



FEEDER TABLE

FEEDER TABLE – MILLENNIUM/OPTIMA NX/GENIE

- o CALCULATIONS BASED UPON NOMINAL VOLTAGE, WIRE SIZE IN AWG.
- o RECOMMENDED FEEDER SIZES FROM POWER SOURCE TO CAMERA OUTLET.
- o THE GROUNDING CONDUCTOR WILL BE THE SAME SIZE AS THE POWER FEEDER. THIS GROUND WILL RUN FROM THE EQUIPMENT BACK TO THE FACILITY POWER SOURCE/MAIN GROUNDING POINT AND ALWAYS TRAVEL IN THE SAME CONDUIT WITH THE FEEDERS AND NEUTRAL.
- o FOR A FULL SYSTEM UPS REFER TO ELECTRICAL DETAILS FOR UPS FEEDER WIRES.

RUN LENGTH IN FEET	POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE				
	90-110 100 (50 Hz)	110-130 115 (60 Hz)	180-210 200 (50 Hz)	210-240 220 (50 Hz)	220-260 240 (50 Hz)
	SIZE OF FEEDERS AND GROUND WIRES (AWG)				
50	10	12	12	12	12
100	8	8	12	12	12
150	4	6	12	12	12
200	4	6	10	12	12
250	3	4	8	10	10

REV. DATE: 02/25/06

POWER SPECIFICATIONS

MILLENNIUM/GENIE SYSTEMS

(REV. DATE 10/08/98)

VOLTAGE

PRIMARY DEDICATED SINGLE PHASE SOURCE IS REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS. RANGE OF LINE VOLTAGES: NOMINAL LINE VOLTAGE OF 115-V 60 Hz OR 100-V, 200-V, 220-V, 240-V 50 Hz.

MAXIMUM DAILY VOLTAGE VARIATION MUST FALL WITHIN ONE OF THE RANGES IN TABLE A.

TABLE A
ALLOWABLE
INPUT
VOLTAGES/
CURRENT
DEMAND

NOMINAL VOLTAGE	ABSOLUTE RANGE	MAXIMUM CURRENT (AMPS)	* MINIMUM STANDARD OVERCURRENT PROTECTION
100	90-110	13	20-A
115	110-130	11	15-A
200	180-210	7	15-A
220	210-240	6	15-A
240	220-260	5.5	10-A

* CIRCUIT BREAKERS SHOULD HAVE A TIME DELAY OF GREATER THAN ONE SECOND TO WITHSTAND SWITCH-ON SURGE.

TRANSIENT

VOLTAGES MUST BE WITHIN 3 PERCENT OF THE LOWEST VOLTAGE. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE TRANSIENT VOLTAGE EXCURSIONS ARE 5 PERCENT OF RATED LINE VOLTAGE AT A MAXIMUM DURATION OF 5 CYCLES AND FREQUENCY OF 10 TIMES PER HOUR.

VOLTAGE TRANSIENT OR IMPULSE ON THE INCOMING POWER MUST BE HELD TO A MINIMUM. TRANSIENTS CAUSED BY LIGHTNING, SURGES, LOAD SWITCHING, STATIC ELECTRICITY ETC. CAN CAUSE SCAN ABORTS OR, IN EXTREME INSTANCES, COMPONENT FAILURE IN THE COMPUTER SUBSYSTEM.

THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE TRANSIENT AMPLITUDE IS 2.5 TIMES THE RMS LINE VOLTAGE. (FILTERS MAY BE REQUIRED IF TRANSIENT LEVEL EXCEEDS THIS VALUE.)

REGULATION

POWER SUPPLY REGULATION MUST BE 4 PERCENT OR BETTER.

POWER SUPPLY TEST

IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE POWER SUPPLY BE MONITORED TO ASCERTAIN THE AVERAGE LINE VOLTAGE, SURGES, SAGS, IMPULSES AND FREQUENCY OF THE SUPPLY VOLTAGE. THE ANALYSIS OF A SIMULATED LOAD, USING A POWER SYSTEMS ANALYZER CAPABLE OF THE ABOVE SPECIFICATIONS, SHOULD BE CARRIED OUT OVER A CONTINUOUS SEVEN DAY PERIOD PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. THE RESULTS OF THIS ANALYSIS SHOULD BE REVIEWED WITH THE LOCAL SERVICE REPRESENTATIVE TO DETERMINE WHETHER A VOLTAGE/FREQUENCY STABILIZER, POWER LINE PROTECTOR OR FILTERS ARE REQUIRED TO BE INSTALLED BY THE PURCHASER, AS PART OF THE PREINSTALLATION WORK, TO COMPLY WITH THE ABOVE ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS.

EMERGENCY POWER

EMERGENCY POWER IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR THE SYSTEM. SERIOUS DISRUPTION OF EQUIPMENT OPERATION CAN RESULT FROM POWERLINE DISTURBANCES BY SWITCHING TO EMERGENCY POWER. IF CONTINUOUS OPERATION IS REQUIRED AN ON-LINE TYPE UPS IS RECOMMENDED. EMERGENCY POWER RECOMMENDED IS THE LIGHTING IN THE ROOM TO ALLOW SAFE EVACUATION OF THE PATIENT AND PERSONNEL.