz	1.8	0.3	27
450	430-470	GMRS 460, FRS 460	FM ±5 kHz deviation 1 kHz sine	2	0.3	28
710	704-787	LTE Band 13, 17	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	0.2	0.3	9
745						
780						
810	800-960	GSM 800/900, TETRA 800, iDEN 820,	Pulse modulation 18 Hz	2	0.3	28
870						

**Table 9-7 Specification and Separation for IMMUNITY to RF Wireless Communications Equipment**  
(Table continued)

Test Frequency (MHz)	Band (MHz)	Service	Modulation	Maximum Power (W)	Distance (m)	IMMUNITY Test Level (V/m)
930		CDMA 850, LTE Band 5				
1720	1700-1990	GSM 1800; CDMA 1900; GSM 1900; DECT; LTE Band 1, 3, 4, 25; UMTS	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
1845						
1970						
2450	2400-2570	Bluetooth, WLAN, 802.11 b/g/n, RFID 2450, LTE Band 7	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	2	0.3	28
5240	5100-5800	WLAN 802.11 a/n	Pulse modulation 217 Hz	2	0.3	9
5500						
5785						

**NOTE**  
The specification is only for the equipment IEC60601-1-2: 2014 (EMC 4.0) compliant.

 **WARNING**



Portable RF communications equipment (including peripherals such as antenna cables and external antennas) should be used no closer than 30 cm (12 inches) to any part of the system, including cables specified by the manufacturer. Otherwise, degradation of the performance of this equipment could result.

## 9.5.4 Use Limitation

The scanner is intended for use only by trained professionals who must be trained in CT system operation and has sufficient knowledge of radiation, scan setting, image annotation and review, the operator shall understand the operation and expected performance of the system per training and reading of the operator manual and technical reference manual.

The scanner is expected to be able to position patient, scan, display or output images with annotation and without artifact or noise that emulate or hide pathology, timely and accordingly. Test per chapter Quality Assurance to ensure scanner performance as expectation, Daily preparation procedure and calibration shall be used to maintain scanner performance and prevent failure or degradation before use. Contact GE service if any failure.

The table below described some possible failure or degradation of performance need to check before further use.

**Table 9-8 Performance Failure and Detection**

Function	Performance Failure and Detection	Instruction to Check or Maintain
Patient positioning	Unintended motion or positioning	Manual check table positioning or positioning patient successfully during scan
Scan	Unintended scan exposure	Check scan control button response as expected Daily prepare or Test per Quality Assurance
Image annotation	Unintended image annotation or scan setting	Complete patient information and scan settings accordingly before scan, ensure keyboard and display response as expected
Display and output	Unexpected display or output, not available for visual check or diagnose	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, ensure scan recon setting, display and printer function as expected
IQ/artifact	Unexpected artifact or noise that emulate or hide pathology	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, ensure Image Quality according with spec. Verify CT# for air, water and object scanned for doubts in the image
Image delay	Unexpected scan image time delay	Daily prepare or test per Quality Assurance, verify scan and recon setting

The system should be installed, maintained and used per guidance in EMC section for safety and expected performance. To use per guidance, separate from other device sensitive or with EM disturbance will help to maintain the performance of the scanner and other device.

 **WARNING**



This system is intended for use by healthcare professionals only. This system may cause radio interference or may disrupt the operation of nearby equipment. It may be necessary to take mitigation measures, such as reorienting or relocating the system or shielding the location.

 **WARNING**



CT Scans may cause interference with implanted or externally worn electronic medical devices such as pacemakers, defibrillators, neuro stimulators and drug infusion pumps. The interference could cause operational changes or malfunction of the electronic medical device.

Use of RF (Radio Frequency) sources that intentionally transmit, such as cellular telephones, transceivers, radio-controlled products, or other RF emitting equipment may cause performance outside the systems published specifications or other adverse operation. Keep the power to these RF sources turned off when near this equipment. Recommended separation distances and information regarding compatibility with other equipment are located in the Manufacturer's EMC Declaration Tables.

Operation of the accessories like EKG monitor and respiratory gating device below the manufacturer specified minimum amplitude or value of patient physiological signals may cause inaccurate results.

Only transducers and cables GE specified can be replacement parts for internal components, details of components and cables refer to Pre-Installation Manual.

The use of accessories, transducers, and cables other than those specified in GE Approved Accessories may result in increased emissions or decreased immunity performance of the equipment.



**WARNING**

Use of accessories, transducers and cables other than those specified or provided by the manufacturer of this equipment could result in increased electromagnetic emissions or decreased electromagnetic immunity of this equipment and result in improper operation.

## 9.5.5 Installation Requirements and Environment Control

In order to minimize interference risks, the following requirements apply.

### 9.5.5.1 Environment of Intended Use

This medical device is evaluated to the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard electromagnetic emissions and immunity levels in the Professional Healthcare Facility environment category, predominantly for use in hospital except for near active HF SURGICAL EQUIPMENT or SHORT-WAVE THERAPY EQUIPMENT with a dedicated supply system, and with an X-ray shielded room. The equipment is not directly connected to the Public Mains Network.

The CT System is exposed to EM sources generally from LAN and WLAN, mobile phones, paging systems, computers, printers, monitors, and other medical devices. See sections in this manual for the electromagnetic disturbance compliance levels this product meets including a list of wireless communications services evaluated.

This medical device is not suitable for use in certain hospital environments. Electrical devices that are brought into the CT System room that generate intense EM disturbances have not been considered per the safety standard. Also, the CT System compliance levels don't guarantee that other equipment in the room that is EM sensitive is not impacted. The IEC60601-1-2 safety standard requires additional testing and/or risk assessment for compliance and patient/operator safety of the CT system.

This medical device is evaluated to the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard electromagnetic emissions and immunity levels in the environment category shown below.

**Table 9-9 Environment Of Intended Use**

Environment Category	Examples
Professional Healthcare Facility	EM sources generally are from LAN and WLAN, mobile phones, paging systems, IT equipment, medical devices: Physician Offices / Clinics / Limited Care Facilities / Freestanding Surgical Centers / Multiple Treatment Facilities / Hospitals / Trailer connected to Hospital power (for CT mobile qualified)

This medical device may not be suitable for use in the IEC60601-1-2 safety standard environment categories listed below. The types of electromagnetic disturbances emitted from electrical devices found in these environments and their effect on the performance of this medical device have not been considered per the safety standard. The safety standard requires additional testing and/or risk assessment for compliance and patient/operator safety of the CT system.

**Table 9-10 Environment Exclusions**

Environment Category	Examples
Home Healthcare Environment	Locations that have diverse electromagnetic disturbances. Category includes transportation: Residences / Homes / Nursing Homes / Vehicles (Cars, Trains, Planes) / Mobile Emergency Medical Services / Airports / Outdoors

**Table 9-10 Environment Exclusions** (Table continued)

Environment Category	Examples
Special Environment - Medical	EM sensitive locations or sources of intense emissions: Rooms with HF surgical equipment / Rooms with shortwave therapy equipment / Inside RF shielded room of an MRI system.
Special Environment - Military	Unique locations that have not been EM characterized: Near Radar Installations / Near Weapons Control Systems
Special Environment - Industrial	Unique locations that have not been EM characterized: Power Plants / Manufacturing Facilities / Mining / Refineries / Mills

### 9.5.5.2 Cable Shielding and Grounding

All interconnect cables to peripheral devices must be shielded and properly grounded. Use of cables not properly shielded and grounded may result in the equipment causing radio frequency interference.

### 9.5.5.3 Subsystem & Accessories Power Supply Distribution

All components, accessories subsystems, systems which are electrically connected to the system, must have all AC power supplied by the same power distribution panel & line.

### 9.5.5.4 Stacked Components & Equipment

System should not be used adjacent to or stacked with other equipment; if adjacent or stacked use is necessary, System should be observed in order to verify normal operation in the configuration in which it will be used.



Use of this equipment adjacent to or stacked with other equipment should be avoided because it could result in improper operation. If such use is necessary, this equipment and the other equipment should be observed to verify that they are operating normally.

### 9.5.5.5 Low Frequency Magnetic Field

In case of a digital System, the Gantry (digital detector) shall be apart 1 meter from the generator cabinet, and 1 meter apart from the analog (CRT) monitors. These distance specifications will minimize the low frequency magnetic field interference risk.

### 9.5.5.6 Static Magnetic Field Limit

In order to avoid interference on system, static field limits from the surrounding environment are specified.

- Static field is specified less than <1 Gauss in Examination room, and in the Control Area.
- Static field is specified less than <3 Gauss in the Technical Room.

### 9.5.5.7 Electrostatic Discharge Environment & Recommendations

In order to reduce electrostatic discharge interference, install a charge dissipative floor material to avoid electrostatic charge buildup.

The relative humidity shall be at least 30 percent.

The dissipative material shall be connected to the system ground reference, if applicable.

## 9.6 System Component Noise Levels

**Maximum Gantry Audible Noise Level** The maximum ambient noise level is produced by the gantry during a CT scan acquisition. It is less than 75dBA when measured at a distance of one meter from the nearest gantry surface, in any direction.

**Maximum Console Audible Noise Level** The maximum ambient noise levels is less than or equal to 56dBA when measured 1m up and 1m away from the console at an ambient temperature of 26°C.

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## Chapter 10 Radiation Protection Requirements

### 10.1 Shielding Requirements

#### NOTICE

Engage a QUALIFIED RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH PHYSICIST to review your scan room shielding requirements, taking into consideration:

- **Scatter radiation levels within the scanning room (see [Figure 10-1 Typical Scatter Survey \(Head Filter\)](#) on page 115 and [Figure 10-2 Typical Scatter Survey \(Body Filter\)](#) on page 116).**
- **Equipment placement.**
- **Weekly projected work-loads (number of patients/day technique (kvp\*ma)).**
- **Materials used for construction of walls, floors, ceiling, doors, and windows.**
- **Activities in surrounding scan room areas.**
- **Equipment in surrounding scan room areas (e.g., film developer, film storage).**
- **Room size and equipment placement within the room relative to room size.**

The illustrations in this Chapter depict measured radiation levels within the scanning room, while scanning a 32 cm CTDI phantom (body) and a 20 cm water phantom (head) with the technique shown.

#### NOTE

Actual measurements can vary. All measurements have an accuracy of  $\pm 20\%$  because of measurement equipment, technique, and system-to-system variation.

Use the correction factors shown in [Table 10-1 Shielding Requirements Scaling](#) on page 113 to adjust exposure levels to the usual scan technique at your site.

**Table 10-1 Shielding Requirements Scaling**

Changed Parameter	Multiplication Factor
mAs	new mAs/100
80 kV	0.21
120 kV	0.71
140 kV	1.00
4 x 3.75mm images	0.82
16 x 0.625 LD 8 x 1.25 LD Fluro 5mm	0.59
4 x 1.25 LD 5mm (1i) Fluro 2.5mm	0.40
1 x 1.25mm images	0.20

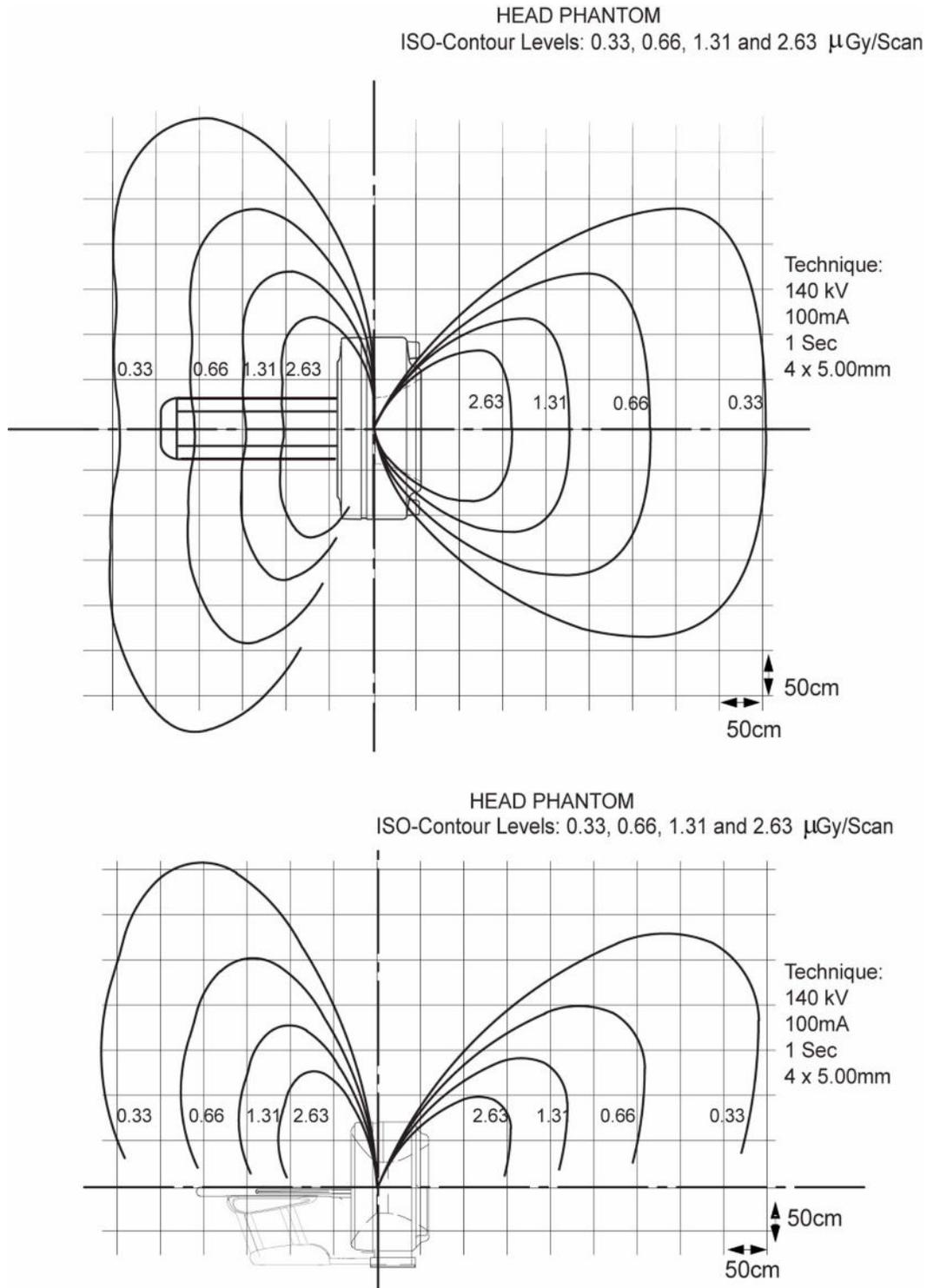
**Table 10-1 Shielding Requirements Scaling** (Table continued)

Changed Parameter	Multiplication Factor
4 x 0.625 LD 1 x 1.25 LD	0.10

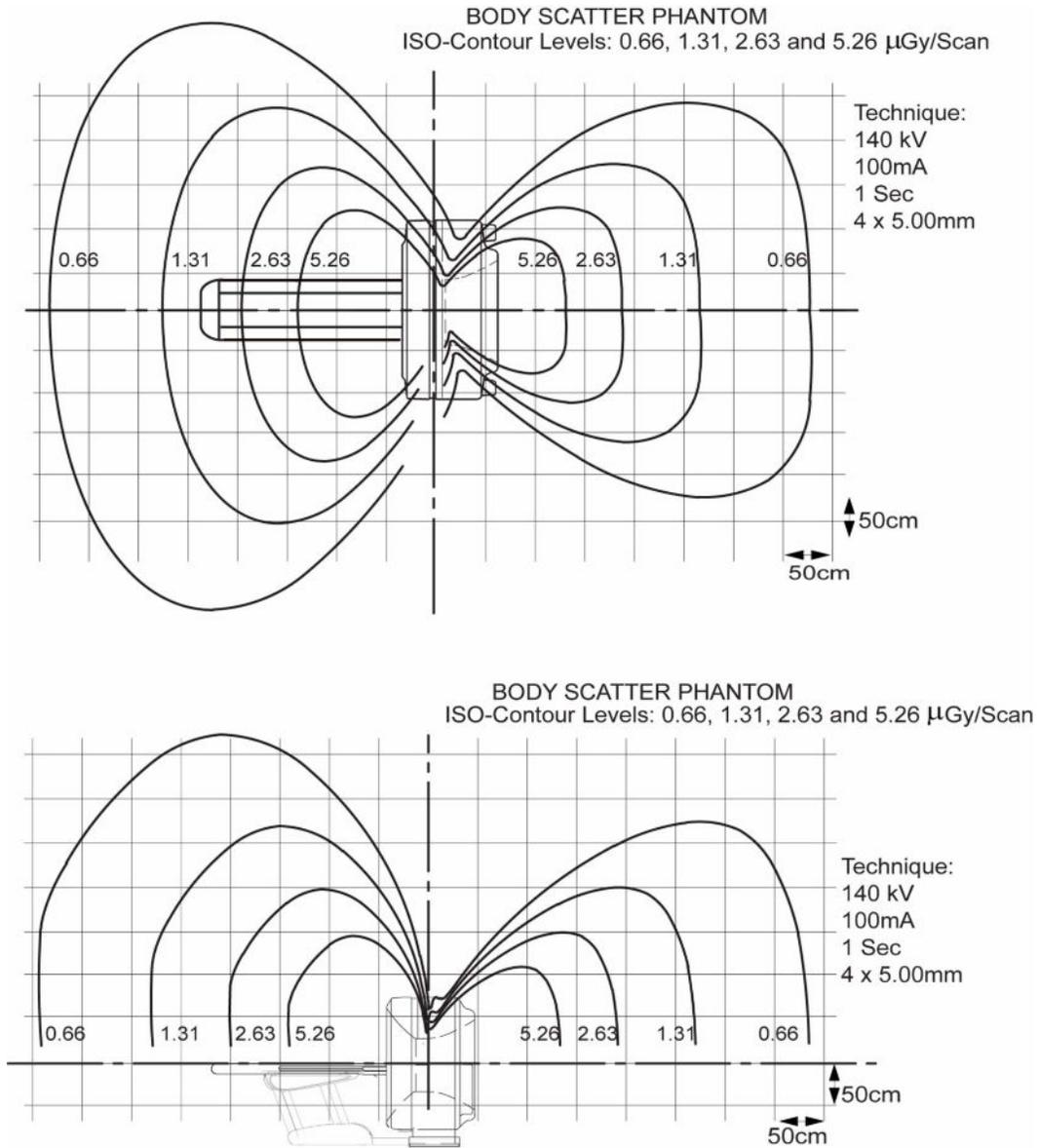
**NOTICE**

This publication uses  $\mu\text{Gy}$  (micrograys) to measure radiation levels. The conversion factor from mR to  $\mu\text{Gy}$  (micrograys) is:  $1 \text{ mR} = 8.76 \mu\text{Gy}$ .

**Figure 10-1 Typical Scatter Survey (Head Filter)**



**Figure 10-2 Typical Scatter Survey (Body Filter)**



# Chapter 11 Network Requirements

## 11.1 Network Connections

The network requirements listed in this chapter should allow you to connect the system to:

- Hospital/facility networks
- Filming cameras
- PACS
- Workstations
- Patient Information Systems

### 11.1.1 Network Type

The systems require a broadband network connection.

### 11.1.2 Network Speed

The customer and the customer's IT contact should ensure that the site provides access to broadband using one of the following interface types:

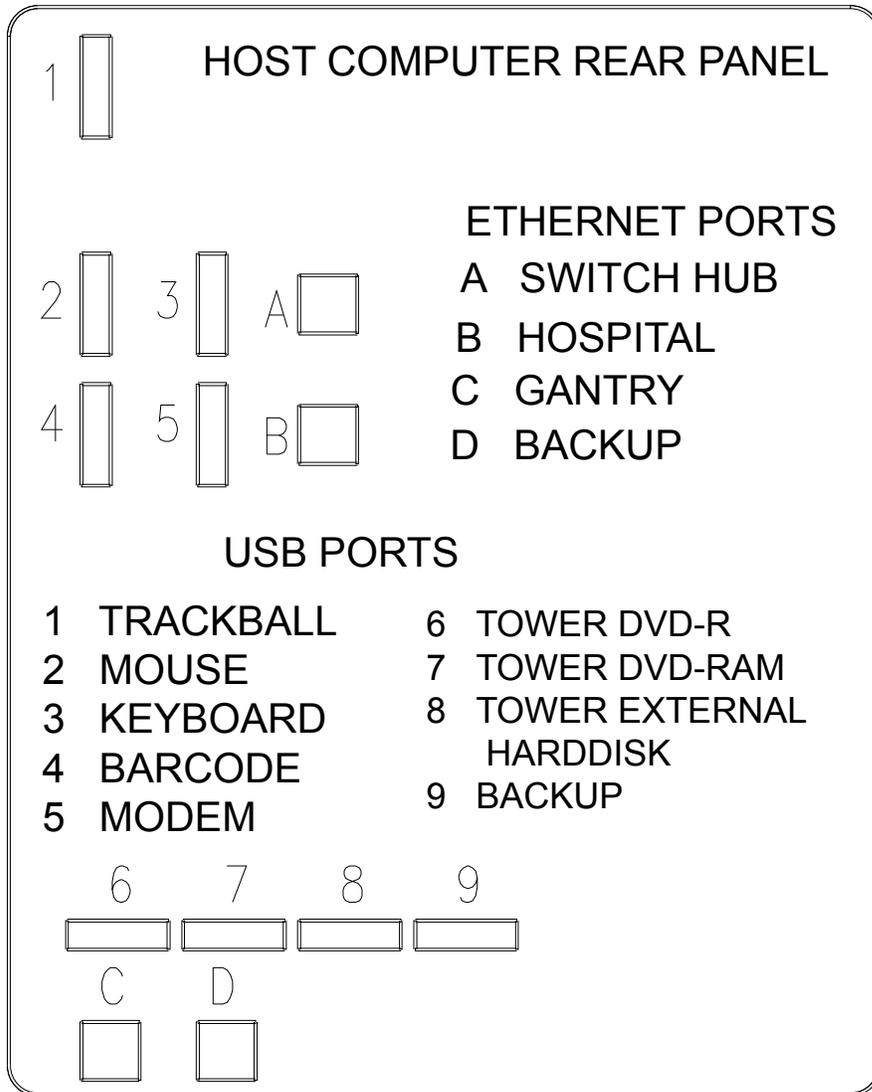
- 100BASE-TX (100 Mbit/s)
- 1000BASE-T (1000 Mbit/s [1 Gbit/s]).

### 11.1.3 Network Cable Routing

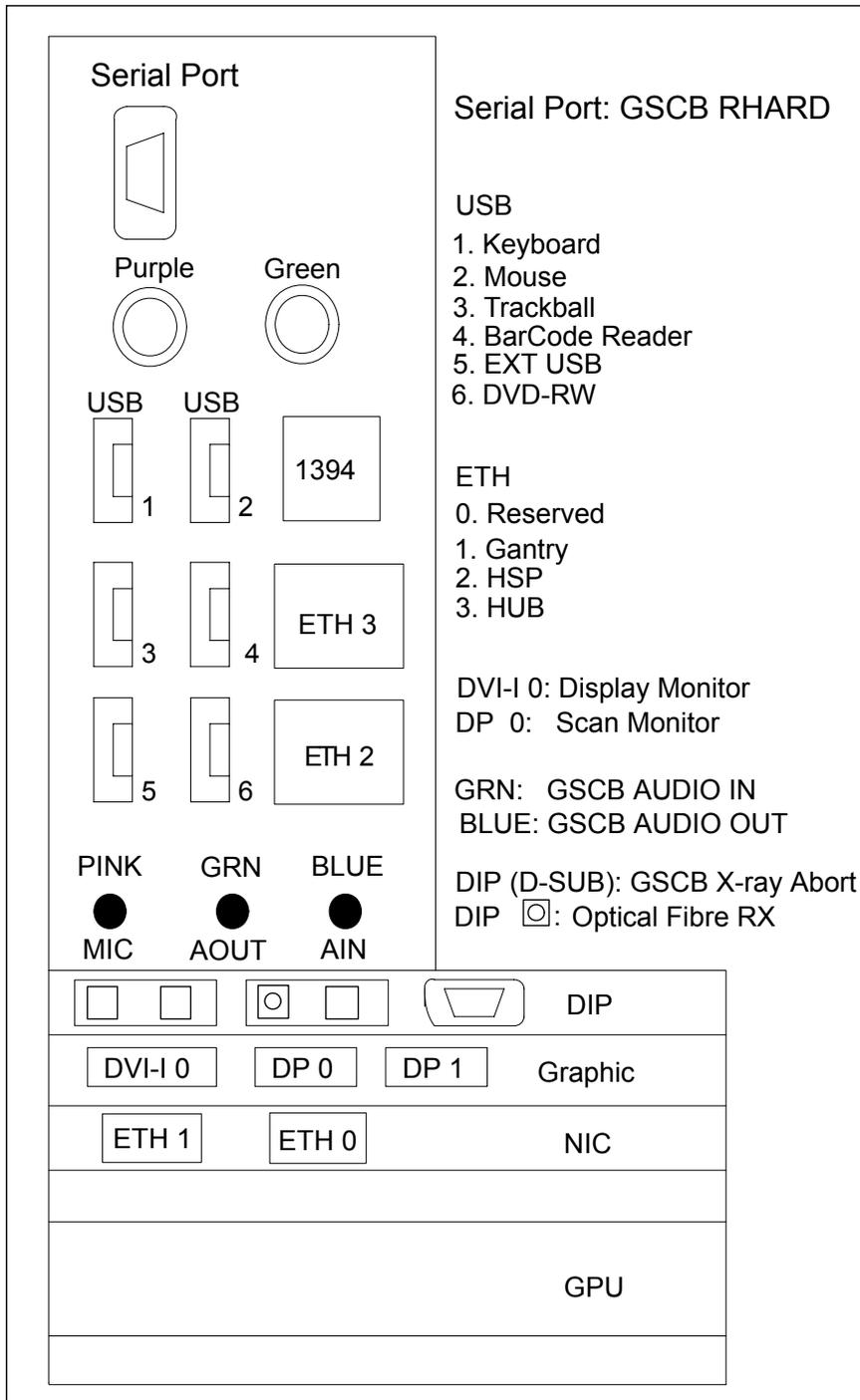
The CT system connects to the facility's network through the console. To enable proper network cabling, the customer and the customer's IT contact should:

- Provide an RJ45 wall outlet within 2 m (79 in.) of the console location.
- Provide a patch cable, not to exceed 3.05 m (10 ft), to connect the console to a wall box. (See Notes on )
- Complete any cable duct-work or conduit installation that the customer site-unit might require to route connecting network cables to the workstation, camera, and console.
- Ensure that the run from the hospital/facility switch to the CT wall outlet does not exceed 88 m (290 ft). Bandwidth performance degrades significantly when the length exceeds 91 m (300 ft).
- Use of STP (Shielded Twisted Pair) cable is not allowed.

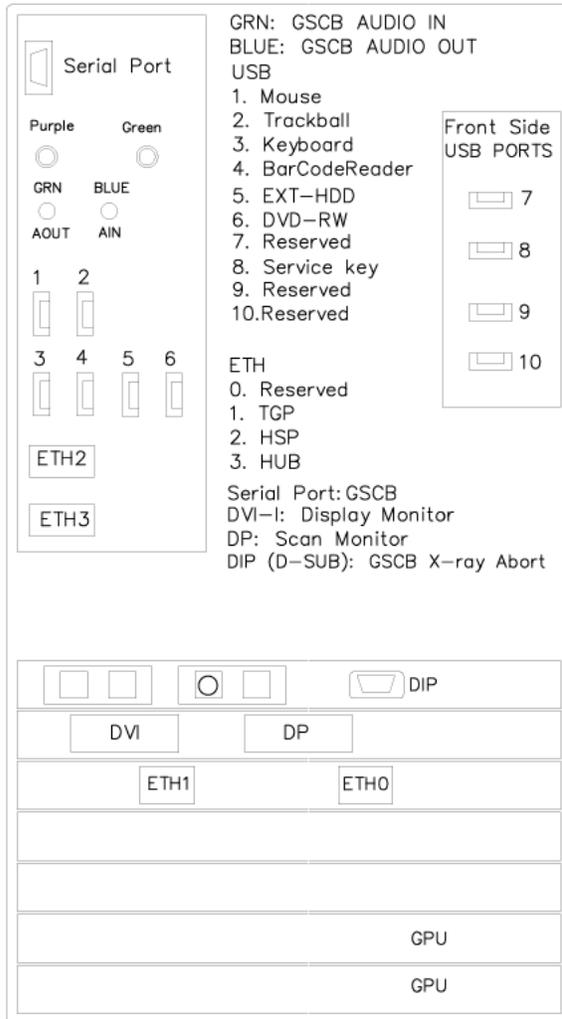
Figure 11-1 TIO Console Host Computer Rear



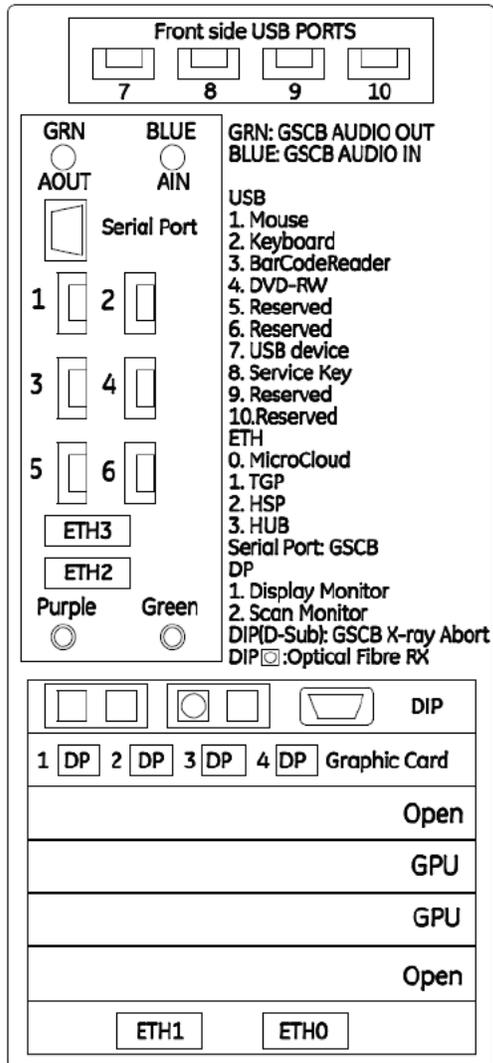
**Figure 11-2 NIO16 Console with Z800 Host Computer Rear**



**Figure 11-3 NIO16 Console/OpenOC Console with Z840 Host Computer Rear**



**Figure 11-4 OpenOC Console with Z8G4 Host Computer Rear**



## 11.2 Customer Broadband Responsibilities

### 11.2.1 Contact GE to Find Zone Broadband Specialist

Contact your GE PMI to obtain the name of the zone broadband specialist who will:

- Work with the Customer Champion to complete any identified infrastructure changes.
- Provide IP addresses for new CT equipment.
- Provide a VPN compatible appliance that will support the IPSec tunneling protocol and 3DES data encryption.
- Utilize an Internet Service Provider that supports static routing.

### 11.2.2 Provide GE with IT Contact Information for the Site

Provide your GE PMI with an accurate site address, telephone number, contact name, and e-mail address for the customer IT contact who will:

- Coordinate VPN activities between Radiology/Cardiology and the Information Technology (IT) departments.
- Act as a focal point in assuring site broadband infrastructure meets GE requirements for connection, as determined by a mutual assessment with the GE connectivity team.
- Complete an equipment assessment with the GE connectivity team to determine site readiness for broadband.

## 11.3 Digital Service and Connectivity Requirements

### 11.3.1 Background

GE Healthcare provides digital service and asset management through its InSite Connectivity Platform.

InSite RSvP (Remote Service Platform) is the latest connectivity platform that will eventually replace the existing InSite 1 connectivity infrastructure in the system.

GE can proactively monitor the key operational parameters of your medical systems to provide early warning of potential issues to head off costly and unscheduled downtime. The GE online engineers can recalibrate key operational parameters to help ensure optimal system performance or can dispatch a field engineer to assist in mitigating the issue. Additionally, automated software downloads require reliable connectivity platform to ensure software updates and upgrades in a timely manner to keep the system working efficiently. Software downloads also significantly reduce the time it takes to upgrade your GE Healthcare devices, which means the scheduled system downtime and clinical workflow interruptions are greatly reduced.

The two major technical components of InSite RSvP are Agent and Server. The Agent is installed on the GE Healthcare equipment at the customer sites while the Server resides within GE Healthcare. The role of the Agent is to:

- monitor device performance data on an ongoing basis,
- establish secure communications to the Server via the Internet,

- and send fault information and log files to the Server

The Server uses the secure Web Services to communicate with the Agent. It processes the performance and fault information provided by the Agent.

## 11.3.2 InSite RSVP Connectivity Requirements

The Agent establishes connectivity from behind the safety of your corporate firewall, adhering to all the security policies set up by your network administrators. To your network, the Agent is just another computer on the LAN. To set up the InSite 2.0 Agent at your site, the only networking requirements are as follows:

1. A physical connection or a route to an existing enterprise LAN
2. Allow outbound Internet access for the device using HTTPS protocol over port 443

If the CT system is already at or upgrades to software version or later, a GE Healthcare Field Engineer will configure network connections for InSite RSVP connectivity according to the site IT requirements.

Customer IT personal would need to ensure the following details to enable connectivity at install:

1. DNS IP Address or Proxy IP address and authentication information as applicable is made available when requested by the GE Field Engineer or Project manager of Installation
2. In case it is required to whitelist, only certain URLs being used by GE Healthcare, here is a list that could be used:
  - a. Enterprise production: <https://insite.gehealthcare.com:443>
  - b. Flexera URL: <https://gehealthcare-ns.flexnetoperations.com>

InSite RSVP utilizes existing the outbound broadband internet connection. It uses the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) and complies with the existing firewall rules and Web proxies. Once the Agent has established a secure tunnel, the connection is visible only to InSite RSvP clients and services (applications or user

### NOTE

For GEHC Personnel only:

1. If a customer is not able to provide the internet connection then GEHC needs to provide the internet connection along with the required router device.
2. If a customer has GEHC provided internet connection or has GEHC provided router device running on the customer provided internet connection then consult the customer if the same set is to be used.

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## Chapter 12 Power Requirements

Be sure to communicate all necessary information in this chapter to the electrical contractor employed at the installation site.

### 12.1 Introduction

#### NOTICE

Be sure to communicate all necessary information in this chapter to the electrical contractor employed at the installation site.

The Power Distribution Unit (PDU) supplied with the system transforms and distributes power to all system components. The PDU constitutes the only power entry point required to operate the system. To minimize voltage regulation effects, keep power wiring between the facility main distribution panel and the PDU as short as possible.

When routing the power wiring, all three-phase wires and ground must run in the same conduit or raceway duct. Route power wires separate from the system control and signal cables, using a separate conduit or trough in a raceway duct. You may use a metallic conduit, floor duct, or surface raceway for running cables, depending upon local codes and practices. However, ensure that cable passageways are large enough to install additional cables with all other cables already installed. Do not use non-metallic conduit.

### 12.2 System Input Power

#### 12.2.1 Power Source Configuration

The system operates on a three-phase, solidly grounded four-wire wye or Delta power source. The neutral wire does not need to run to the system, (i.e., four-wire connection). If you are running a NEUTRAL wire, terminate it in the A1/MDP box.

A dedicated feeder from the nearest Main Distribution Panel (MDP) should supply power to the system. In accordance with the National Electric Code (U.S.) and similar applicable national and local codes, the site MUST provide a protective disconnect device with LOCK-OUT and TAG-OUT provisions in the power line supplying the PDU, and MUST locate the protective disconnect device within 10 m (32 ft) of the PDU, visible to PDU service personnel. The disconnect device appears as *A1/MDP* in the interconnection schematic diagrams.

#### 12.2.2 Rating

The system operates on three-phase power that meets the following specifications:

- Voltage: 380 to 480 VAC
- Capacity: 150 kVA
- Frequency: 50 or 60 Hz  $\pm$  3 Hz
- Maximum power demand = 150 kVA @ 0.85 PF at a selected technique of 140 kV, 715 mA.

- Average (continuous) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 30 kVA.

The A1 disconnect device referenced above must provide overcurrent protection for the system and have at least one Emergency Off switch within the scan suite, near the console. The preferred disconnect utilizes undervoltage release control, rather than shunt trip devices. The rating of the A1 disconnect device depends on the nominal line voltage at the site. Refer to [12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System on page 127](#) for minimum rating requirements and suggested disconnect devices.

### 12.2.3 Regulation

Total load regulation, as measured at the PDU input terminals, must not exceed 6%. The capacity of the facility transformer and size and length of feeder wires directly affect the load regulation presented to the system. Refer to [12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System on page 127](#), for recommended single-unit installation specifics.

### 12.2.4 Phase Imbalance

The difference between the highest line-to-line voltage and lowest line-to-line voltage must not exceed 2% of the lowest line-to-line voltage.

### 12.2.5 Sags, Surges and Transients

Sags and surges of the power line must not exceed the absolute range limits shown in [Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges on page 127](#). Limit maximum transient voltages to 1500 V peak.

### 12.2.6 Grounding

The customer's electrician needs to perform the following tasks:

- Bond metal conduit, raceway, or the armor of armored cable used to power the system to the PDU cabinet and to the A1/MDP Disconnect
- Run a dedicated 1/0 (55 mm<sup>2</sup>) or larger insulated copper ground wire from the main distribution panel to the PDU with the phase wires.
- Run the ground wire with the three-phase wires from the power source to the A1/MDP Disconnect and from A1/MDP Disconnect to the PDU. Grounding does not require a neutral wire.

#### NOTE

The shield or armor of armored cable ALONE does NOT provide sufficient grounding.

Bond the ground wire to the intermediate distribution panels through which it passes in accordance with local codes. The resistance between the PDU ground and the facility earth ground must not exceed 0.5 ohm. In addition, the total resistance between the PDU ground and earth must not exceed 2 ohms.

### 12.2.7 Potential Equalization Conductor IEC 60601-1 Clause 18.e) (Edition 2 Scheme) / IEC 60601-1 Clause 8.6.7 (Edition 3 Scheme)

The voltage of a conductor or body to earth is called the "potential" of this conductor or body. The earth is electrically neutral and thus has the potential "zero". The unit of measurement for the potential is volt. This terminal will be used for Option installation. Refer to each Option manual of instruction for use.

## 12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System

In all cases, qualified personnel must verify that the transformer and feeder (at the point of take-off) and the run to the CT system meet all the requirements stated in this document.

### 12.3.1 Using a Dedicated Distribution Transformer (Recommended)

The recommended power distribution system for a CT system is a dedicated feeder from the facility main isolation transformer. The minimum recommended transformer size for a dedicated distribution transformer provided for the system is 225kVA, rated 2.4% regulation at unity power factor. [12.3.3 System Power Requirements on page 127](#) shows the minimum recommended feeder size and overcurrent protection device based on line voltage for this configuration.

### 12.3.2 Using an Existing Distribution Transformer

If it proves necessary to power the system from an existing distribution transformer and secondary feeder, such as the equipment distribution panel of an X-ray department, avoid installation with other X-ray equipment that uses rapid film changers. These changers use a large number of high-powered, closely-spaced exposures, which may coincide with the CT scan and produce image artifacts.

### 12.3.3 System Power Requirements

Be sure that the site can meet all of the minimum power requirements listed below before installing the system:

- Maximum power demand = 150kVA @ 0.85 PF: at a Selected Technique of 140 kV, 715 mA.
- Continuous (average) power demand at maximum duty cycle = 30 kVA.
- Average power demand at maximum duty cycle = 10 kVA
- Maximum allowable total source regulation is 6%.
- Minimum recommended transformer size: 225 kVA, with 2.4% rated regulation at unity power factor. Resultant maximum allowable feeder regulation is 3.4%.

**Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges**

<b>Nominal line voltage MUST fall within ONE of these ranges.</b>						
Nominal Line Voltage [V]	380	400	420	440	460	480
Hi-Line Limit, +10% [V]	418	440	462	484	506	528
Lo-Line Limit, -10% [V]	342	360	378	396	414	432
Continuous Line Current [A]	38	36	34	33	31	30
Momentary Line Current [A]	228	217	206	197	188	180
Maximum Line Current [A]	253	241	229	219	209	200

**Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges** (Table continued)

Nominal line voltage MUST fall within ONE of these ranges.						
Minimum Recommended Circuit Breaker [A]	150	150	150	125	125	125

**Table 12-2 Minimum Feeder Wire Size**

Feeder Length (MDA to A1/MDP) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Feeder Wire Size, AWG or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)					
	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
15 m (50 ft)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)
30 m (100 ft)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)
46 m (150 ft)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)
61 m (200 ft)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)
76 m (250 ft)	2/0 (70)	2/0 (70)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)
91 m (300 ft)	3/0 (85)	3/0 (85)	2/0 (70)	2/0 (70)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)
107 m (350 ft)	4/0 (100)	3/0 (85)	3/0 (85)	2/0 (70)	2/0 (70)	1/0 (55)
122 m (400 ft)	5/0 (125)	4/0 (100)	3/0 (85)	3/0 (85)	3/0 (85)	2/0 (70)

**NOTE**  
According to length and voltage, select the appropriate wire size. The length should consider the actual total length of feeder and sub-feeder.

**NOTE**

In all cases the recommended ground wire is a 55 sq. mm (1/0) ground wire.

**Table 12-3 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size**

Sub-Feeder Length (A1/MDP to PDU) Meters (Feet)	Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size, AWG or MCM (sq. mm)/VAC (Supplied by Customer)					
	380VAC	400VAC	420VAC	440VAC	460VAC	480VAC
9.75 m (32 ft)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1/0 (55)	1 (45)	1 (45)	1 (45)

The information in [Table 12-1 Nominal Line Voltage Ranges on page 127](#), [Table 12-2 Minimum Feeder Wire Size on page 128](#), and [Table 12-3 Minimum Sub-Feeder Wire Size on page 128](#) (above) assumes the use of copper wire, rated 75 C and run in steel conduit. All ampacity is determined in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70), Table 310-16 (2002). The ampacity of the circuit protection device listed above determines the minimum feeder size, except where total source regulation limits require a larger size.

**NOTICE**

Power feeders running under the scan room floor, as well as power vault substations under the floor, above the scan suite, or in adjacent rooms, may cause excessive EMI fields. The responsibility for meeting all site EMI requirements rests with the customer.

## Chapter 13 Interconnection Data

### 13.1 Introduction

The customer and the customer's electrical contractor should refer to the information in this section when establishing network and power interconnections for the system. Please note the following:

- [Figure 13-5 Interconnection Runs on page 146](#) shows interconnection runs for a 50/60 Hz system.
- [Table 13-1 Component Designators on page 129](#) shows component designators for supplied equipment and options and wall power outlets.
- [Table 13-13 Runs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Connections on page 145](#) lists customer-installed wiring and supplied cables. The actual length of each run is less than the length of supplied cables to allow for routing inside the equipment. Cable diameters and sizes of connectors are provided to aid in sizing conduit and access plates.
- [13.3.1 GE Supplied \(Standard Length\) on page 133](#) and [13.3.2 GE Supplied \(Optional, Long Run\) on page 137](#) list details for connection to the system and GE approved accessories using standard (short) length and non-standard (long) length cables, respectively. Details appear for the following types of runs, when appropriate:
  - Flush-floor duct
  - Computer floor
  - Through-wall bushing
  - Junction box
  - Surface floor duct
  - Through-floor duct
  - Wall duct
  - Conduit
- To minimize the need for additional junction boxes, use either a cable raceway system or a raised computer floor. Systems use prefabricated cables with large plugs. Therefore, try to avoid conduit or pipe for cable runs.

### 13.2 Component Designators

**Table 13-1 Component Designators**

DESIGNATOR	APPLIES TO	SOURCE
A1	Primary power disconnect	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
MDP	Main distribution panel	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
CT1	Patient table	System
CT2	Gantry	System
ITL	InSite telephone lines	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
LP	Line printer	Option
OC1	Operator's console/computer	System
PDU	Power Distribution Unit	System
SEO	System emergency off	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
SM	Slave monitor	Option

**Table 13-1 Component Designators (Table continued)**

DESIGNATOR	APPLIES TO	SOURCE
WL	“X-ray on” warning light	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
DS	Door Interlock Switch	<b>Contractor supplied</b>
XCVR	Ethernet transceiver	System
BBNC	Broad-band network connection	<b>Contractor supplied</b>

## 13.3 Interconnect Runs, Wiring and Cables

**Figure 13-1 System Interconnect Diagram with TIO Console**

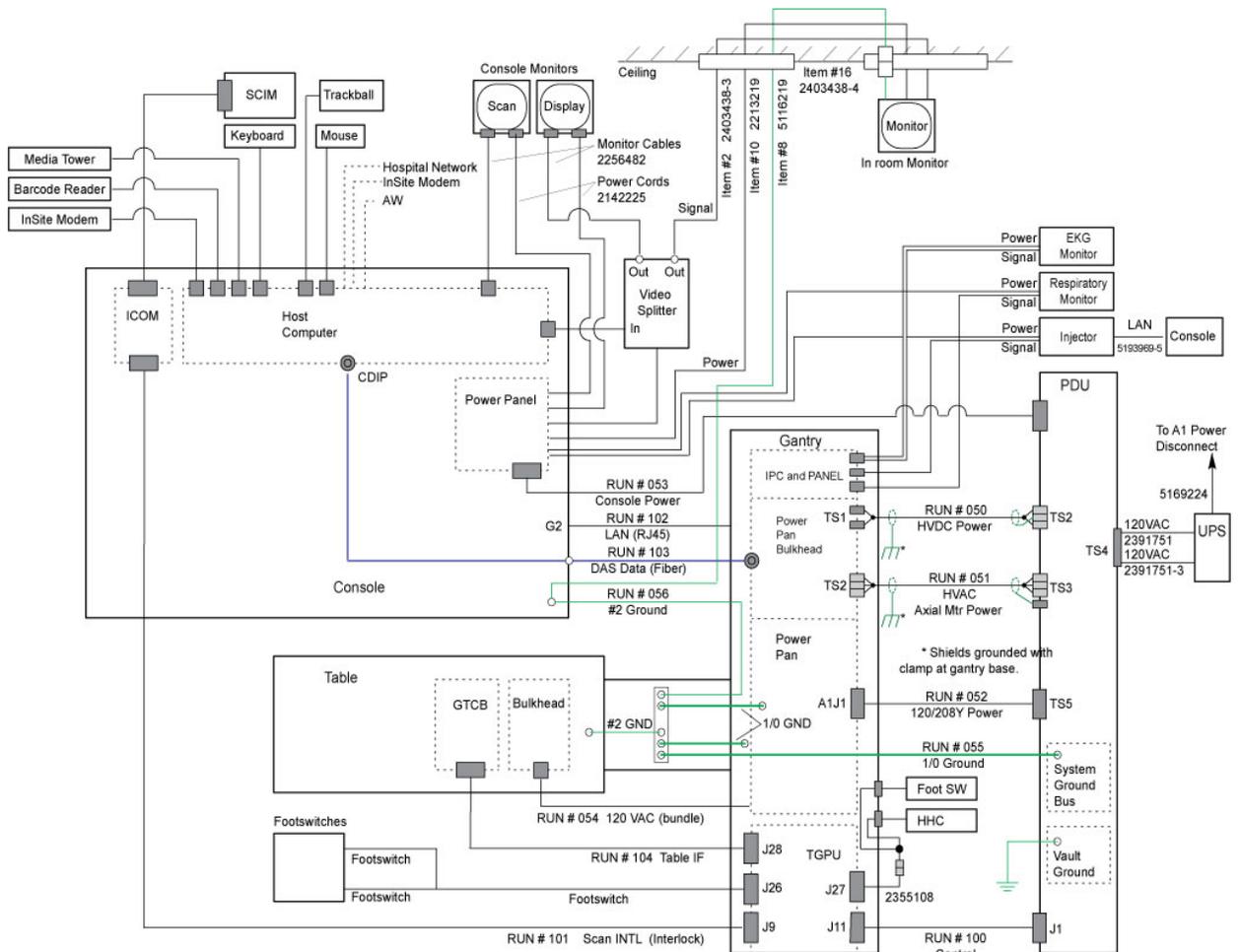
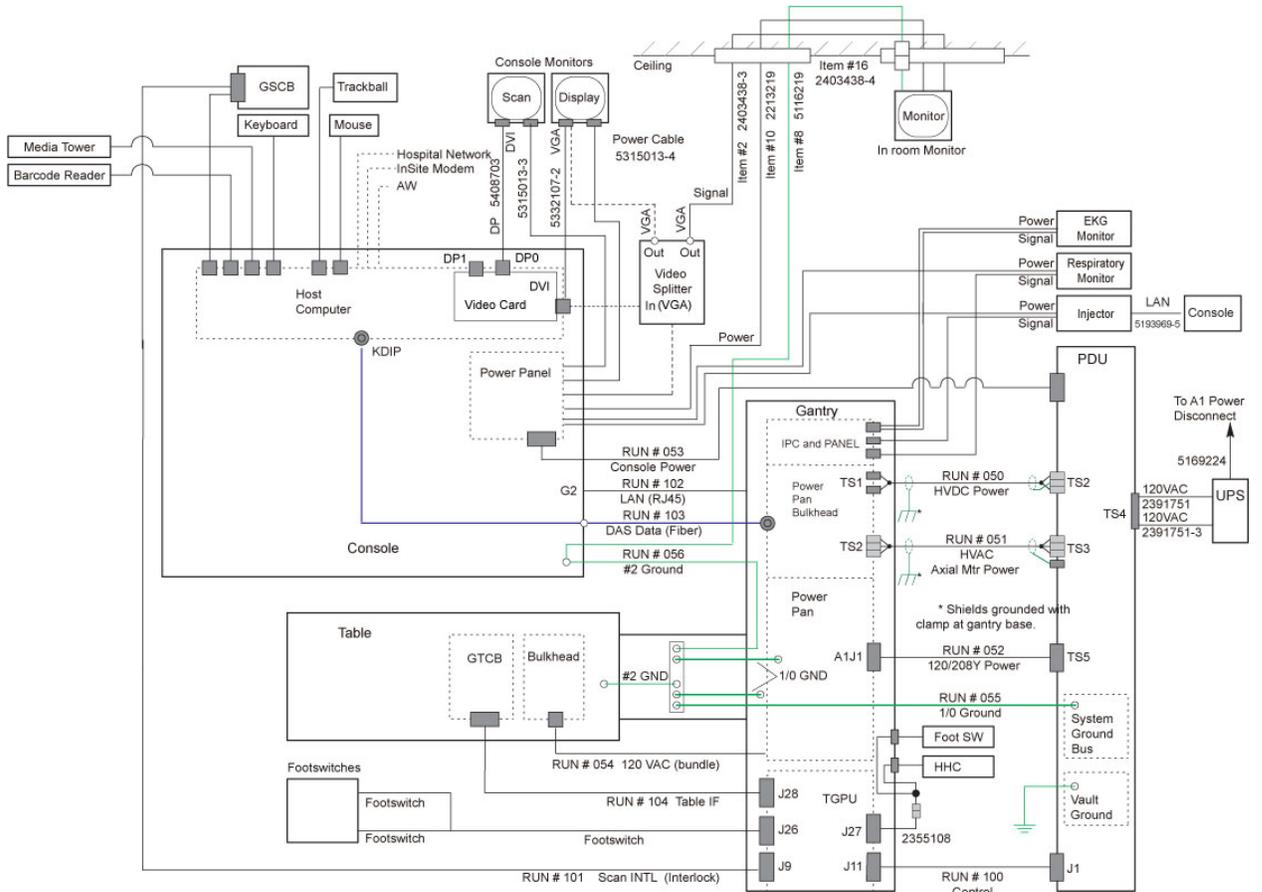
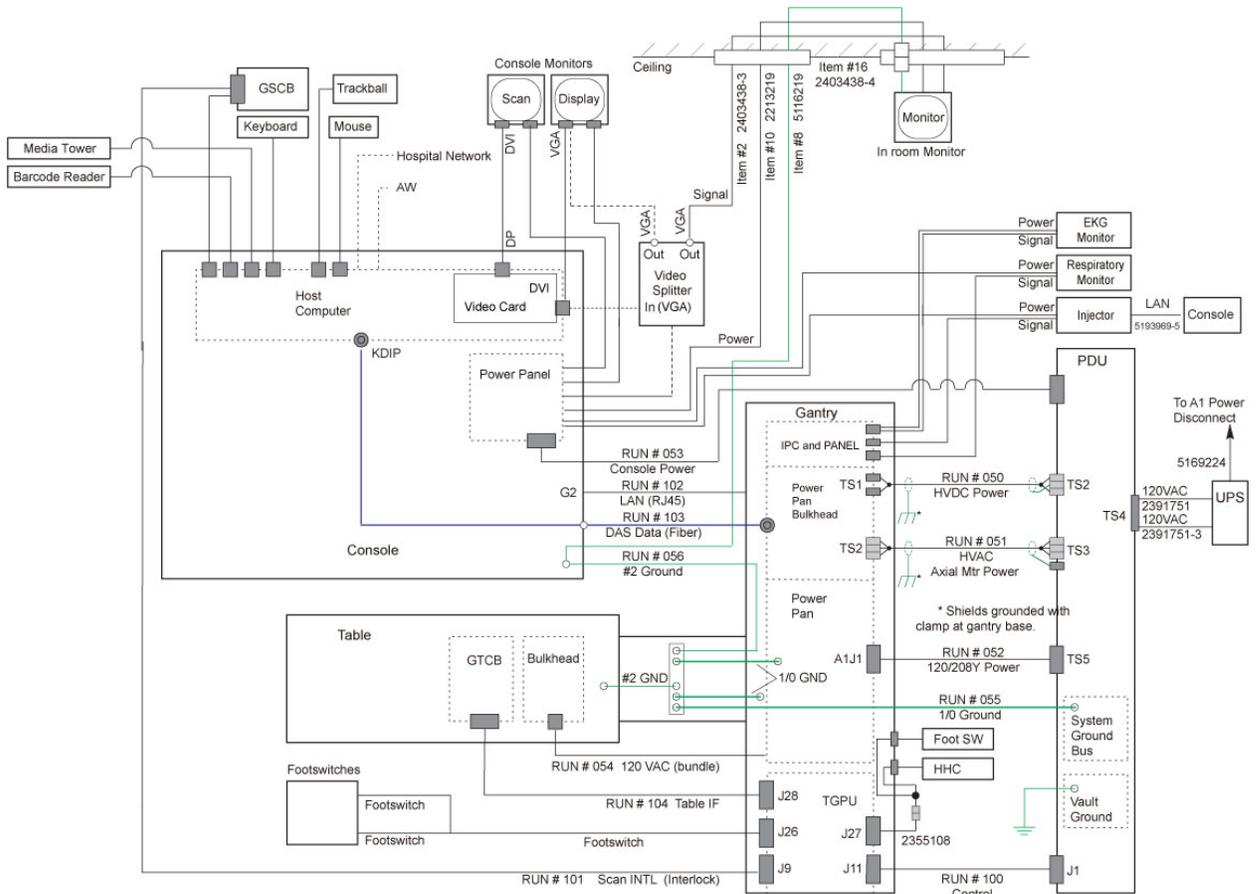


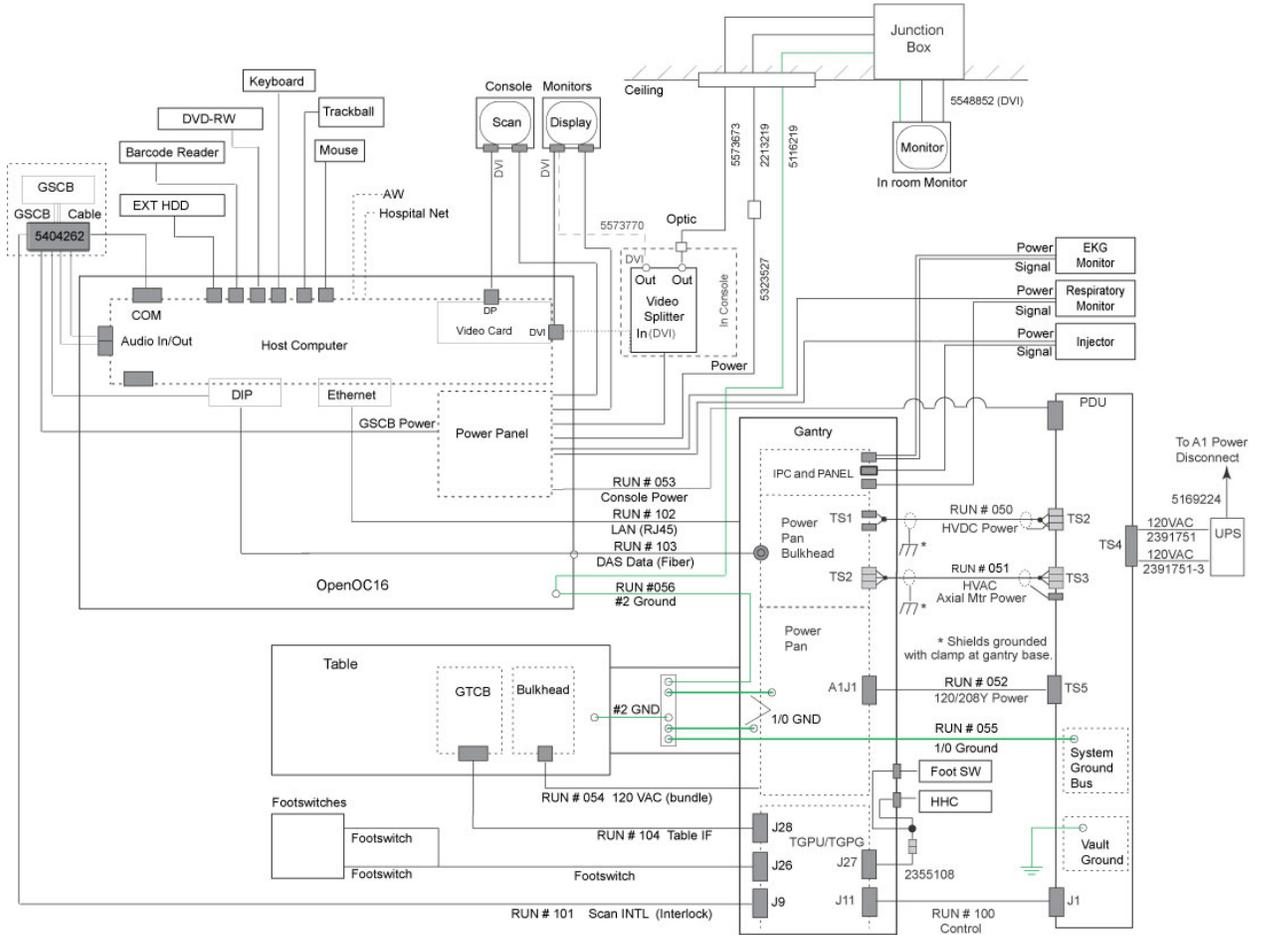
Figure 13-2 System Interconnect Diagram with NIO16 Console with Z800



**Figure 13-3 System Interconnect Diagram with NIO16 Console with Z840**



**Figure 13-4 System Interconnect Diagram with OpenOC16 Console with Z840**



### 13.3.1 GE Supplied (Standard Length)

**Table 13-2 GE Supplied Cables for GOC or TIO (Standard Run) (2281840-5)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343529-2	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343530-2	HVAC, Axial Drive Power PDU to Gantry Power	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.

**Table 13-2 GE Supplied Cables for GOC or TIO (Standard Run) (2281840-5)- UL Information** (Table continued)

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
052	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343528-2	LVAC, PDU to Gantry 120VAC	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	65 (60)	19.8 (18.3)	2343531-2	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
054			2343596	LVAC, Gantry to Table	1015		600	120VAC			3	14	
055	28 (20)	8.5 (6.0)	2371450-2	Ground, PDU to Raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	68 (57)	20.8 (17.4)	2371450-4	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.
100	32.5 (20)	9.9 (6.1)	5120646-2	Signal, PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	71 (60)	21.7 (18.3)	5419981-2	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	71 (63)	21.7 (19.3)	2373436-3	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.
103	68 (60)	20.7 (18.3)	2117848-7	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia
104			2333151	Signal, Gantry to Table		FT-4	300		80		25	22	

**Table 13-3 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console (Standard Run) (2281840-14)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343529-2	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343530-2	HVAC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.
052	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343528-2	LVAC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	65 (60)	19.8 (18.3)	2343531-2	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
054			2343596	LVAC, Gantry to Table	1015		600	120VAC			3	14	
055	28 (20)	8.5 (6.0)	2371450-2	Ground, PDU to Raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	68 (57)	20.8 (17.4)	2371450-4	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.
100	32.5 (20)	9.9 (6.1)	5419992-2	Signal, PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	71 (60)	21.7 (18.3)	5419981-2	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	71 (63)	21.7 (19.3)	2373436-3	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.
103	68 (60)	20.7 (18.3)	5432019	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia

**Table 13-3 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console (Standard Run) (2281840-14)- UL Information**  
(Table continued)

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
104			2333151	Signal, Gantry to Table		FT-4	300		80		25	22	

**NOTE**

For short cable kits GEHW Cat# is B71022RT, WSO Cat# is B7580JY.

**Table 13-4 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console or OpenOC 16 Console with Simplified Powerpan (Standard Run) (5443710)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343529-2	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343530-2	HVAC, PDU Axial Drive Power to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.
052	28 (20)	8.5 (6.1)	2343528-4	LVAC, PDU to Gantry 120VAC Power	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	65 (60)	19.8 (18.3)	2343531-2	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
055	28 (20)	8.5 (6.0)	2371450-2	Ground, PDU to Raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	68 (57)	20.8 (17.4)	2371450-4	Ground, Console to Raceway	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.

**Table 13-4 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console or OpenOC 16 Console with Simplified Powerpan (Standard Run) (5443710)- UL Information** (Table continued)

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
100	32.5 (20)	9.9 (6.1)	5120646-2	Signal, PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	71 (60)	21.7 (18.3)	5419981-2	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	71 (63)	21.7 (19.3)	2373436-3	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.
103	68 (60)	20.7 (18.3)	5432019	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia

**NOTE**

For short cable kits GEHW Cat# is B75372CB, WSO Cat# is B7580GA.

**13.3.2 GE Supplied (Optional, Long Run)****Table 13-5 GE Supplied Cables for GOC or TIO (Optional, Long Run) (2281840-4)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	63 (55)	19.3 (16.76)	2343529	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	62.5 (55)	19 (16.76)	2343530	HVAC, PDU Axial Drive Power to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.

**Table 13-5 GE Supplied Cables for GOC or TIO (Optional, Long Run) (2281840-4)- UL Information**  
(Table continued)

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
052	63 (58)	19.3 (17.56)	2343528	LVAC, PDU to Gantry 120VAC Power	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	80 (75)	24.5 (22.86)	2343531	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
055	63 (55)	19.3 (16.76)	2371450	Ground, PDU to raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	83 (75)	25.5 (22.86)	2371450-3	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.
100	70 (62)	21.4 (18.86)	5120646	Cable - PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	86 (78)	26.35 (23.71)	5419981	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	86 (81)	26.3 (24.84)	2373436-2	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.
103	80 (75)	24.3 (22.86)	2117848-2	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia

**Table 13-6 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console (Optional, Long Run) (2281840-13)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	63 (55)	19.3 (16.76)	2343529	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	63 (55)	19 (16.76)	2343530	HVAC, PDU Axial Drive Power to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.
052	63 (58)	19.3 (17.56)	2343528	LVAC, PDU to Gantry 120VAC Power	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	80 (75)	24.5 (22.86)	2343531	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
055	63 (55)	19.3 (16.76)	2371450	Ground, PDU to raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	83 (75)	25.5 (22.86)	2371450-3	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.
100	70 (62)	21.4 (18.86)	5419992	Signal, PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	86 (78)	26.35 (23.71)	5419981	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	86 (81)	26.3 (24.84)	2373436-2	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.
103	80 (75)	24.3 (22.86)	5432019	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia

**NOTE**

For long cable kits GEHW Cat# is B70992RT, WSO Cat# is B7580JZ.

**Table 13-7 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console or OpenOC16 Console with Simplified Powerpan (Optional, Long Run) (5438124)- UL Information**

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
050	63 (55)	19.5 (16.8)	2343529	HVDC, PDU to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	+ & -350VDC	90	19 (0.751)	3	(2) 4 (1) 8	22 (0.87) Dia.
051	63 (55)	19.5 (16.8)	2343530	HVAC, PDU Axial Drive Power to Gantry	2587	FT4	600	440Y/254	90	15.3 (0.604)	4	14	11.2 (0.44) Dia.
052	63 (58)	19.5 (16.8)	2343528-3	LVAC, PDU to Gantry 120VAC Power	2587	FT4	600	208Y/120	90	13.8 (0.542)	5	8	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
053	80 (75)	24.5 (22.9)	2343531	LVAC, PDU to Console	2587	FT4	600	120VAC	90	12.3 (0.483)	3	10	56.4 (2.22) Dia.
055	63 (55)	19.5 (16.8)	2371450	Ground, PDU to raceway	1284	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	15.5 (0.608)	1	1/0	15.8 (0.62) Dia.
056	83 (75)	25.5 (22.9)	2371450-3	Ground, Raceway to console	1283	VW-1 (FT-1)	600	0	105	11.9 (0.467)	1	2	12.2 (0.48) Dia.
100	70 (62)	21.4 (18.9)	5120646	Signal, PDU Interface to Gantry TGPU J11		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
101	86 (78)	26.4 (23.7)	5419981	Signal, Console to TGPU J9		FT-4	300	<30VDC	80	11.2 (0.44)	25	22	17 x 58 (0.68 x 2.30) 19 x 51 (0.75 x 2.01)
102	86 (81)	26.3 (24.9)	2373436-2	Signal (LAN), Gantry to OC			1900	<30VDC		5.9 (0.234)	8	24	15 (0.59) Dia.

**Table 13-7 GE Supplied Cables for NIO16 Console or OpenOC16 Console with Simplified Powerpan (Optional, Long Run) (5438124)- UL Information** (Table continued)

Run #	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
103	80 (75)	24.5 (22.9)	5432019	Fiber Optic, Gantry to OC			N/A	N/A			1	N/A	10 (0.39) Dia

**NOTE**

For long cable kits GEHW Cat# is B75262CB, WSO Cat# is B7580GB.

### 13.3.3 GE Supplied Console Cables

**Table 13-8 GE Supplied TIO Console Cables**

PART#	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				MM	INCHES
5160575-2	PS_2 EXTENSION CABLE	Mouse	1	3000 ± 100	118.11 ± 3.94
5160574	USB EXTENSION CABLE	Keyboard	1	3000 ± 100	118.11 ± 3.94
5332107-2	CABLE, DVI to D-SUB VIDEO CABLE	Monitor	2	3000 ± 20	118.11 ± 0.79
5332093-2	CABLE, SCIM HD50-HD50	SCIM	1	3250 ± 25	127.95 ± 0.98
5315370	CABLE, USB TYPE A-B	PMT Tower	3	2000	78.74
5332100-2	Power Cord 3.5 meter	PMT Tower/Monitor	4	3500 ± 30	137.80 ± 1.18

**Table 13-9 GE Supplied NIO16 Console Cables**

PART#	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				MM	INCHES
5366514-2	USB EXTENSION CABLE	Keyboard	1	3560 ± 30	140.16 ± 1.18
5450275	PS_2 EXTENSION CABLE for <b>Z800</b>	Mouse	1	3500 ± 50	137.80 ± 1.97
5366514	USB EXTENSION CABLE for <b>Z840</b>	Mouse	1	3000 ± 30	118.11 ± 1.18
5332107-2	CABLE, DVI to D-SUB VIDEO CABLE	Monitor	1	3000 ± 20	118.11 ± 0.79
5315370	CABLE, USB TYPE A-B	PMT media Tower, DVD-RW/USB external HDD	2	2000	78.74
5408703	DP to DVI cable, 3 meter	Monitor	1	3000 ± 50	118.11 ± 1.97

**Table 13-9 GE Supplied NIO16 Console Cables (Table continued)**

PART#	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				MM	INCHES
5432953-2	Power Cable, Peripheral Tower to NIO AC Box, IEC C14 to C13 Connectors	PMT media Tower	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97
5432953-3	Power Cable, Display monitor to NIO AC Box, IEC C14 to C13 Connectors	Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97
5432953-4	Power Cable, Scan monitor to NIO AC Box, IEC C14 to C13 Connectors	Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97

**Table 13-10 Supplied OpenOC16 Console Cables with Z840**

PART#	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				MM	INCHES
5431909	Cable, USB_Extend	Keyboard	1	3500 ± 50	137.8 ± 1.97
5458346	Cable, USB_Extend	Mouse	1	3500 ± 50	137.8 ± 1.97
5315370	CABLE, USB TYPE A-B	PMT media Tower, DVD-RW/USB external HDD	2	2000	78.74
5408703-2	DP to DVI Cable, 3 meter	Scan Monitor	1	3000 ± 50	118.11 ± 1.97
5641358	DVI-D to DVI-D Cable, 3 meter	Display Monitor	1	3000 ± 50	118.11 ± 5.9
5432953-6	Power Cable, Peripheral Tower to Open Console	PMT media Tower	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97
5478299-6	Power Cable, Display monitor to Open Console	Display Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97
5478299-5	Power Cable, Scan monitor to Open Console	Scan Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97

**Table 13-11 Supplied OpenOC16 Console Cables with Z8G4**

PART#	DESCRIPTION	CONNECT TO	QUANTITY	LENGTH	
				MM	INCHES
5431909	Cable, USB_Extend	Keyboard	1	3500 ± 50	137.8 ± 1.97
5458346	Cable, USB_Extend	Mouse	1	3500 ± 50	137.8 ± 1.97
5408703-2	DP to DVI Cable, 3 meter	Scan Monitor	2	3000 ± 50	118.11 ± 1.97
5795077	Mini DP to DP Dongle	Monitor	2	250	9.8
5478299-6	Power Cable, Display monitor to Open Console	Display Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97
5478299-5	Power Cable, Scan monitor to Open Console	Scan Monitor	1	3050 ± 50	120 ± 1.97

## 13.3.4 GE Supplied (Cables of Options)

Table 13-12 GE Supplied Cables for Option - UL Information

Option	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
Fluoro	75	22.9	2403438-3	5 BNC MALE TO HD 15 MALE 75 FEET	1015	FT4		1Vp-p	75	9.1 (0.358)	5	26	
	70	21.2	2213219	POWER CABLE FOR LCD-CONSOLE TO LCD		FT1	120	120VAC	105	9.3 (0.366)	3	14	
	71	21.5	5116219	Grounding Cable For LCD Console To LCD		VW-1	600	0V	105		1	8	
	15	4.6	2403438-4	HD 15 FE-MALE TO HD 15 MALE 15 FEET				1Vp-p	60	8.0 (0.315)	5	26	
	1.3	0.4	2355108	JUMPER CABLE FOR ADAPTING 2286150 TO WORK WITH H-POWER MSUB							8	22	
UPS (B7 999 ZA/E45 02K Y)	15	4.6	5169294	POWER CABLE for 2PH UPS, NGPDU TS4 to UPS TB1			600	208VAC		5.3 (0.2)		8	
	15	4.6	5169294-2	POWER CABLE for 2PH UPS, NGPDU TS4 to UPS TB1			600	208VAC		5.3 (0.2)		8	

**Table 13-12 GE Supplied Cables for Option - UL Information** (Table continued)

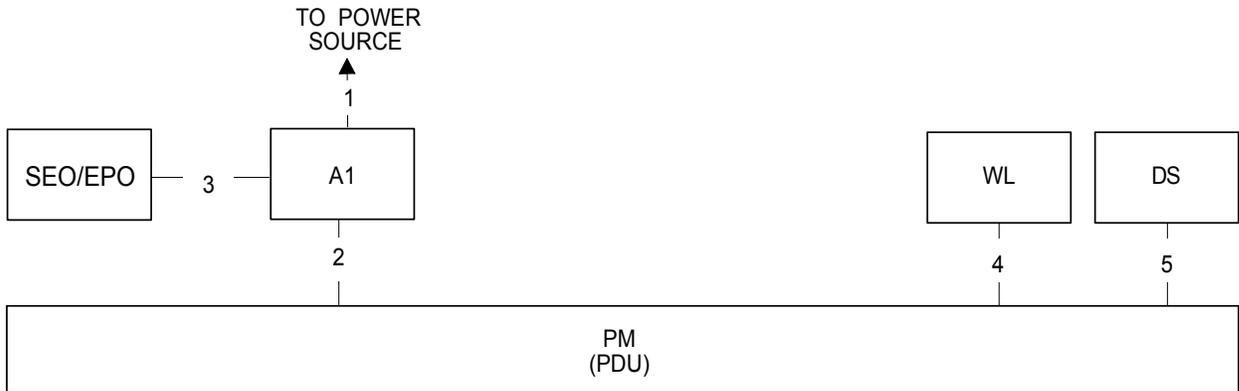
Option	Length, Actual (Usable)		Part #	Description	UL Cable Information								Pull Size mm (Inches)
	ft	m			UL Style	Flam. Rating	Voltage Rating	Voltage Actual	Temp. Rating (C)	Dia. mm (inch)	# of Cond	Size AWG	
	46	14	5169224	UPS CONTROL CABLE, A1 MDP TB1 to UPS			600	120VAC		8 (0.3)		18	
UPS (B7 999 ZB/ E45 02K Z))	15	4.6	5817584	POWER CABLE for 2PH UPS, NGPDU TS4 to UPS TB1	E31 9545	FT2	600	208VAC		5.3 (0.2)		8	
	15	4.6	5817583	POWER CABLE for 2PH UPS, NGPDU TS4 to UPS TB1	E31 9545	FT2	600	208VAC		5.3 (0.2)		8	
	46	14	5817581	UPS CONTROL CABLE, A1 MDP TB1 to UPS	2464		600	120VAC		8 (0.3)		18	
Injector	100	30.5	5169456	Gantry to Injector	1007	VW-1	300	<30VDC	80	1.57 (0.062)	3	22	45 (1.78) Dia.
	8.2	2.5	5317258	Power Cable Injector to Console	62	VW-1	300	120VAC	60	9.4 (0.37)	3	14	36 (1.41) Dia
Cardiac	30	9.1	5198566	Gantry to EKG Monitor	2919	UL16 85 UL Loading	30	<30VDC	80	6.45 (0.254)	6	24	37 (1.45) Dia
Adv 4D Resp	100	30.5	5199717	Gantry to RPM Unit	2464	FT4	300	<30VDC	80	6.6 (0.26)	4	22	37 (1.45) Dia

## 13.3.5 Contractor/Customer Supplied

**Table 13-13 Runs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Connections**

Customer Installed Wiring		Description	Cables Supplied			Plug Pulling Dimensions		Wire and Cable Pigtails ft. (m)	
Qty	Size AWG (mm <sup>2</sup> )		Part No.	Length ft. (m)	Dia. in. (mm)	From	To	From	To
<b>RUN NO. 1 FROM PRIMARY POWER SOURCE TO FACILITY DISCONNECT (POWER SOURCE - A1)</b>									
Maximum Run Length *									
3	*	Power						3 (1)	3 (1)
1	1/0 (50)	Ground						3 (1)	3 (1)
<b>RUN NO. 2 FROM FACILITY DISCONNECT TO POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT (A1 - PM)</b>									
3	*	Power						3 (1)	3 (1)
1	1/0 (50)	Ground						3 (1)	3 (1)
1	*	Neutral						3 (1)	3 (1)
<b>RUN NO. 3</b>									
* FROM FACILITY DISCONNECT TO SYSTEM EMERGENCY OFF (A1 - SEO)									
2	14 (2)	POWER						6 (2)	6 (2)
1	14 (2)	GROUND						6 (2)	6 (2)
* BEVCO PANEL - FROM FACILITY DISCONNECT TO SYSTEM EMERGENCY POWER OFF (A1 - EPO)									
2	14 (2)	Partial UPS EPO Circuit						6 (2)	6 (2)
2	14 (2)	Facility Disconnect EPO Circuit						6 (2)	6 (2)
1	14 (2)	Ground						6 (2)	6 (2)
<b>RUN NO. 4 POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT TO WARNING LIGHT CONTROL (PM - WL)</b>									
2	14 (2)	Warning Light 24 Volt Control A3J2-1,2,3,4							
<b>RUN NO. 5 POWER DISTRIBUTION UNIT TO SCAN ROOM DOOR INTERLOCK (PM - DOOR SWITCH)</b>									
2	14 (2)	Scan Room Door Inter Lock A3J6-1,2							
*	Refer to <a href="#">12.3.3 System Power Requirements on page 127</a> for AWG (mm <sup>2</sup> ) wire sizes.								

**Figure 13-5 Interconnection Runs**



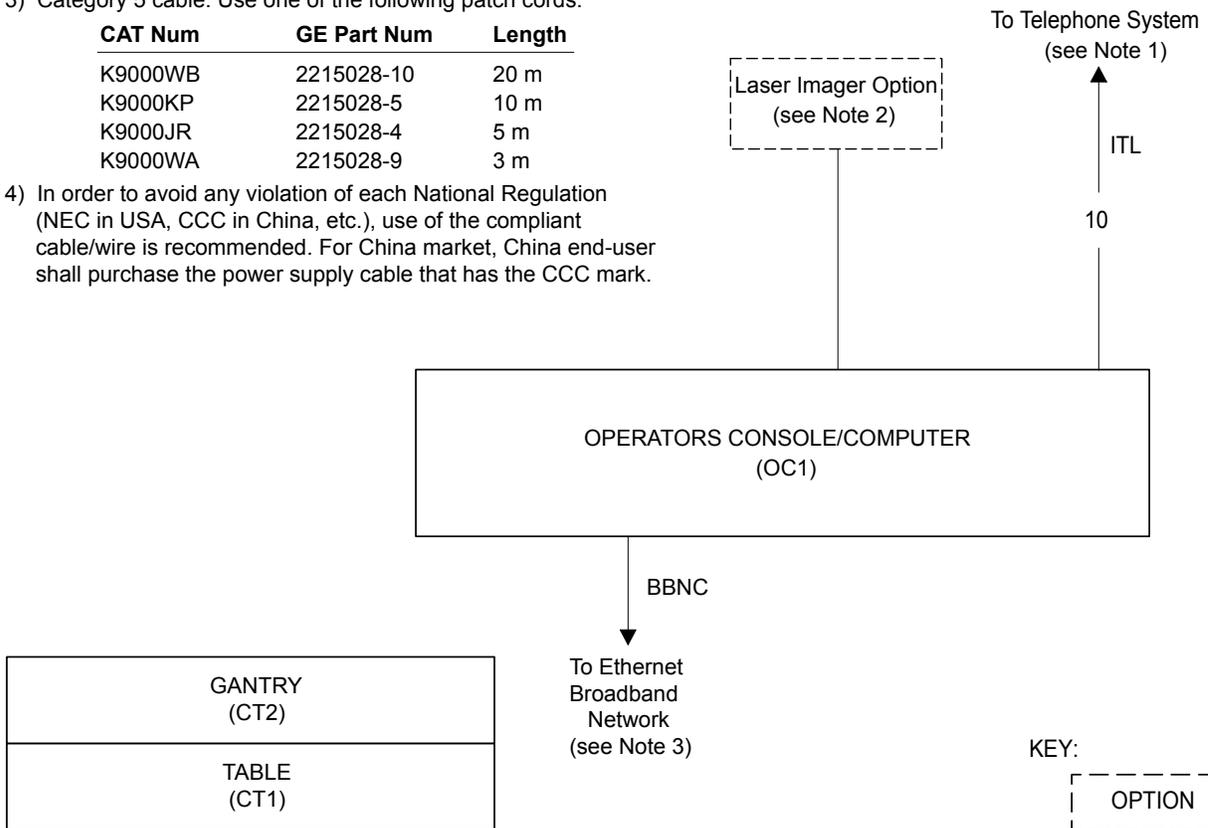
**NOTES**

- 1) Used for remote diagnostics - Option
- 2) Refer to the appropriate Pre--installation / Installation documents for the Laser Camera
- 3) Category 5 cable. Use one of the following patch cords.

Only one phone connection is required for the system

CAT Num	GE Part Num	Length
K9000WB	2215028-10	20 m
K9000KP	2215028-5	10 m
K9000JR	2215028-4	5 m
K9000WA	2215028-9	3 m

- 4) In order to avoid any violation of each National Regulation (NEC in USA, CCC in China, etc.), use of the compliant cable/wire is recommended. For China market, China end-user shall purchase the power supply cable that has the CCC mark.



KEY:  
OPTION

## 13.4 Contractor Supplied Components

**Table 13-14 Contractor Supplied Components**

Reference	Associated Equipment	Material/Labor Supplied by Customer Contractor	USA Vendor / CAT No. GE Catalog
A1 380 - 480V 50/60 Hz	Fusible Disconnect and Magnetic Contactor	3 Pole, 380V - 480V, Combination breaker with magnetic contactor. Includes control transformer, optional UPS interface, On/Off controls and auto-restart feature.	Recommend* <sup>1</sup> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E4502AE/ E4502BE (125A)</li> <li>• E4502AF/ E4502BF (150A)</li> <li>• GEMS_CT_330 (European PDB)</li> </ul> Optional remote operator control available from GE Supply, Cat# GESCTROCS1
BBNC (required)	Broad-Band Network Connection	Broad-Band network connection wall jack, located within 1m (39inches) of Operator Console location, for internal hospital networking and InSite Broad-Band connectivity. Cabling to conform to facility's IT standards.	
ITL (optional)	In-suite Telephone Lines	Supply 2 voice-grade telephone lines. One line must be a direct number from outside the facility – do not route this line through a telephone switchboard. Telephone line operating charges are paid by customer.	
	System Components	Reference the system installation drawings supplied by Installation Support Services within your geographic area.	
* <sup>1</sup> : Refer to <a href="#">12.3 Recommended Power Distribution System on page 127</a> .			

## 13.5 Fuse

**Table 13-15 RT Freedom Fuse Kit (2218570-3 BOM, rev 2)**

ITEM	NUMBER	QTY	FRU CODE	DESCRIPTION/NAME
1	2351492	1	Yes	200A FUSE
2	2364059	1	Yes	GLASS FUSE
3	46-170021P50	1	Yes	FUSE 12 AMPS 250 VOLTS
4	46-170021P106	1	Yes	FUSE 8 AMPS 250 VOLTS
5	2336517-2	1	Yes	FUSE 25 AMPS 700 VOLTS 2.
6	46-170021P52	5	Yes	FUSE 3 AMPS 250 VOLTS
7	46-170021P10	2	Yes	006.000A 0250V 3AG
9	46-170021P11	1	Yes	7.0A, 250V SLO-BLO FUSE.
10	46-170021P31	2	Yes	1/2A, 250V SLO-BLO FUSE.
11	2106993-5	2	Yes	FUSE 20 AMPS 500 VOLTS .3

**Table 13-15 RT Freedom Fuse Kit (2218570-3 BOM, rev 2) (Table continued)**

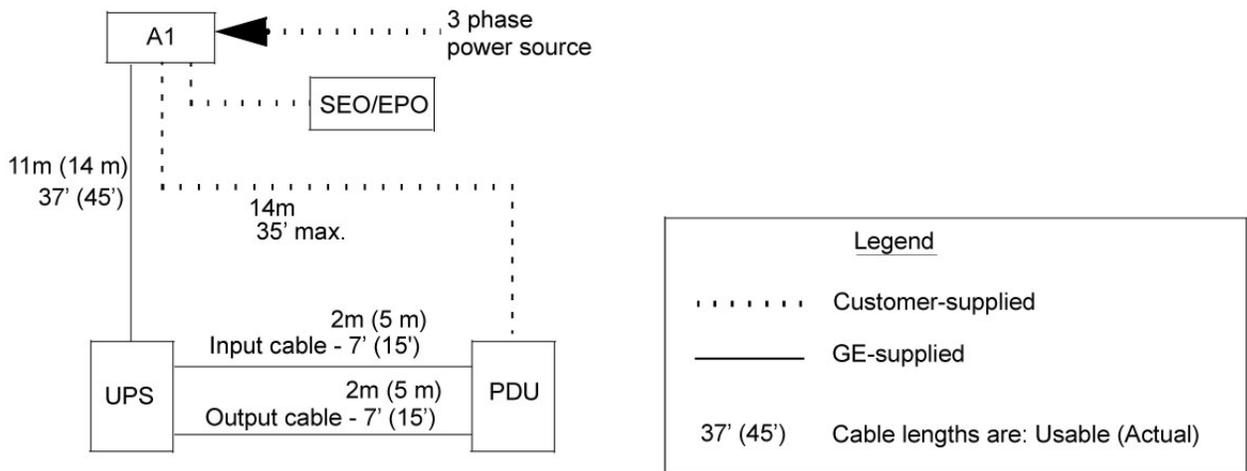
ITEM	NUMBER	QTY	FRU CODE	DESCRIPTION/NAME
12	5306477-5	1	Yes	1PROTECTION FUSE, 12A, TIME DELAY, 300VDC, 600VAC, CARTRIDGE
13	2379651	1	Yes	FUSE - 700 V, 200 A, FAST
14	2374694	2	Yes	8A TIME DELAY FUSES

**Table 13-16 RT Fuse Kit (2218570-4 BOM, rev 7)**

ITEM	NUMBER	QTY	FRU CODE	DESCRIPTION/NAME
1	2364059	1	Yes	GLASS FUSE
2	46-170021P50	1	Yes	FUSE 12 AMPS 250 VOLTS
4	46-170021P52	2	Yes	FUSE 3 AMPS 250 VOLTS
5	46-170021P31	2	Yes	1/2A, 250V SLO-BLO FUSE
8	2374694	2	Yes	8A TIME DELAY FUSES
11	5368105	1	Yes	1A Time_Delay fuse,10_4X38_1CLIP
13	5327448-2	2	Yes	PROTECTION FUSE, 2A, NA, FAST ACTION, 250V, HM FUSE,

## 13.6 UPS Interconnect

**Figure 13-6 Typical UPS Interconnect**



**NOTICE**

UPS Kits REQUIRES installation of one of the A1 Panels listed below.

**Table 13-17 Partial UPS Back-up Options**

PDU Type & Model No.	Maximum Nom. kVA Rating	Required Main Disconnect (A1) Cat #		Optional Partial UPS Kit Cat #
		380-420V, 150A	440-480V, 125A	
NGPDU 2326492-61	150kVA	<b>E4502AF/E4502BF</b> (incl. Auto Restart & Integrated UPS Control)	<b>E4502AE/E4502BE</b> (incl. Auto Restart & Integrated UPS Control)	<b>B7999ZA / E4502KY</b> (includes 5169128 9155-10GE model 10kVA, 2ph. UPS & hardware kit) or <b>B7999ZB / E4502KZ</b> (includes 5820687 Vertiv 10kVA, 2ph. UPS & hardware kit)

**NOTE**

Conduit is required between:

- A1 and UPS
- UPS and PDU
- PDU and A1

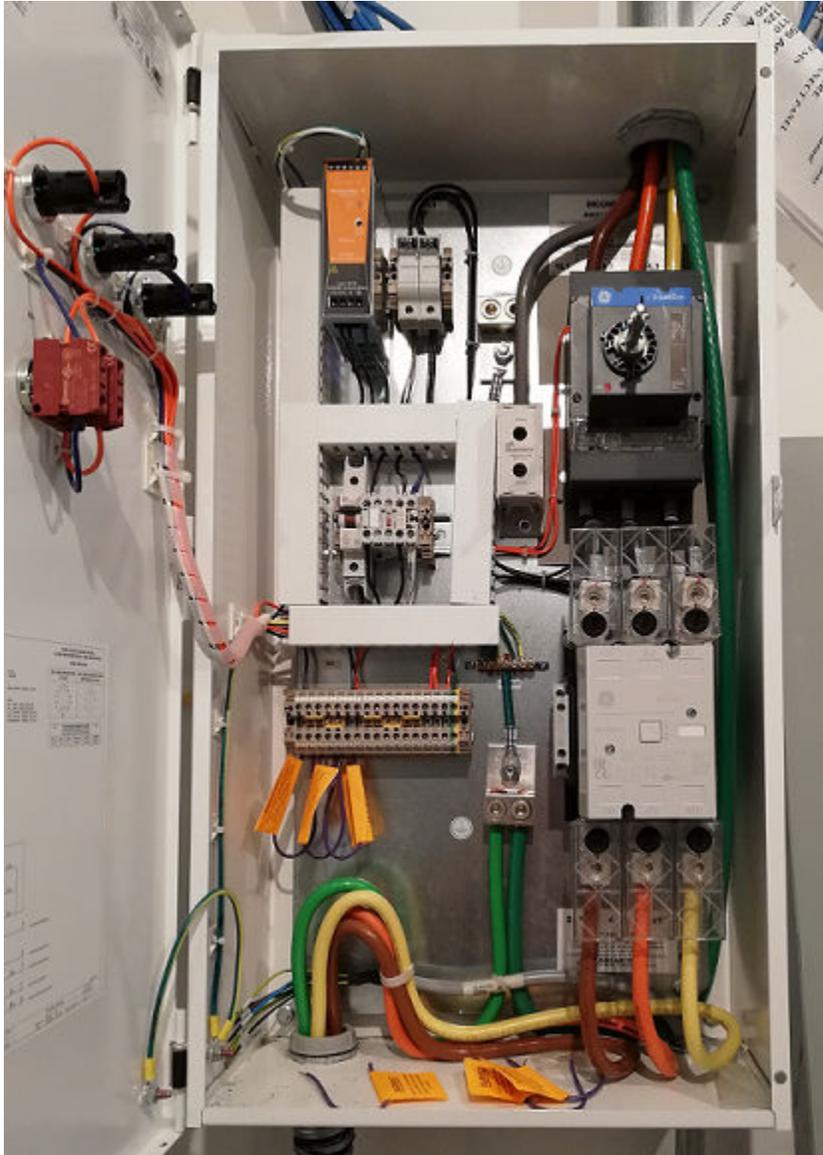
## 13.7 Typical Customer Supplied Wiring

### 13.7.1 Primary Power Disconnect

Figure 13-7 Typical A1 Panel Interior View



**Figure 13-8 Typical US BEVCO A1 Panel Interior View**



**Figure 13-9 Typical EU BEVCO A1 Panel Interior View**

Installing this system requires a Lockout/Tagout-compatible disconnect. If a UPS is required, a GE Disconnect is strongly recommended for safe operation. The GE disconnect and UPS are designed to work together.

## 13.7.2 Scan Room Warning Light and Door Interlock

Figure 13-10 TS6 X-Ray Warning Light Connections

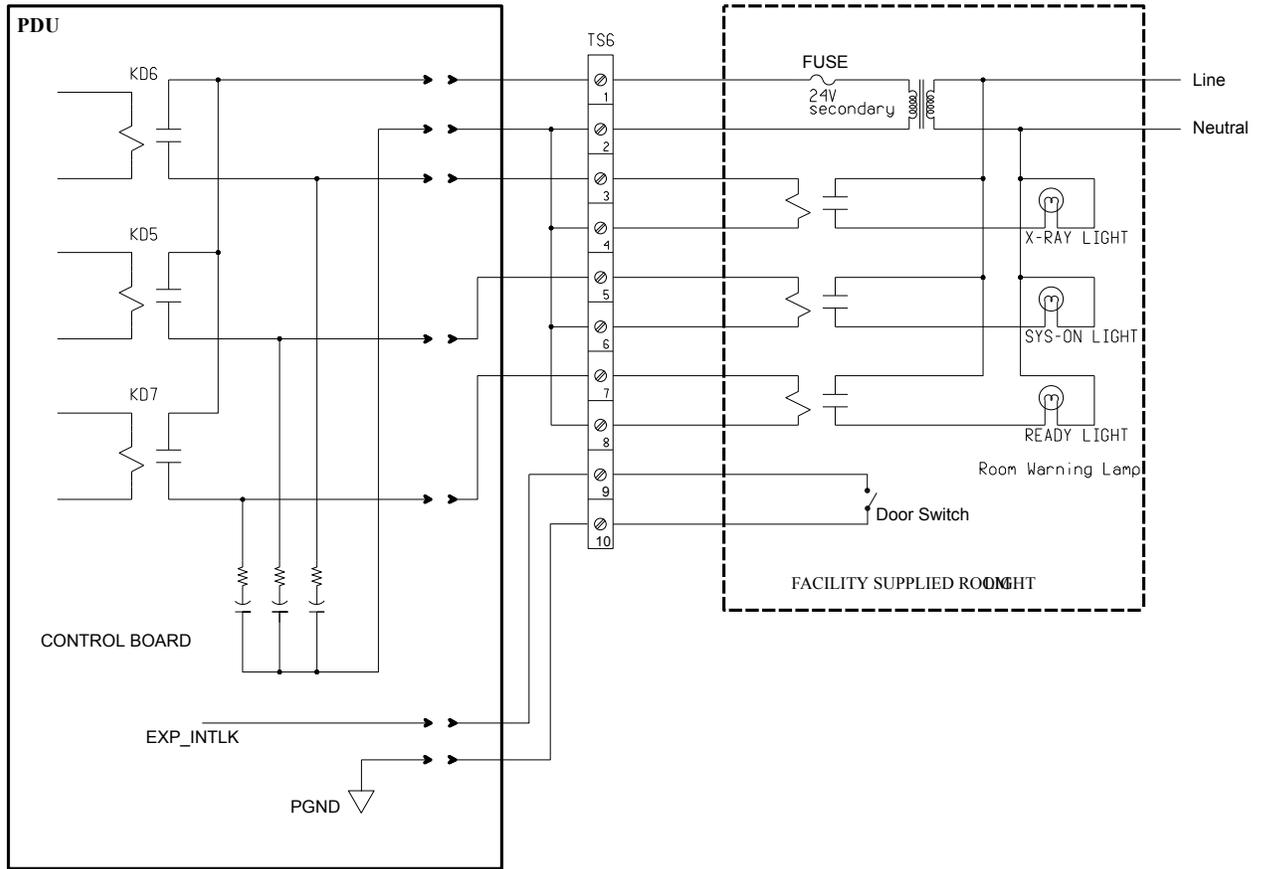
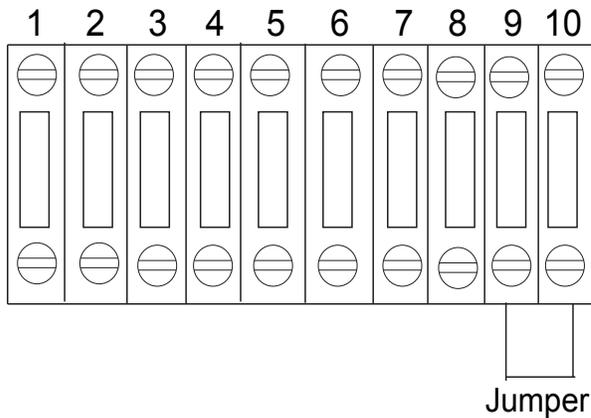


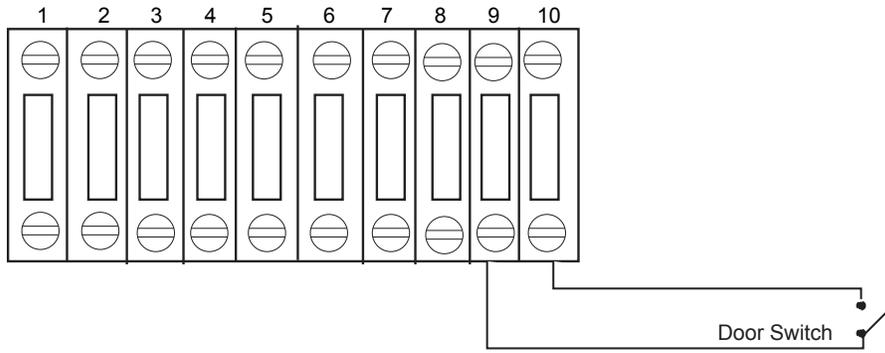
Figure 13-11 TS6 Room Door Interlock Connections - Without a Door Interlock



If not using a door switch, add a jumper.

If jumper is not in place, exposures will not be made. Check this jumper if you get scan interlock errors.

**Figure 13-12 TS6 Room Door Interlock Connections - With a Door Interlock**



## Chapter 14 Delivery and Storage Requirements

This chapter provides information necessary for planning a safe and successful delivery of the system from GE to the receiving area of the installation site, and from the receiving area of that facility to the scan suite.

### 14.1 Delivery Types and System Lifting and Rigging Restriction



#### **DANGER**

PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH, EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. TIP HAZARD.

GANTRY IS VERY HEAVY AND MAY TIP OVER IF TILTED PAST 10 DEGREES.

WHEN TRANSPORTING A SYSTEM TO THE FINAL DESTINATION, DO NOT EXCEED TILT ANGLE EQUAL TO, OR GREATER THAN 10 DEGREES IN EITHER DIRECTION OF AXIS.

Your Project Manager of Installation will determine the most appropriate means of transporting the system to your facility. However, the type of receiving area at the facility where the installation will occur determines, to a large extent, the method used to transport the system to that facility. When planning for delivery, facilities fall into two general categories: those with a loading dock, and those without a loading dock.

#### 14.1.1 Loading Dock Deliveries

Facilities with a loading dock in their receiving area can generally accommodate delivery of the system by van. This is the preferred method of transporting the system to the installation site, as dock-to-dock shipment by van minimizes the possibility of dropping the gantry. Also, packing the CT system for van shipment involves minimum tear-down of components. This system is shipped Lean packed on pallets and dollies with approximately 10 units.

#### 14.1.2 Ground (Non-Loading Dock) Deliveries

Facilities without a loading dock usually require ground delivery by either liftgate or appropriately sized forklift. Such deliveries require unloading the system components from the truck and then rolling them across smooth sidewalks or other paved surfaces into the facility.

##### 14.1.2.1 Liftgate Truck

Delivery of the system by liftgate truck requires an appropriate capacity truck with a liftgate capable of lifting 3 tons. If using a rollback truck, the Project Manager of Installation should be on-site at the time of delivery to supervise this operation in person.

##### 14.1.2.2 Tiltbed Truck - NOT Approved

Delivery of the system by tilt-bed truck is no longer an approved delivery method due to EHS safety risks of tipping the system over. If a loading dock is not available, then a Fork-lift truck shall instead be used.

### 14.1.2.3 Forklift Truck

A forklift can be used to unload the gantry, provided that the lifting option is ordered and delivered. The system will arrive with a lifting skid attached to the gantry and table. This option cannot be added later as an on-site addition.

### 14.1.2.4 Rigging

The CT gantry assemblies shall not be lifted by their dollies. The CT gantry assemblies shall not be transported across any surface by any means other than the dollies provided by GE. The CT gantry assemblies have no lifting points on them and are not designed to be lifted by any special rigging attached to the gantry assemblies themselves.



#### **⚠ DANGER**

POSSIBLE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH.

THE DOLLIES ARE NOT DESIGNED TO BE USED AS AN ATTACHMENT POINT FOR ANY METHOD OF LIFTING THE SUBSYSTEMS.

ATTACHING LIFTING STRAPS, CABLES OR MECHANISMS TO THE DOLLY HANDLES OR ANY OTHER PART OF THE DOLLY IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.

#### **NOTICE**

If it is determined that the subsystems must be lifted by crane or other lifting method the PM or person responsible for local siting of the system shall NOT proceed with the installation without consulting directly with GE Engineering.

Lifting the subsystems by crane or other lifting method should always be avoided. All alternate methods of delivery should be evaluated including the removal of any obstructions, doorways, walls, and windows.

If lifting is still required:

1. The entire gantry assembly and both gantry transport side dollies must be placed on a lifting platform. GE does not provide a lifting platform. GE does not provide a lifting platform.

#### **NOTE**

If the platform has limited space, the gantry transport side dollies may be removed during the lift. Once the lift is completed, the gantry transport side dollies must be installed back on the gantry assembly.

2. The entire patient table must be on its dollies and lifted while sitting on a lifting platform.  
The patient table on its dolly shall be lowered to its transport position so the table base is in contact with the platform.
3. The platform must be designed so no lifting straps or cables come in contact with any part of the gantry or table subsystems or its side dollies.
4. The lifting platform shall bear the entire load. No part of the subsystem shall bear any load during the lift.

#### **NOTE**

If delivery requires vertical or horizontal lifting, the PM needs to add the necessary identifier to the order.

## 14.2 Delivery to the Scan Suite

Once at the installation site, conveyance of the system into the scan suite may involve special considerations, such as vertical lifting, or transportation through stairwells, which involves additional planning by the Project Manager of Installation.

### 14.2.1 Packing Dimension

**Table 14-1 Packing Dimension**

SubSystem	Length mm (in.)	Width mm (in.)	Height mm (in.)
Gantry	2620 mm (103 in.)	1370 mm (54 in.)	2270 mm (89.4 in.)
Table	3200 mm (126 in.)	900 mm (35 in.)	1360 mm (53.5 in.)
PDU	900 mm (35 in.)	700 mm (27.6 in.)	1230 mm (48.4 in.)
Open Console	920 mm (36.2 in.)	590 mm (23.2 in.)	770 mm (30.3 in.)
NIO Console	880 mm (34.6 in.)	590 mm (23.2 in.)	840 mm (33 in.)

### 14.2.2 Lifting

Both vertical and horizontal lifting require professional riggers. The PMI should always notify CT engineering before attempting either lifting procedure and should make sure that the order includes the necessary lifting fixtures, as both vertical and horizontal fixtures must appear on the order for them to ship with the system.

If delivery requires vertical lifting, the PMI adds the appropriate identifier to the order. The gantry ships in a vertical lifting crate with lifting instructions for riggers.

If delivery requires horizontal lifting, the PMI adds the corresponding identifier to the order. The gantry ships in a horizontal lifting crate with lifting instructions for riggers.

#### 14.2.2.1 Stairway Deliveries

Stairways with angles at or less than 45 degrees can accommodate delivery of system components. If the site requires delivery through stairwells, the PMI adds the appropriate identifier to the order to ensure proper packaging of the system, and notifies CT engineering before attempting the procedure. The components ship attached to special lifting skids with lifting instruction for riggers.

### 14.2.3 Floor Protection

GE recommends floor protection along the delivery path from the dock/receiving area to scan room.

### 14.2.4 Un-loading and un-packing the System

Retain the packaging surrounding the following components:

- Console-Shipped on a shock resistant skid. Do not remove the skid.
- UPS-Shipped on a shock resistant skid. Do not remove the skid.

## 14.3 Dollies

### 14.3.1 Installations within the United States

Typically, domestic shipments (shipments within the United States) involve the use of dollies for moving the gantry, table, and console. After completing installation, return the dollies to GE using the shipping document found in Box #1.

### 14.3.2 Zero Clearance Dollies

Deliveries involving small elevators with a depth of at least 2692 mm (106 in.) require zero clearance dollies. Zero clearance dollies allow movement of the gantry in tight areas; avoid using them for normal dock or van deliveries. To order zero clearance dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

### 14.3.3 Tilting Table Dollies

Deliveries involving small elevators with a depth of at least 2438 mm (96 in.) require tilting table dollies. If storing the system prior to installation, do not order tilt dollies. If you are unable to obtain tilt dollies for delivery, substitute riggers in their place. A limited number of tilt dollies exist for U.S. deliveries. To order tilt dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

### 14.3.4 Installations Outside of the United States

Customers may purchase dollies (B7850LD) for shipments outside of the United States. After removing the system from the crates, DO NOT return dollies shipped outside of the US to GE Healthcare in Milwaukee, WI, USA. Instead, forward them to the local GE office or warehouse.

Zero Clearance and Tilting Table dollies can be purchased through UMI, To buy tilt dollies, go to: <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

## 14.4 Gantry Delivery Considerations

### 14.4.1 Gantry Shipping State

The gantry is shipped with most covers installed, and the assembly is mounted between two dollies (see [Figure 14-1 Gantry Shipping Dollies with Side Rails on page 159](#)). Two side rails are bolted to the dollies to stabilize dollies and protect the gantry. Use the dolly elevating casters to lift the gantry off its base and roll it into position.

**Figure 14-1 Gantry Shipping Dollies with Side Rails**

## 14.4.2 Door Openings

Unobstructed door openings, for moving equipment into the building, must measure 1400 mm X 2150 mm (55 in. X 85 in.) minimum. Routing through corridors with a width of 2800 mm (9 ft.) also prove helpful.

There are 4 options of Gantry considerations for delivery the system, all of them are fit with the minimum requirement. please consider the situation in fact:

### NOTE

Option **1)** and **2)**, we define the gantry as the primary point, so the corridor must be fit with gantry.

Option **3)** and **4)**, we define the corridor as the primary point, use a reference and fixed data of corridor.

1. 42" door with 120" corridor (dollies on, side rails removed)
2. 52" door with 125" corridor (dollies on, side rails on)
3. 55" door with 96" corridor (dollies on, side rails removed)
4. 68" door with 96" corridor (dollies on, side rails on)

If you cannot meet the above specifications on side, you can order the Zero clearance dollies from <http://www.umi-dollyshop.com>.

## 14.4.3 Elevator Requirements

When moving the gantry from the receiving location to the scanning room, pay special attention to elevator size and capacity. Removing side rails and one dolly after placing the gantry in the elevator reduces the gantry width/length and elevator depth requirements.

Due to gantry component weight differences all weights listed below are averages. This change can measure  $\pm 18.14$  kg ( $\pm 40$  lb). Contact the elevator manufacturer if the gantry weight exceeds elevator capacity (see [Table 14-2 Size of Gantry & Dollies, with and without Side Rails on page 160](#)).

**Table 14-2 Size of Gantry & Dollies, with and without Side Rails**

Configuration	Length	Width	Height	Weight
Dollies On, Side Rails On	3100 mm (122 in.)	1290 mm (51 in.)	2030 mm (80 in.)	2016 kg (4445 lb)
Dollies On, Side Rails Removed	3100 mm (122 in.)	1013 mm (39.9 in.)	2030 mm (80 in.)	1993 kg (4395 lb)
Dollies Off, Covers Off	2160 mm (85 in.)	860 mm (34 in.)	1870 mm (73 in.)	1655 kg (3648 lb)

The minimum hallway and door size for a gantry with covers and dollies attached, but side rails removed, is 1016 mm (40 in.). For alternative lifting arrangements and instructions, contact GE Installation Support Services.

## 14.5 Table Delivery Considerations

The table is shipped without side covers installed. Covers are shipped in four separate boxes. The table is mounted between two dollies.

Table shipping dimensions are 3200 mm (126 in.) long, 650 mm (25.6 in.) wide, and 1200 mm (47.2 in.) high.

**Table 14-3 Table Dimensions with/without Dollies**

	Length		Width		Height		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
High Capacity Table w/ Dollies	2997	118	762	30	1143	45	639	1407
High Capacity Table w/o Dollies	2997	118	660	26	889	35	507	1117
GT1700 w/ Dollies	2489	98	762	30	1143	45	607	1337
GT1700 w/o Dollies	2489	98	660	26	889	35	475	1046

**Table 14-4 Table Dollies Dimensions**

	Length		Width		Height		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
High Capacity Table Tilting	762	30	762	30	889	35	136	300
GT1700 Tilting	762	30	762	30	889	35	132	291

**Table 14-5 Table Elevator Delivery Dimensions**

	Length		Width		Height		Weight	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	lb
High Capacity Table - Tilting (approx. dimensions)	2489~2921	98~115	660	26	1778~2032	70~80	636	1400
GT1700	2489	98	762	30	1143	45	602	1325

## 14.6 Console Delivery Considerations

**TIO Console:**

True-In-One console has no table top. FWS table is shipped with the True-In- One console.

The dimensions of the console alone (as shipped) are 740mm (29 in.) deep, 470 mm (19 in.) wide, and 640mm (25 in.) high.

**NIO Console:**

The console is shipped without covers installed. The covers are delivered in the Product Grade Collector.

The dimensions of the console alone (as shipped) measure 832 mm (33 in.) deep, 470 mm (19 in.) wide, and 656 mm (26 in.) high.

**Open Console:**

The console is open chassis console without covers installed.

The dimensions of the console alone (as shipped) measure: 671 mm (26.4 in.) deep, 400 mm (15.7 in.) wide, and 576 mm (22.7 in.) high.

## 14.7 Storage Requirements

**NOTICE**

Failure to adhere to storage requirements can result in equipment damage.

### 14.7.1 Short-term Storage (Less than Six Months)

If storing the CT system before installation for less than six months, store it in a temperature- and humidity-controlled warehouse. Protect it from weather, dirt, and dust. Meeting the following requirements prevents rust and corrosion from forming on bearing surfaces due to condensation:

- Storage temperature should not exceed 0° to 30° C (32° to 86° F).
- Maintain relative humidity (non-condensing) up to 70%.
- Maximum rate of relative humidity change measures 5%/hr.
- Maximum rate of temperature change measures 3° C/hr. (5° F/hr.)

**NOTICE**

Between delivery qualifies as short-term storage. Van storage must meet the same specifications listed above.

### 14.7.2 Construction-Site Storage

When storing the CT system at a construction site be sure to adhere to the following storage requirements:

- Do not damage or puncture the shipping crate.
- Do not remove packaging until all construction is completed at the site and all dust created by the construction is removed.
- Maintain a storage temperature within the range of 10° to 32° C (50° to 90° F).
- Maintain a relative humidity (non-condensing) between 20% and 70%.

## 14.8 Extreme Temperature Delivery and Storage



### CAUTION

Failure to adhere to extreme temperature requirements during delivery and storage can result in equipment damage.

Avoid extreme temperatures during system transportation and delivery.

Extreme temperatures consist of temperatures below  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $0^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), or above  $49^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $120^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), without humidity control.

When transporting the CT system, prevent extended exposure of the system to temperatures or humidity outside of the following specifications:

- Up to two weeks duration
- Temperature:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-40^{\circ}$  to  $+158^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
- Humidity: 10% to 100%, including condensing
- Altitude: -1,800ft to 18,000ft

### NOTICE

Component freezing occurs when exposing the CT system to temperatures below  $-18^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $0^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) for a period longer than two (2) days. Allow a minimum of 12 hours for the CT system to adjust to ambient room temperature prior to installation.

## Chapter 15 Handling Requirements

Communicate the information in this chapter to any personnel who will transport, move, or otherwise handle the system components during transportation and delivery of the system.

### 15.1 Transportation

To avoid dropping the gantry, it is recommended that the system is transported from GE to the facility of the installation site, shipping dock-to-dock in a van. However, facilities without a loading dock may transport the system using liftgate or flatbed trucks, provided that no dropping or mis-handling of the system occurs. These methods involve unloading system components from the truck and then rolling them across SMOOTH sidewalks or other paved surfaces.

### 15.2 Handling Requirements

The design of the system does not tolerate dropping, shock, vibration, tipping, or hoisting. Be sure to communicate these handling requirements to all parties involved in transporting, moving, and handling system components.

#### 15.2.1 Avoid Dropping

Never drop the gantry, console, table, or PDU. A drop from a height greater than 13 mm (0.5 in.) may cause structural damage to the frame or other major components. Damage resulting from a drop (e.g., bent frame, misalignment) may not become apparent until after the system is installed.

#### 15.2.2 Avoid Shocks and Vibrations

The design of the system, including the gantry, console, table, and PDU, does not tolerate excessive shock or vibration, which may occur during unloading. For example, rolling the console across a "washboard" style ramp may vibrate components, causing loose or broken connections. Damage resulting from shock or vibration (e.g., monitor, CD-ROM, hard-drive, or console failure) may not become evident until after the system is installed.

#### 15.2.3 Avoid Tipping

All system components must remain upright at all times; avoid tipping them. Move the gantry by rolling it on its dollies ONLY, do NOT hoist it. Avoid tipping or lifting the gantry when moving it through hallways, doorways, elevators, etc.

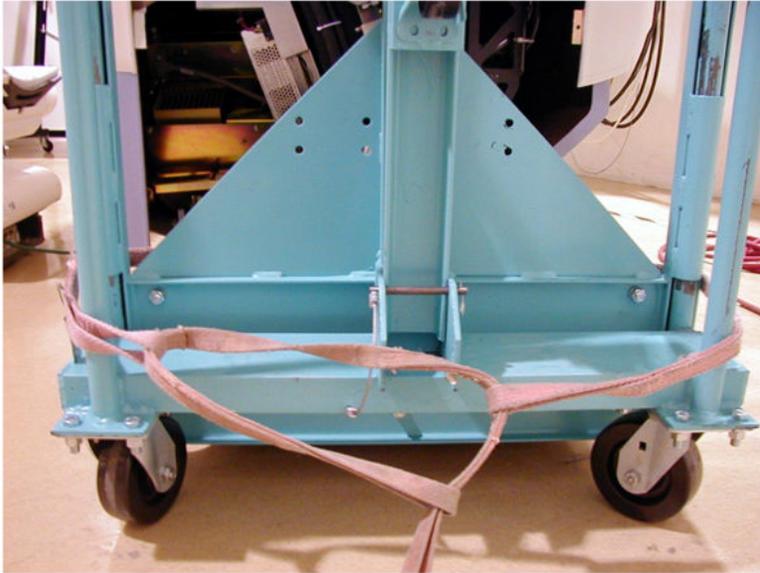
#### **NOTICE**

Lifting the gantry requires engineering approval for each occurrence. Your GE PMI should contact CT Engineering for all special lifting requirements, as unauthorized gantry lifting can cause gantry bearing damage.

## 15.2.4 Inclines and Flat-bed Truck Removal

Inclines and Flat-bed Truck Removal wrecker, attach the straps to the LOWEST possible point on the dolly, and lower the gantry at the SLOWEST reasonable rate, (see [Figure 15-1 Proper Gantry Strap Location](#) on page 164).

**Figure 15-1 Proper Gantry Strap Location**



 **WARNING**



SOME ASSEMBLIES MAY BE TOP-HEAVY. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TIP!

# Appendix A Regulatory Clearances for US

## A.1 Regulations

Review all codes in your area prior to your installation date. US customers should consider these codes:

- 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA)
- NFPA 70E (Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace)
- NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code)
- Americans with Disabilities Act

### NOTICE

**All systems installed within the United States and United States territories, and within United States government facilities, regardless of country, must comply with all United States Federal and local regulations. All systems installed outside the United States must comply with either the national, state, or local regulatory clearance requirements for the country in which the installation occurs, or US Federal regulations, whichever is greater.**

## A.2 Clearance Requirements

A map of clearance requirements necessary for proper operation and servicing of the system is provided in below figures.

### NOTE

A similar map of detailed dimensional clearance measurements necessary for safe servicing of the system is provided in [Figure 5-1 Minimum Service Clearances on page 39](#).

### NOTICE

The maps and dimensions shown in this manual depict the required clearances for proper equipment operation and service only. The customer/ purchaser is responsible for federal, state, and local codes regarding facility egress and related facility requirements.

### NOTICE

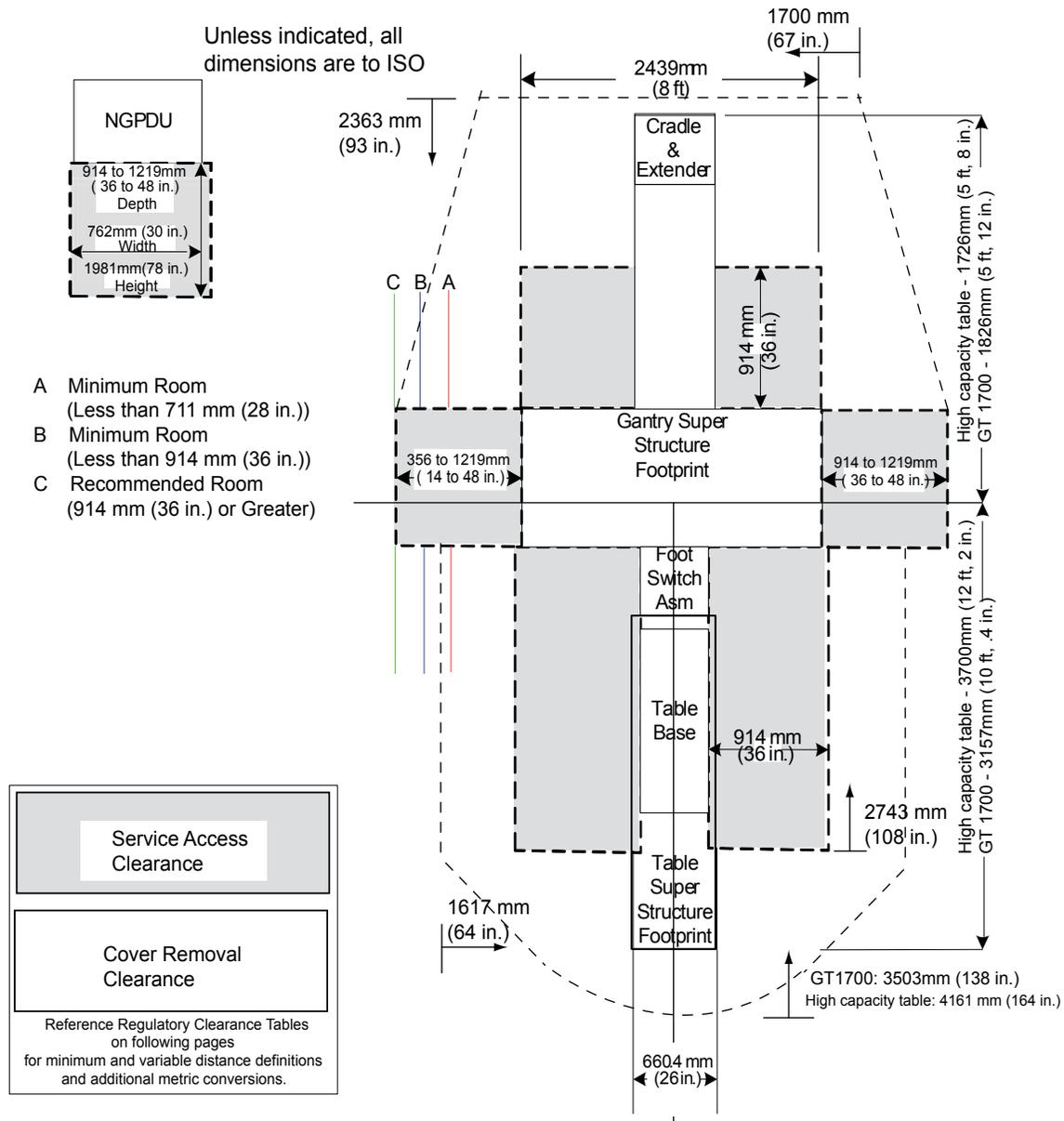
The use of alternate layouts puts severe limitations on space for patient care and work flow. Customer approval of site drawings signifies customer agreement to these limitations.

### Condition References

There are three possible minimum service space requirements based on the construction of the wall directly adjacent to the side of the gantry. The following three conditions determine the minimum space requirement that would apply to the room based on the special conditions of the wall:

- **Condition 1** If the side of the system being serviced is directly facing an ungrounded surface of wall without live voltage panels and without surface mounted ducts or conduits the minimum space requirement is 914 mm (36 in).
- **Condition 2** If side of the system being serviced is directly facing a grounded surface of wall the minimum space requirement is 1067 mm (42 in).
- **Condition 3** If the side of the system being serviced is directly facing a surface of wall with live voltage panels, surface mounted ducts, or conduits the minimum space requirement is 1219 mm (48 in).

**Figure A-1 Regulatory Clearance Requirements for System Configuration**



## A.3 Minimum Regulatory Workspace Clearances by Major Subsystem

Note the following when referring to the tables below:

- These requirements apply to equipment operating at 600 V or less, where examination, adjustment, servicing, or maintenance is likely to be performed with live parts exposed.
- The customer MUST maintain the required regulatory clearance distances and may NOT use these area for storage. This applies during normal system operation as well as during service inspection and maintenance.
- Direction of Service Access refers to a direction perpendicular to the surface of the equipment serviced.

**Table A-1 CONSOLE – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (front and rear of console)	Not applicable. (no exposed live part hazards.)	
Service Access Width (front and back of work-space)		Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) or the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

**NOTE**

Distances are measured to the finished covers.

**Table A-2 PDU – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of PDU)	914 mm (36 in.)	1219 mm (48 in) if exposed live parts of 151-600 Volts are present on both sides of the work-space with the operator between. 1067 mm (42 in) if the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151-600 Volts are present.
Service Access Width (Front of Work-space)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) or the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

**NOTE**

For the Gantry and Table, distances are measured from the finished covers.

**Table A-3 GANTRY – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (All Sides)	914 mm (36 in.)	1219 mm (48 in), if exposed live parts of 151-600 V are present on both sides of the work-space with the operator between. 1067 mm (42 in), if the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151-600 V are present.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of the working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) of the height of the equipment, whichever is greater.

**Table A-4 TABLE – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Table Head)	not applicable	
Direction of Service Access (Table Sides)	914 mm (36 in.)	Can be reduced to 711 mm (28 in) provided the local team obtains written and signed approval from the local AHJ (Authority Having Jurisdiction). GE must have the signed document on file.
Direction of Service Access (Table Foot)	711 mm (28 in.)	457 mm (18 in.) minimum for Front Gantry Cover removal, only if an unobstructed egress space of 711 mm (28 in.) exists around the equipment for room exit, and no trip hazards exist along the path of egress.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

**Table A-5 UPS – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of UPS)	914 mm (36 in.)	There are no exposed live part hazards with the cover in place. This component is typically serviced from the front with access to the rear. * If exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1219 mm (48 in.) is required on both sides of the workspace with the operator between. * If the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1067 mm (42 in.) is required.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in.) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.

**Table A-5 UPS – Minimum Workspace Clearances** (Table continued)

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

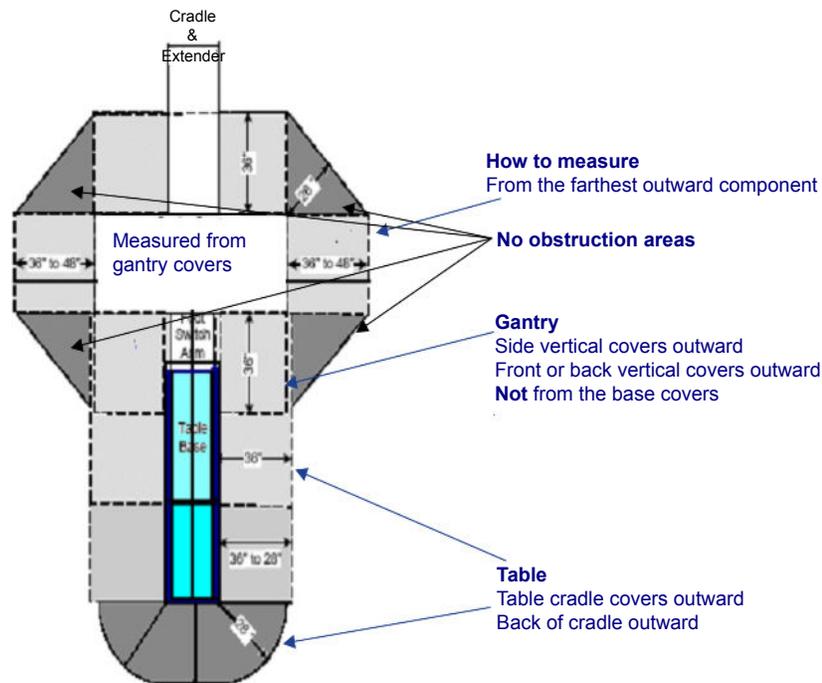
**Table A-6 A1/MDP – Minimum Workspace Clearances**

Workspace Requirement	Minimum Clear Space	Additional Conditions
Direction of Service Access (Front of A1/MDP Disconnect)	914 mm (36 in.)	There are no exposed live part hazards with the cover in place. This component is typically serviced from the front with access to the rear. * If exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1219 mm (48 in.) is required on both sides of the workspace with the operator between. * If the opposite wall is grounded and exposed live parts of 151 - 600 volts are present, 1067 mm (42 in.) is required.
Service Access Width (Left-Right of Workspace)	762 mm (30 in.)	Refers to the width of working space in front of equipment. 762 mm (30 in.) minimum or the equipment width, whichever is greater.
Head Clearance	1981 mm (78 in.)	Refers to the height of the work-space measured from the floor at the front edge of the equipment to the ceiling or any overhead obstructions. 1981 mm (78 in) minimum or the equipment height, whichever is greater.

## A.4 How to Measure

Figure below offers guidance on the proper way to measure to check minimum regulatory clearances.

**Figure A-2 Measuring Minimum Regulatory Clearances**



### ⚠ CAUTION



#### REGULATORY CAUTION

All system installations, relocations, and moves, require site prints. The CT room layout shall match the layout shown on your site print and meet all regulatory requirements described in the installation manual. Additional room components, such as cabinets and sinks, reduce room size. Consequently, equipment not shown on the site print may void the caution statement, making the room NON-COMPLIANT. Actual site measurements obtained by the mechanical installer before installation determines room size and compliance.

### ⚠ CAUTION



#### OPERATIONAL CAUTION

In the minimum room layout (356 mm to 686 mm [14 in. to 27 in.]) the customer should consider workflow, customer access for patient care, and critical-care operations space requirements. Additionally, this layout may offer only limited equipment access on the gantry left side when loading patients or when positioning patient equipment in the room between the gantry and the wall.

## A.5 NEC Conduit and Duct Fill Rate

Full operation, service, and safety of the system requires the maintenance of sufficient regulatory and service clearances around equipment.

Cable length is an important consideration in room layout. The system ships with standard (short) length cables, with a set of longer cables available as an option. Refer to the electrical page of your GE site print for the specific requirements of your site. The following rules govern cable usage for the system:

- When possible, use the rear cable cover assembly to let cables enter the gantry from the rear.
- Do not cut or otherwise shorten long cables.
- Do not store excess cable length behind the operator console, gantry, or PDU.
- Store excess cable in wall or floor ducts, if desired, provided that sufficient space exists. Refer to NEC code to determine cable fill rates for conduits and ducts.
- All installed systems shall comply with NFPA 70-E Electrical Regulations governing conduit or duct fill.

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